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DATA OF ION EXCHANGE

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イオン交換データ集

日本原子力研究所ラジオアイソトープ・原子炉研修所

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(1977年6月28日受理)

イオン交換系における諸元素の挙動データを集め周期表の形の図で示した。図は30あり、イオン交換樹脂のほか無機イオン交換体、活性炭、シリカゲルの系のデータも含めた。

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Data of Ion Exchange

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Behavior of ion exchange of several elements are compiled as 30 figures in the sequence of periodic system. Exchangers are Dowex, Diaion and inorganic ion exchangers. Data of adsorption on charcoal and silica gel are also given.

Keywords: Ion exchange, Dowex 50, Dowex 1, Diaion, Zirconium phosphate, Adsorption, Charcoal, Silica gel, Data

Data of Ion Exchange

Ion exchange of metal complexes has been studied by many investigators from various point of view. Among these studies the part of theoretical was excellently compiled by Marcus and Kertes. They also gave some data of ion exchange together with those of solvent extraction in the style of Fig. 2, but the systems were not enough for general purpose. In this report more of the published data were compiled and illustrated in the figures that was more convenient to get situation at a glance. When data were originally given in tables, they were converted to the form of figures. The ion exchange systems taken were listed in Table 1. Some results on inorganic exchangers and adsorbents are also contained. In most cases the data were obtained by the radiochemical technique with radioactive tracers: the useful method to get data of many elements in a similar experimental conditions. Each figure was explained with reference, exchanger, aqueous phase, temperature, determination method of distribution ratio and analyses of elements. "Distribution ratio" was used here for the value defined as the amount of an element per gram exchanger/the amount of the element per milliliter of the aqueous phase, since the chemical species of an element in the resin phase should be different from that in the aqueous phase.

Data are represented in Figs. 1 - 30. Most of them are given in the sequence of the periodic system.

Table 1 List of Figures

No. of Fig.	Exchanger	Aq. phase	No. of Fig.	Exchanger	Aq. phase
1	Dowex 1, x10	HCl	17	Dowex 50, x4	HClO ₄
2	Dowex 1, x10	HCl	18	Diaion SKN-1	HCl
3	Dowex 1, x10	HNO ₃	19	Diaion SAN-1	HCl
4	Dowex 1, x10	HNO ₃	20	Diaion PA 316	HCl
5	Dowex 1, x8	HNO ₃	20	Diaion PK 216	HCl
6	Dowex 1, x10	HF	21	Diaion PA 306	NaCl
7	Dowex 1, x10	HF	22	Diaion PA 306	Na ₂ CO ₃
8	Dowex 1, x4	HF+HNO ₃	23	Diaion PA 306	Na ₂ SO ₄
9	Dowex 2, x8	H ₂ SO ₄ , H ₃ PO ₄	24	Ionite-C (Zr phosphate)	HNO ₃ , NH ₄ NO ₃
10	Dowex 1, x8	HAc	25	Silica gel	HNO ₃ , NH ₄ NO ₃
11	Dowex 1, x8	HAc, HAc+HNO ₃	26	Charcoal	HNO ₃ , NH ₄ NO ₃
12	Dowex 1, x8	thiocyanate	27	Zr phosphate	} pH 1, 3 and 5 by HNO ₃ or NH ₄ OH
13	Dowex 50, x4	HCl	28	Zr molybdate	
14	Dowex 50, x4	HCl	29	Zr tungstate	
15	Dowex 50, x4	HBr	30	Hydrous Zr oxide	
16	Dowex 50, x4	HClO ₄			

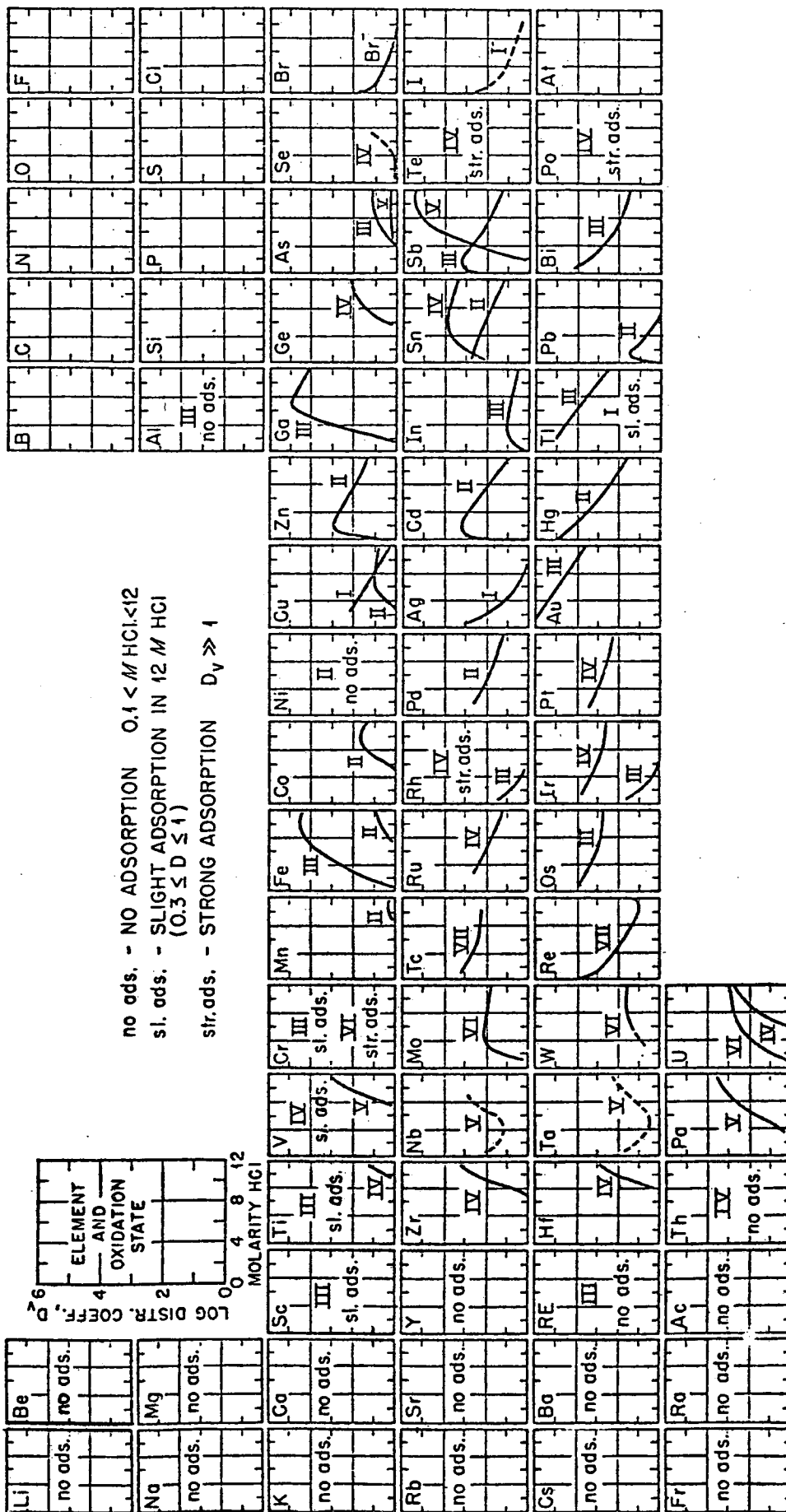


Fig. 1

Fig. 1 Dowex 1 - HCl system

Reference	Kraus K. A., Nelson F.: Proc. 1st Geneva Conf., <u>7</u> , 113 (1956), P/837
Exchanger	Quarternary amine polystyrene divinyl benzene resin, ca. 200 mesh, 10% DVB
Aq. phase	0.1 - 12M HCl
Equilibration	Column effluent analysis, column scanning and batch equilibration
Temp.	---
Loading	About 1%
Analysis	Measurement of radioactivity for 55 elements
Distribution ratio	Dv: amount per liter of wet resin/amount per liter of soln.
Separation	(Zr, Nb) J. Am. Chem. Soc., <u>73</u> , 4474 (1951) (U, Th) Bull. Chem. Soc. Japan, <u>29</u> , 78 (1956)
Appendix	1, Kraus K. A., Nelson F., Clough F. B., Carlston R. C.: J. Am. Chem. Soc., <u>77</u> , 1391 (1955); Mn(II) Kd=550 at 12M LiCl-0.1M HCl and Be(II) Kd=8 at 13M LiCl-0.1M HCl in Dowex 1 system 2, Bunny L. R., Ballou N. E., Pascaul J., Foti S.: Anal. Chem., <u>31</u> , 324 (1959); Data of Mo(VI), Ru, Pa, Nb, Zr, U(VI), Sr, Y, Ce(III), Th and Am in Dowex 2, x8, 200-400 mesh system

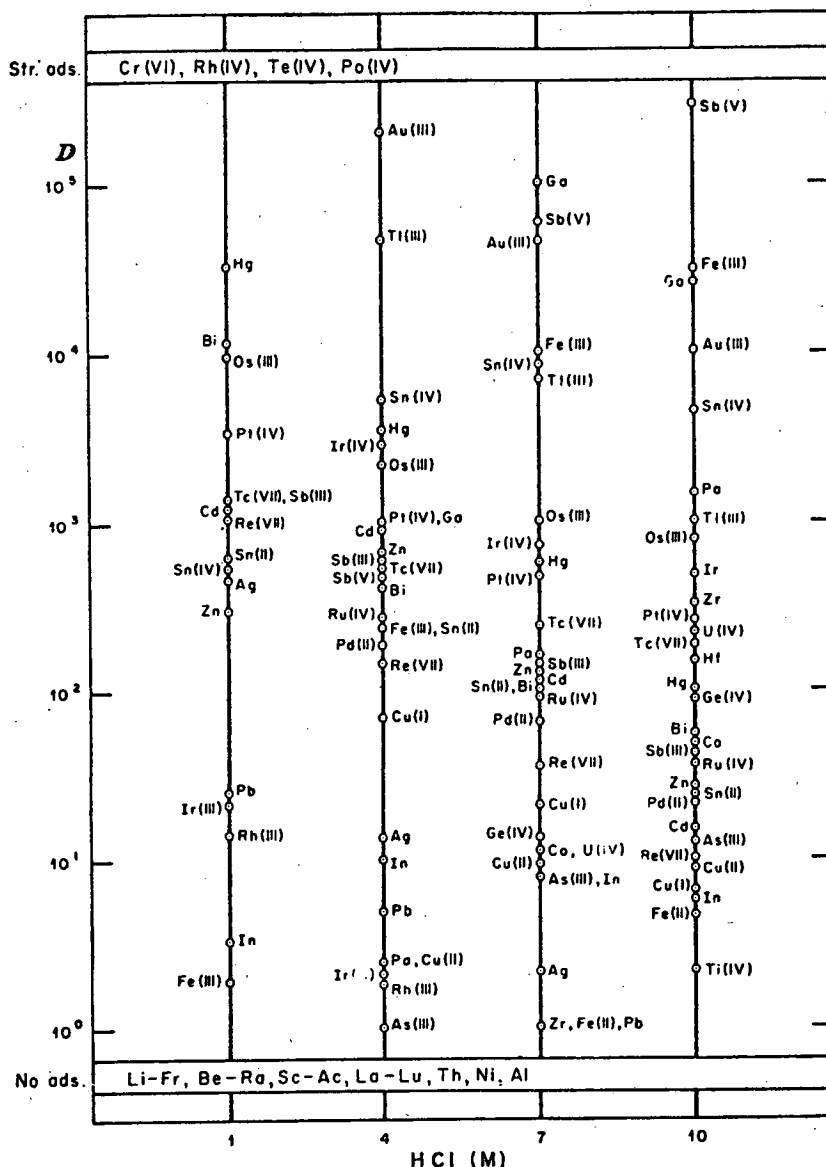


Fig. 2 Dowex 1 - HCl system

Reference Marcus K. A., Kertes A. S.: "Ion Exchange and Solvent Extraction of Metal Complexes", Wiley-Interscience, London, 940 (1969)

The other items are the same as Fig. 1.

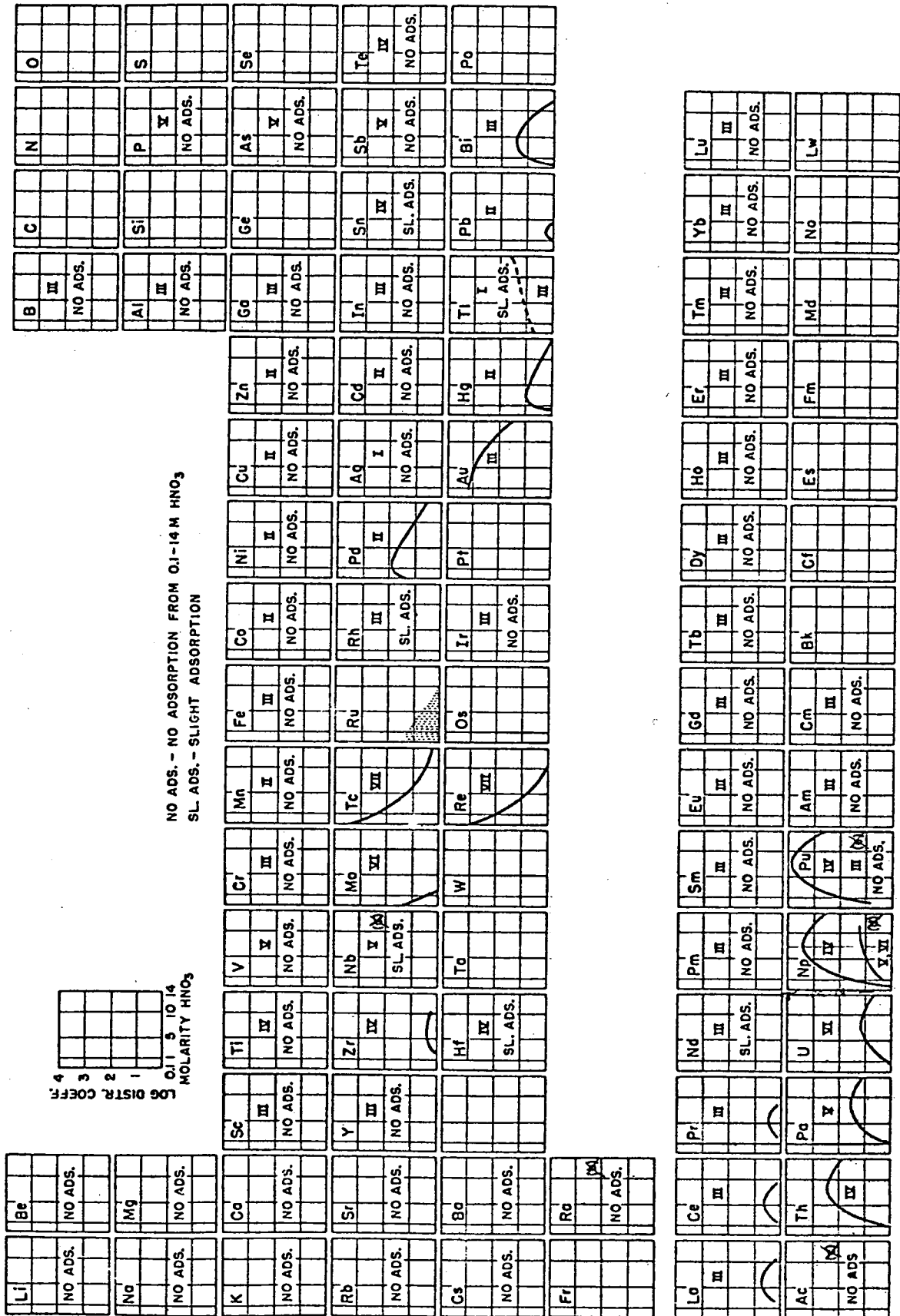


Fig. 3

Fig. 3 Dowex 1 - HNO₃ system

Reference	Faris J. P., Buchanan R. F.: ANL-6811 (1964)
Exchanger	Dowex 1, x-10, 200-400 mesh, Cl form dried at 100°C, weighed and converted to nitrate form, 3 meq.g ⁻¹
Aq. phase	0.1-14M HNO ₃ , exception(Np(IV) with 0.1M ferrous sulfamate)
Temp.	Room temp. (about 25°C)
Equilibration	Batch or column
Loading	Less than 1% capacity
Analysis	Emission spectrography or counting α, β, or γ radioactivity
Distribution ratio	concn. per gram dry resin/concn. per ml soln.
Appendix	Bunny L. R., Ballou N. E., Pascaul J., Foti S.: Anal. Chem., <u>31</u> , 324 (1959) Data of Zr, Nb, Mo(VI), Ru, Pa, Th, U(VI), Sr, Y, Ce and Am in Dowex 2, x8, 200-400 mesh system are given.

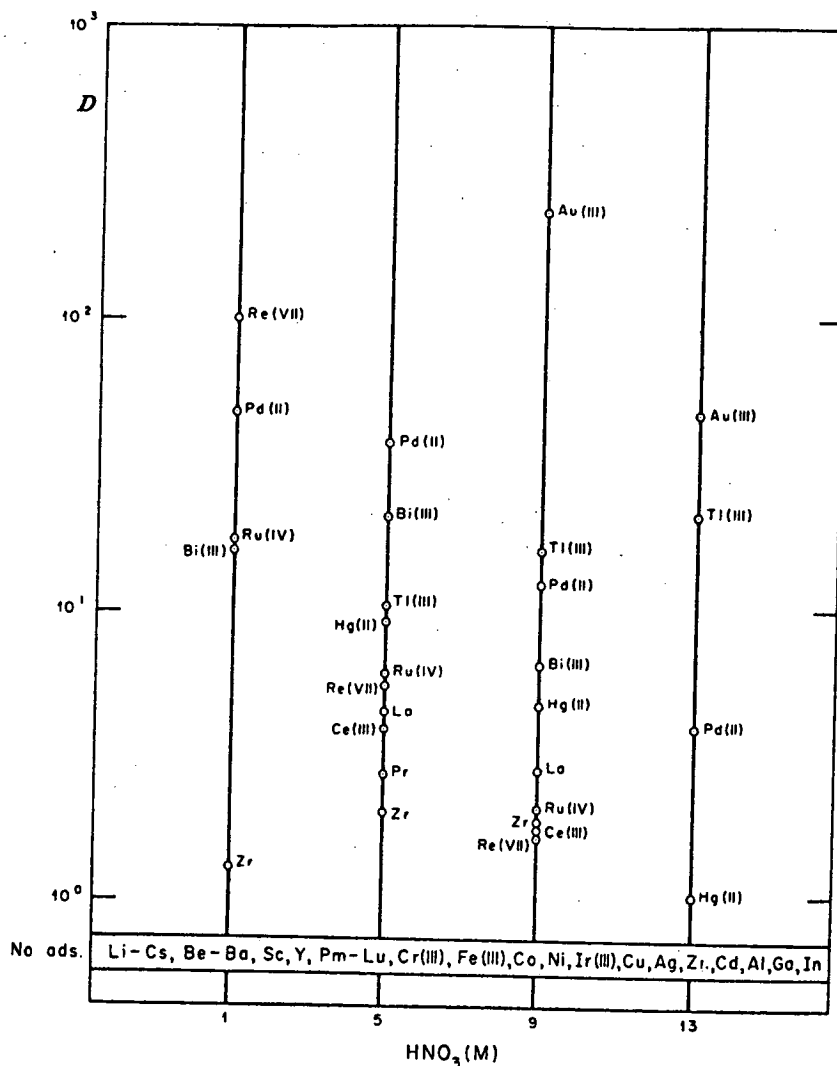


Fig. 4 Dowex 1 - HNO₃ system

Reference Marcus K. A., Kertes A. S.: "Ion Exchange and Solvent Extraction of Metal Complexes", Wiley-Interscience, London, 940 (1969)

The other items are the same as Fig. 3.

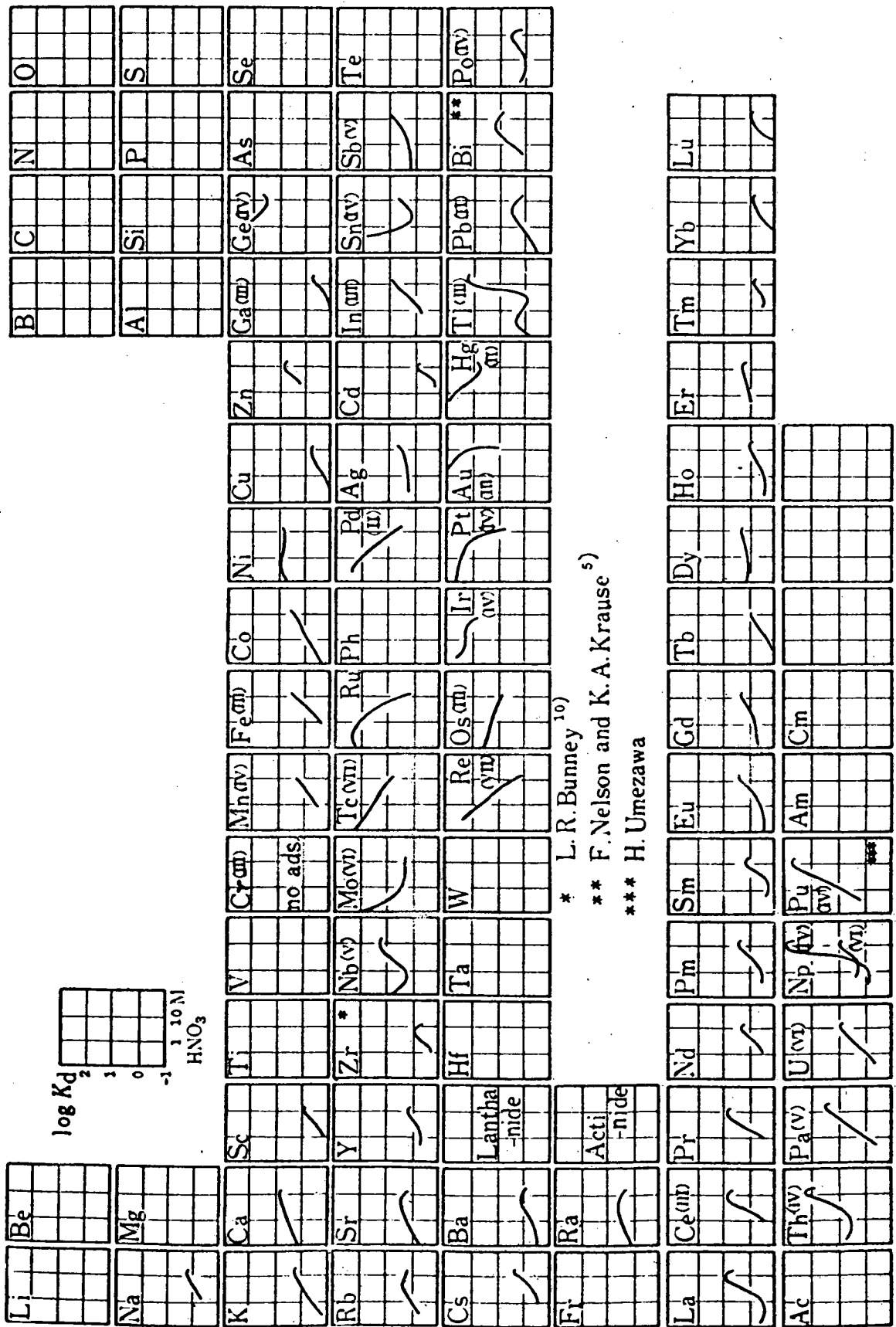


Fig. 5

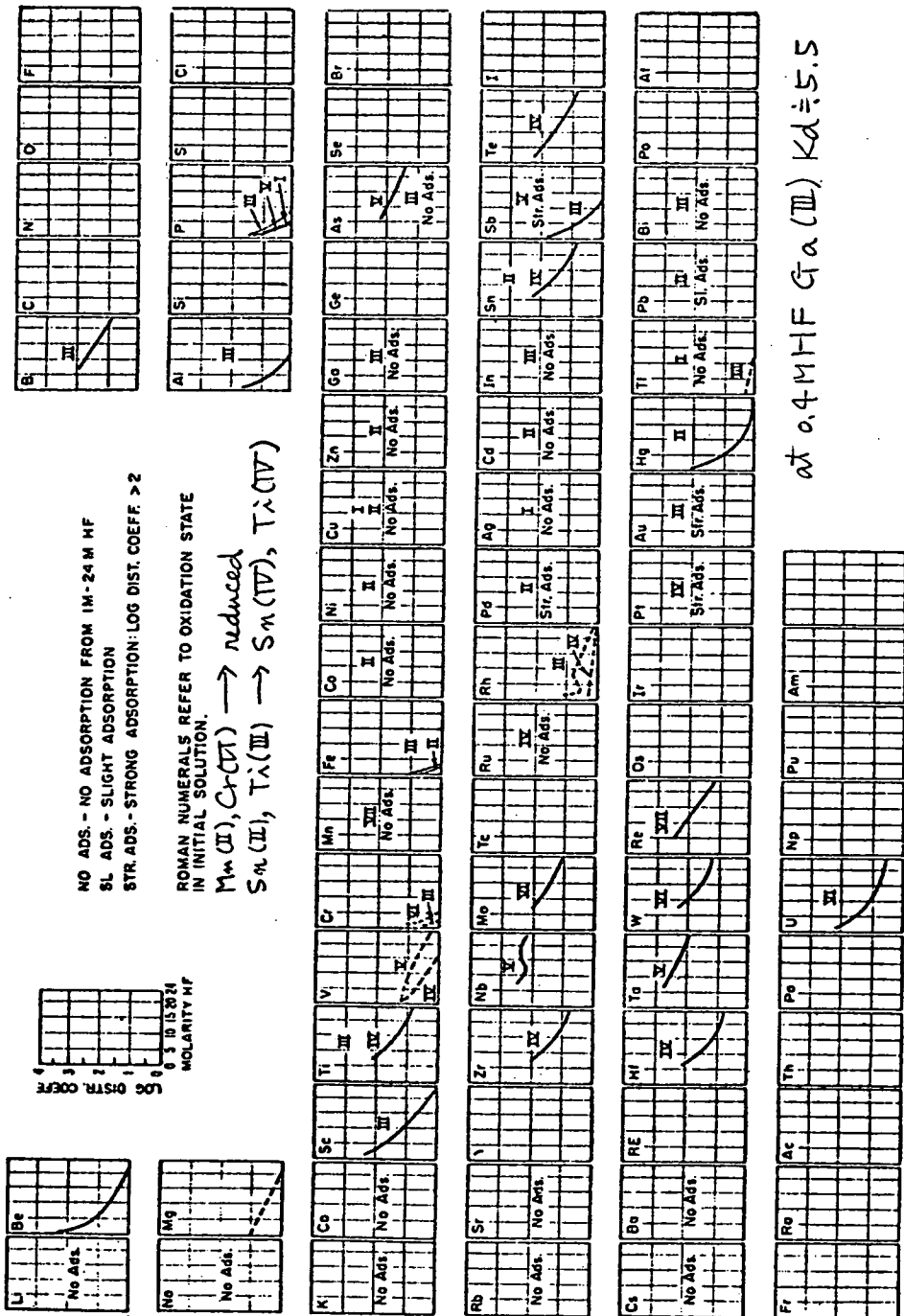


Fig. 6

Fig. 5 Dowex 1 - HNO₃ system

Reference Ichikawa F., Uruno S., Imai H.:Bull. Chem. Soc. Japan, 34,
952 (1961)

Exchanger Dowex 1, x8, 100-200 mesh, nitrate form

Aq. phase 0.1-14.5M HNO₃

Equilibration 24 hrs shaking of resin and aq. soln.

Temp. Room temp.

Loading Tracer

Analysis Radiometric

Distribution Kd; amount per g resin/amount per ml soln.
ratio

Separation (Np, F.P., U) Ichikawa F.:Bull. Chem. Soc. Japan,31, 778
(1958)

Fig. 6 Dowex 1 - HF system

Reference Faris J. P.:Anal. Chem., 32, 520 (1960)

Exchanger Dowex 1, x10, 200 mesh, fluoride form,
3 meq.g⁻¹

Aq. phase 24, 20, 16, 12, 8, 4, 2, 1M HF

Equilibration Column method

Temp. Room temp.

Loading 10-40 μg for 2.8g resin in most cases,
500 and 0.1 μg in the cases of phosphate
and beryllium

Analysis Spectrography by copper spark method

Distribution Kd, (number of column volume at the peak
ratio of elution curve) x (volume of liq. phase
in column/mass of resin)

Separation (Nb, Ta)

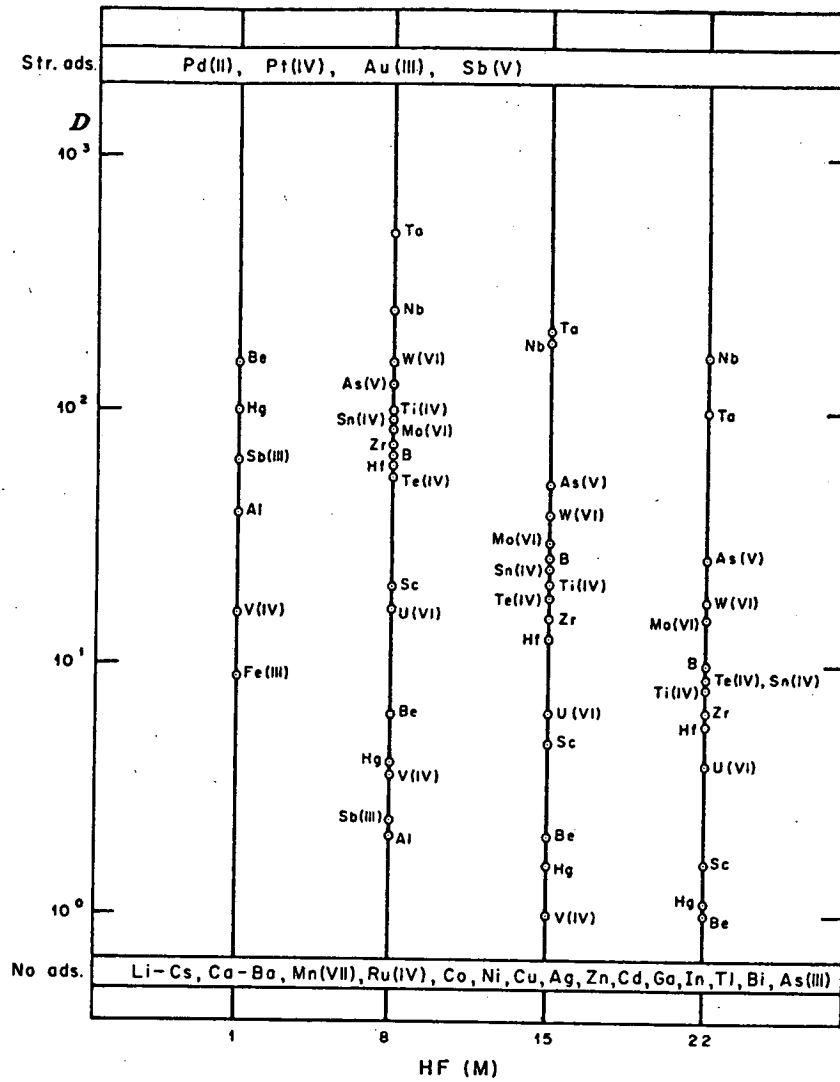


Fig. 7 Dowex 1 - HF system

Reference Marcus K. A., Kertes A. S.: "Ion Exchange and Solvent Extraction of Metal Complexes", Wiley-Interscience, London, 940 (1969)

The other items are the same as Fig. 6.

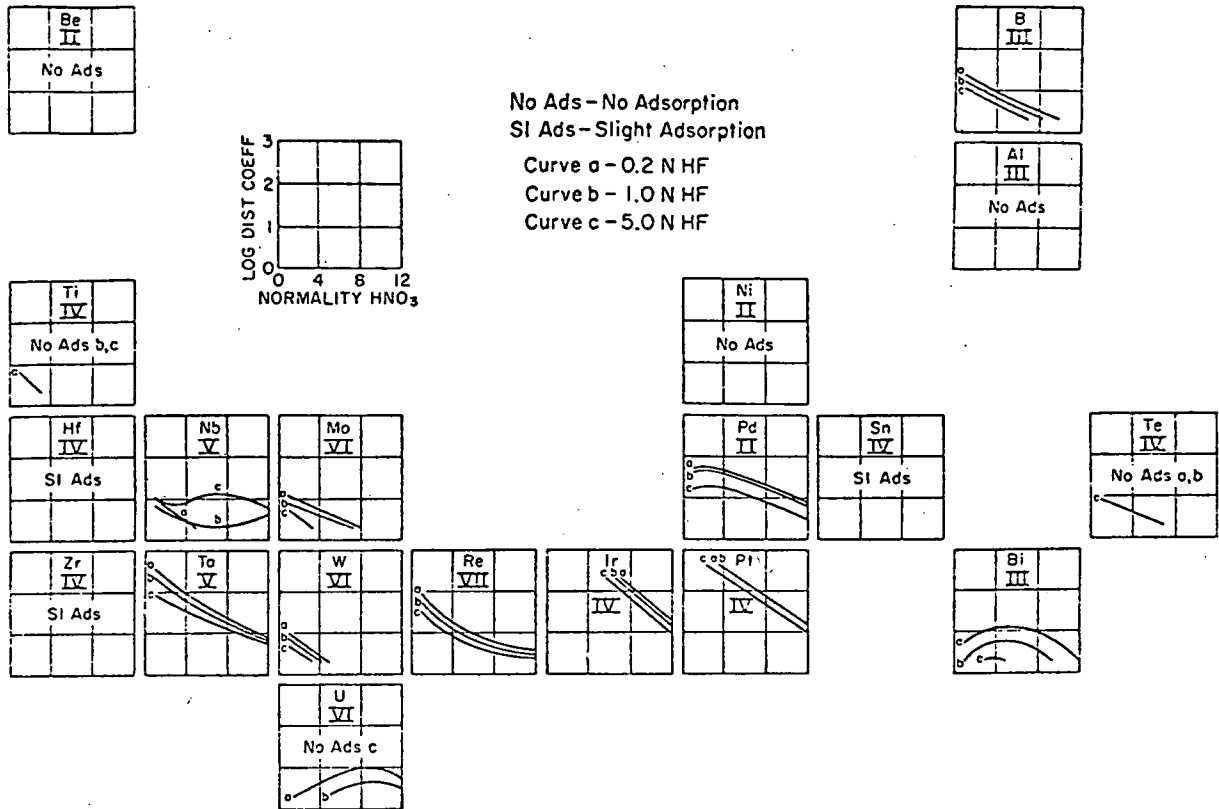


Fig. 8 Dowex 1 - HNO₃+HF system

Reference Huff E. A., Anal. Chem., 36, 1921 (1964)

Exchanger Dowex 1, x4, 100-200 mesh, nitrate form

Aq. phase 1, 3, 5, 8, 12M HNO₃ + 0.2, 1.0 or 5.0M HF

Equilibration Column method

Temp. ----

Loading 0.1 ml of 200-1000 $\mu\text{g}\cdot\text{ml}^{-1}$ soln. was used

Analysis Copper spark method

Distribution $K_d = V/m$

ratio V:the volume in milliliters at which an element appears at its maximum concentration(corrected for the interstitial column volume)

m:the weight of the dry resin in grams

Separation Impurities in Tantalum

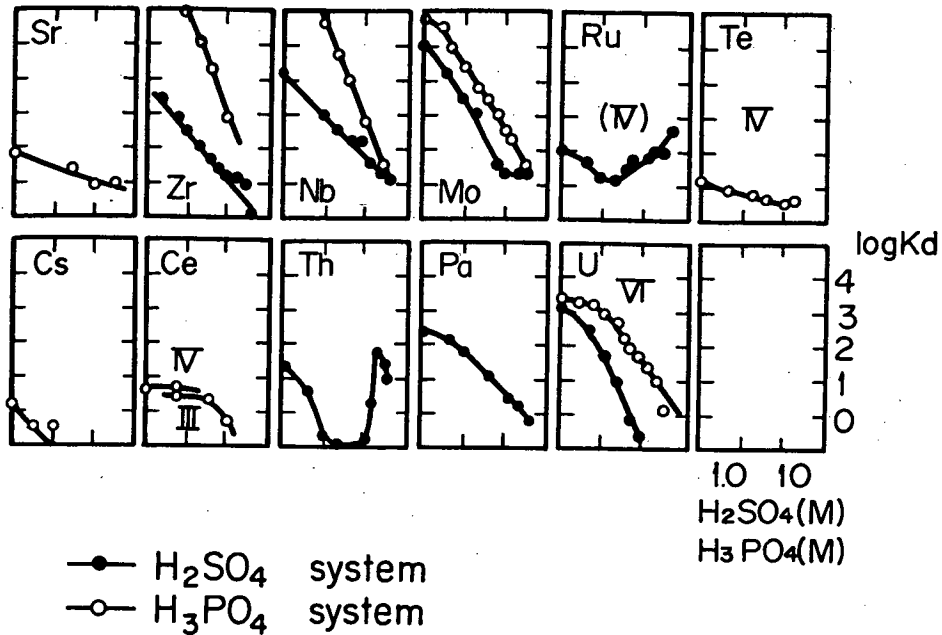


Fig. 9 Dowex 2 - H₂SO₄ and H₃PO₄ systems

Reference	Bunny L. R., Ballou N. Freiling E. C., Pascaul E., Pascaul J., Foti S.:Anal. Chem., <u>31</u> , 324 (1959)	J., Delucchi A. A.:Anal. Chem., <u>31</u> , 330 (1959)
Exchanger	Dowex 2, x8, 200-400 mesh, sulfate form	Dowex 2, x8, 200-400 mesh, phosphate form
Aq. phase	0.1 -36M H ₂ SO ₄	0.1 - 30M H ₃ PO ₄
Equilibration	Batch method	Batch method, 18 hrs. shaking
Temp.	---	Room temp. (25 ± 2°C)
Loading	Trace - 0.04M metal ion	Trace
Analysis	Mo:spectrophotometry Th, U:Colorimetry Am, Ce, Sr, Zr, Nb, Pa and Ru:measurement of radioactivity	Measurement of radioactivity
Distribution ratio	Kd, amount of metal ion per gram of dry resin/amount of metal ion per ml. of soln.	radioactivity per gram of resin/radioactivity per ml. of soln.

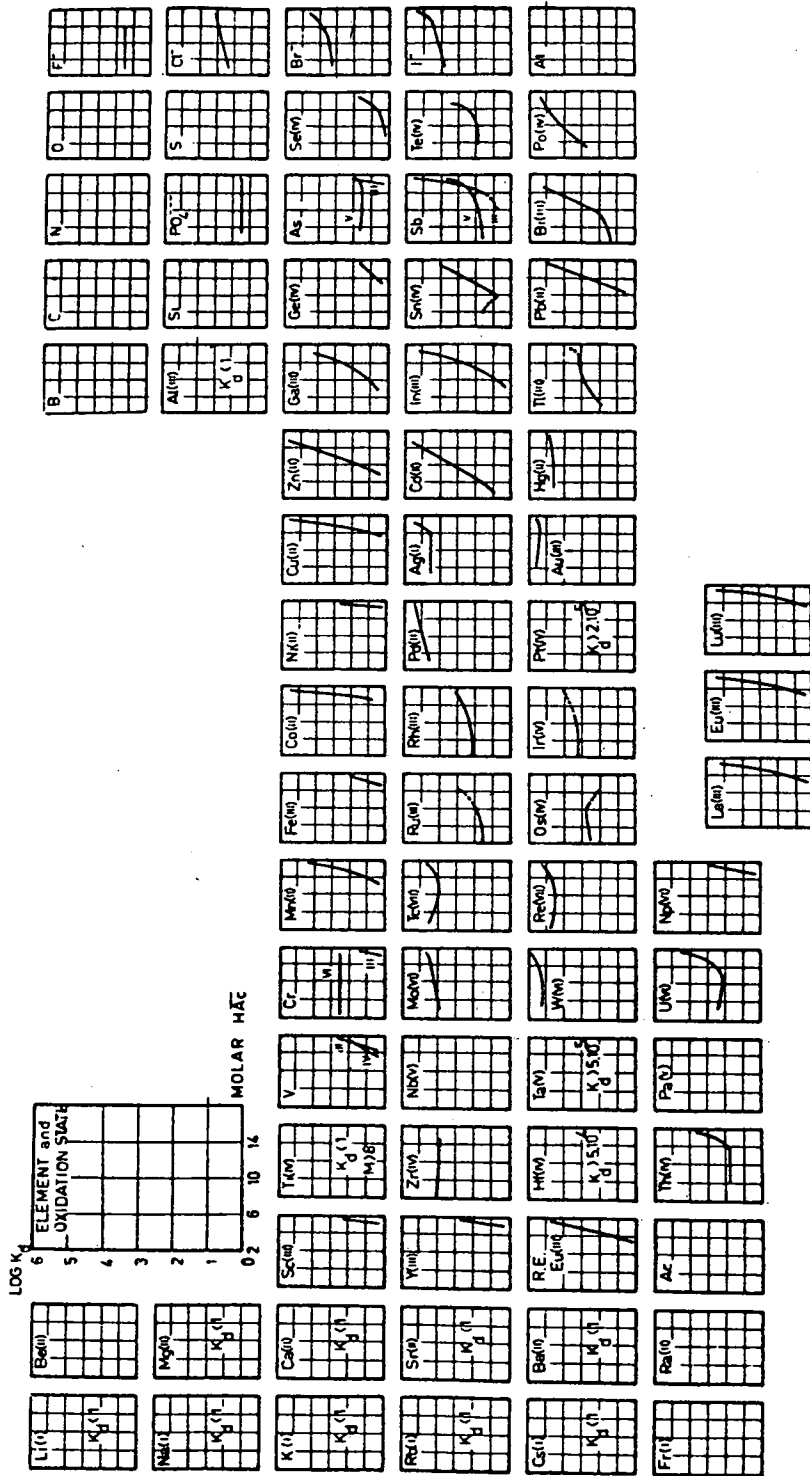


Fig. 10

Fig. 10 Dowex 1 - acetic acid system

Reference Van Den Winkel P., De Corte F., Hoste J.:Anal. Chim. Acta,
56, 241 (1971)

Exchanger Dowex 1, x8, 100-200 mesh, acetate form

Aq. phase 2-17.4M acetic acid

Equilibration Column elution or batch equilibration method

Temp. 25°C

Loading Less than 1%

Analysis Radiometric
 Ti,V,Nb:spectrophotometrically
 Ca:EGTA titration
 Li:atomic absorption
 F:electrode

Distribution Kd, amount of element per gram of dry resin/amount of element
 ratio per milliliter of soln.

Separation (Cu, Zn)(Mn, Cu, Zn)(Na, As(III), Cu)(U, Np)

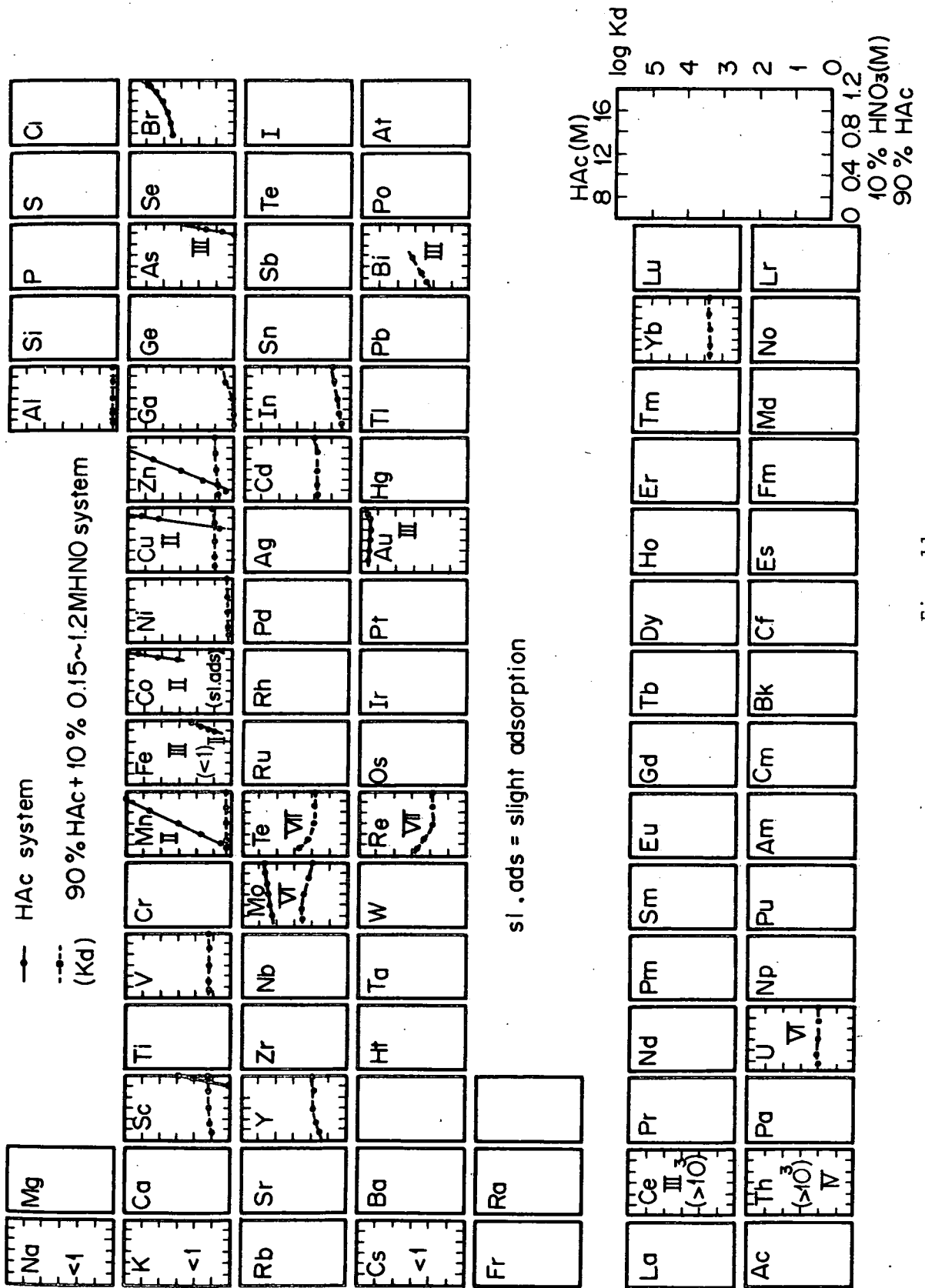


Fig. 11

Fig. 11. Dowex 1 - acetic acid and -acetic acid+nitric acid systems

Acetic acid system

Reference Van Den Winkel P., De Corte F., Speecke A., Hoste J.:Anal.
Chim. Acta, 42, 340 (1968)

Exchanger Dowex 1, x8, 100-200 mesh

Aq. phase 6-17.5M acetic acid

Distribution Kd amount of element per gram of dry resin/amount of
ratio element per milliliter of soln.

Acetic acid+nitric acid system

Reference Walter C. W., Korkisch J.:Mikrochim. Acta, 181(1971)

Exchanger Dowex 1, x8, 100-200 mesh, nitrate form

Aq. phase 90vol% acetic acid+ 10vol% 0.15, 0.3, 0.6, 0.9, 1.2M
nitric acid

Equilibration Batch method(10 hours shaking)

Analysis Radiometric, spectrophotometric, pptn. titration(Mo(VI))
and complexometric titration(U, V, Al, In, Ga)

Distribution μg element per gram resin/ μg element per milliliter soln.
ratio

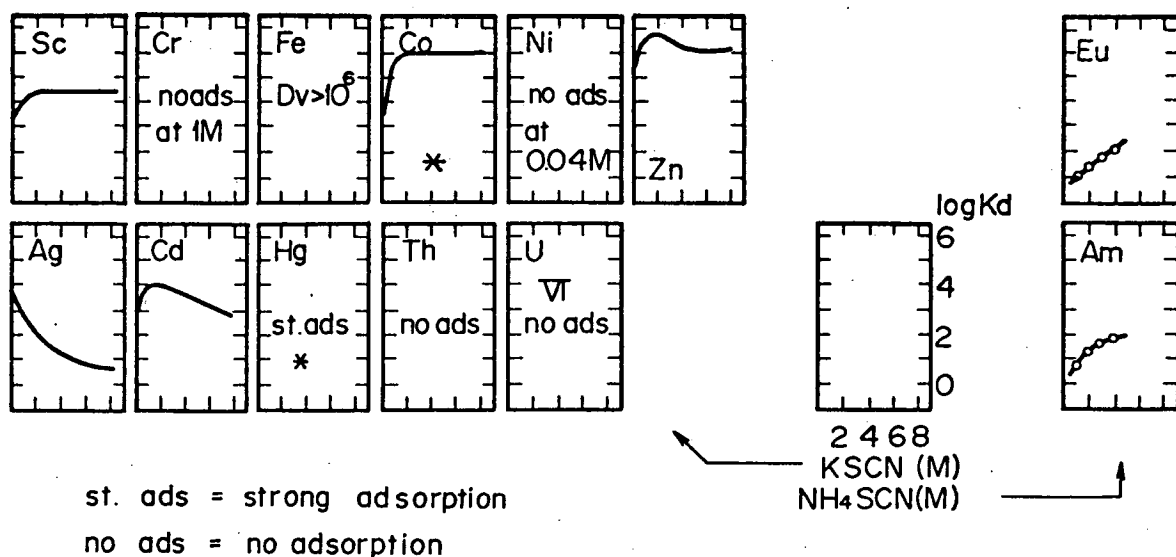


Fig. 12 Dowex 1 - thiocyanate system

References	Turner J. B., Philip R. H., Day Jr. R. A.: Anal. Chim. Acta, <u>26</u> , 94 (1962)	Surls Jr. J. P., Choppin G. R.: J. Inorg. Nucl. Chem., <u>4</u> , 62 (1957)
Exchanger	Dowex 1, x 8, 80-100 mesh, thiocyanate form, air-dried resin 5.6% moisture	Dowex 1 x 8, 200-400 mesh, chloride form, 1.2 eq.l ⁻¹ of wet resin
Aq. phase	KSCN soln.	NH ₄ SCN soln. (pH 3.5)
Equilibration	Column and batch method, shaking overnight	Batch method
Temp.	Room temp. (25-30°C)	Room temp.
Loading	Less than 1% capacity	Tracer
Analysis	Spot tests and measurement of radioactivity	Measurement of radioactivity
Distribution ratio	Dv	Kd, concn. of an ion in the resin phase/ that in the aq. phase

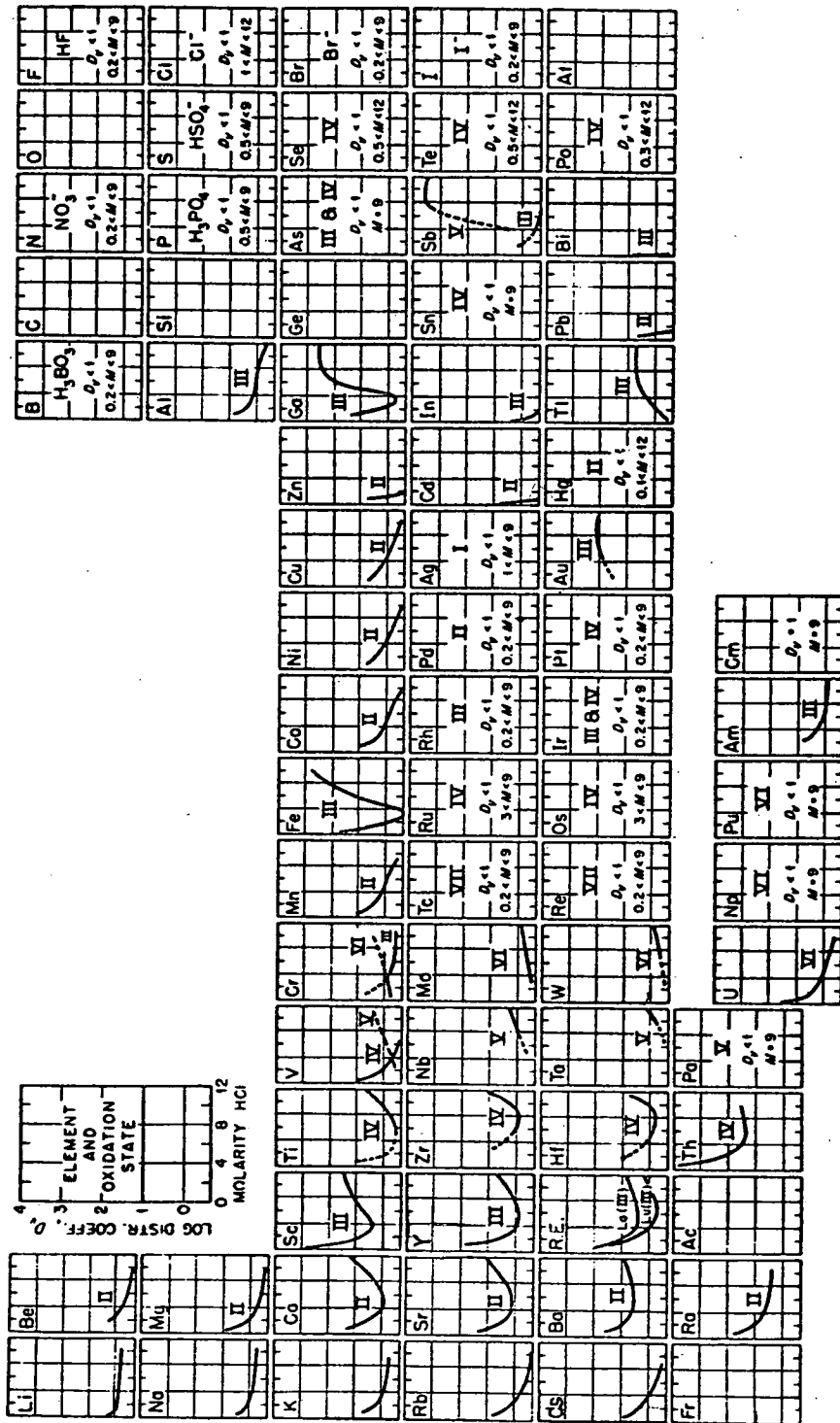


Fig. 13

Fig. 13 Dowex 50 - HCl system

Reference Nelson F., Murase T., Kraus K. A.: J. Chromatog., 13,
503 (1964)

Exchanger Dowex 50, x 4, 200-270 mesh for batch and 270-325 mesh
(water wet) for column experiment, 5.12 eq.kg^{-1} (dry
H form)

Aq. phase HCl

Equilibration 10-72 hours shaking for batch equilibration or column method

Loading Less than 1% capacity

Temp. 25°C

Distribution D_v , amount per liter of exchanger/amount per liter of
ratio soln.; D , amount per kg dry resin/amount per liter of
soln.; $D = D_v / \rho$ ρ : bed density in the medium of interest

Analysis Al: spot testing with alizalin or EDTA titration
Li, B: Flame testing
 HNO_3 : brown fumes with conc. HCl
HF: LaF_3 pptn.
HCl: AgCl pptn.
 H_2SO_4 : BaSO_4 pptn.
the others: α , β , or γ radioactivity measurement

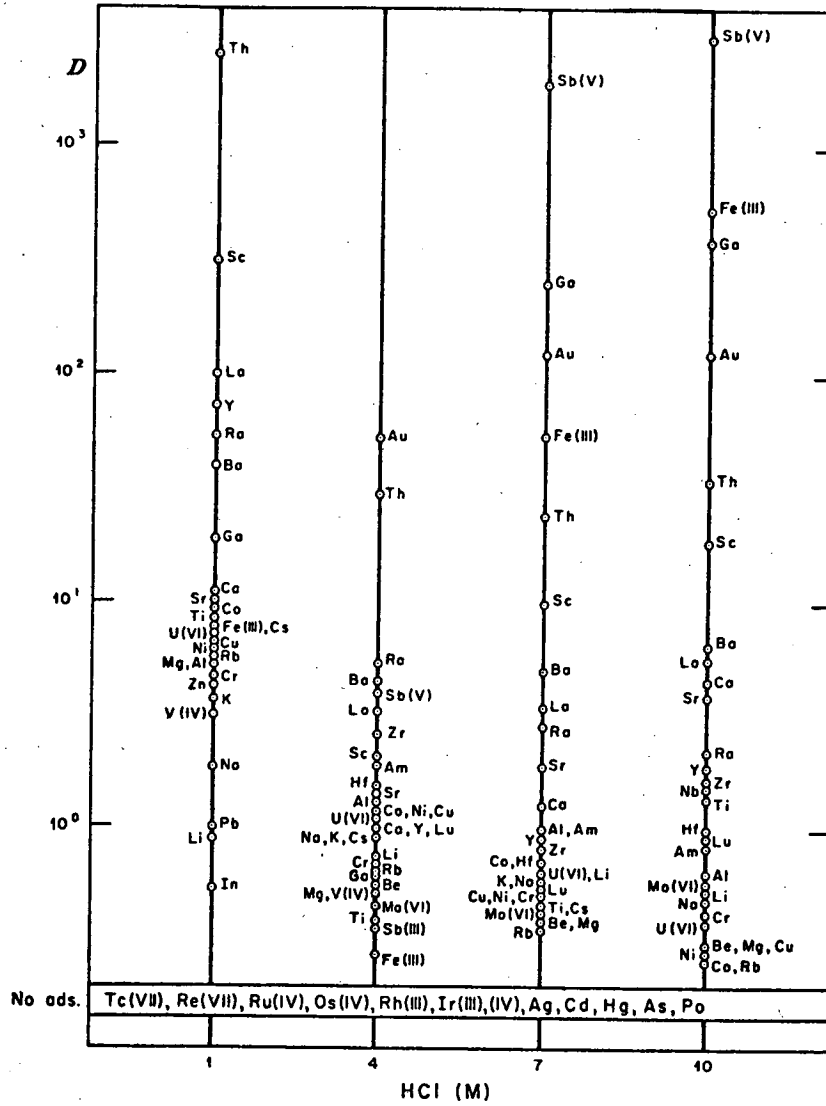


Fig. 14 Dowex 50 - HCl system

Reference Marcus K. A., Kertes A. S.: "Ion Exchange and Solvent Extraction of Metal Complexes", Wiley-Interscience, London, 940 (1969)

The other items are the same as Fig. 13

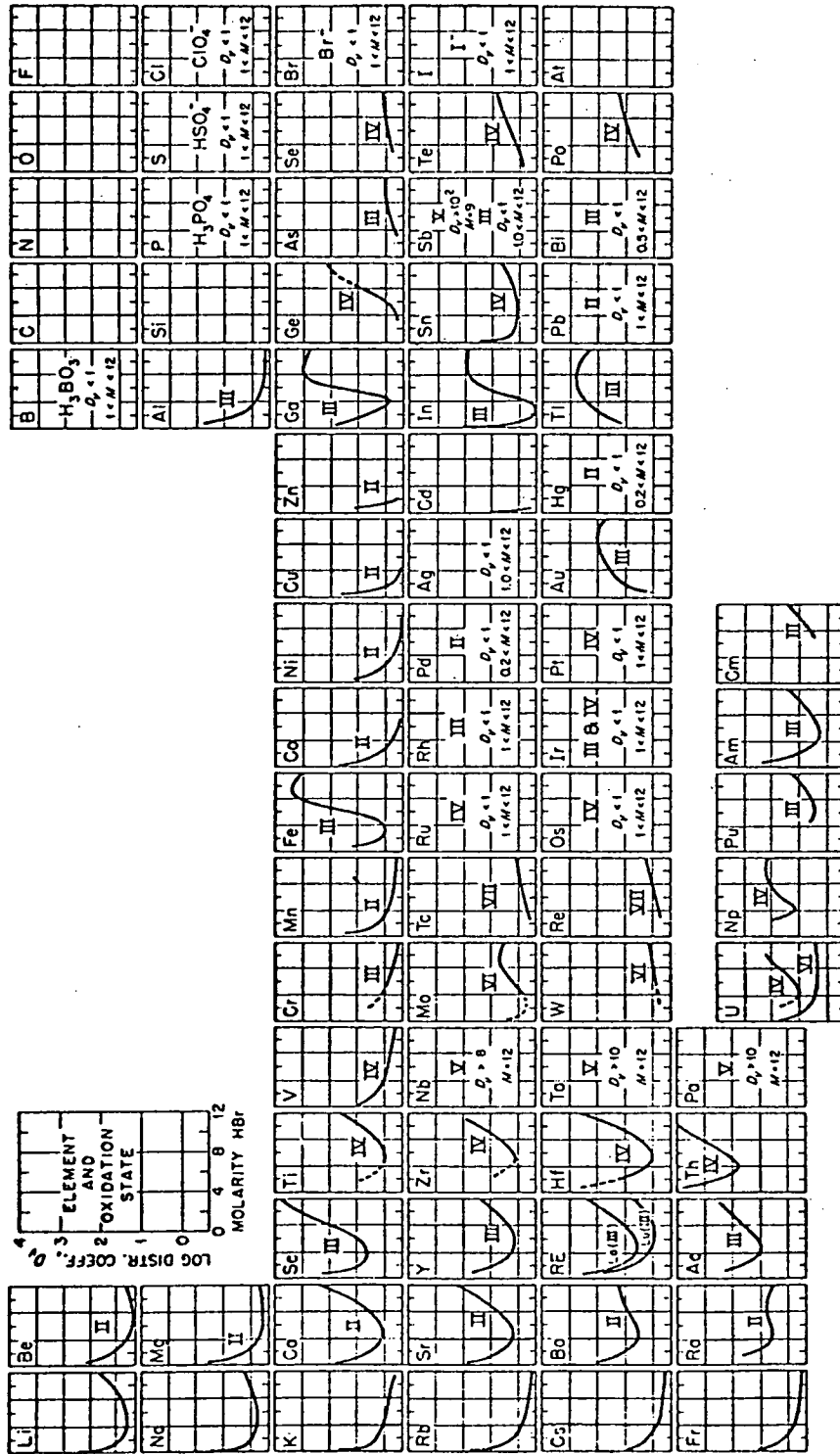


Fig. 15

Fig. 15 Dowex 50 - HBr system

Reference Nelson F., Michelson D. C. :J. Chromatog., 25, 414 (1966)

Exchanger Dowex 50,x 4, 270-325 mesh(in water), 5.12 eq.kg⁻¹ of dry resin

Aq. phase 1, 3, 6, 9, 12M HBr

Equilibration Column or batch method

Loading Less than 1% capacity

Temp. 25^oC

Analysis The same as that given in Fig.16

Distribution Dv, amount per liter of wet exchanger/amount per liter of soln.

Separation (Na, Li) (Mg, Ca)(Be, Mg, Ra, Ba, Sr, Ca)(W, Mo)(Ag, Au)(Se, Te)

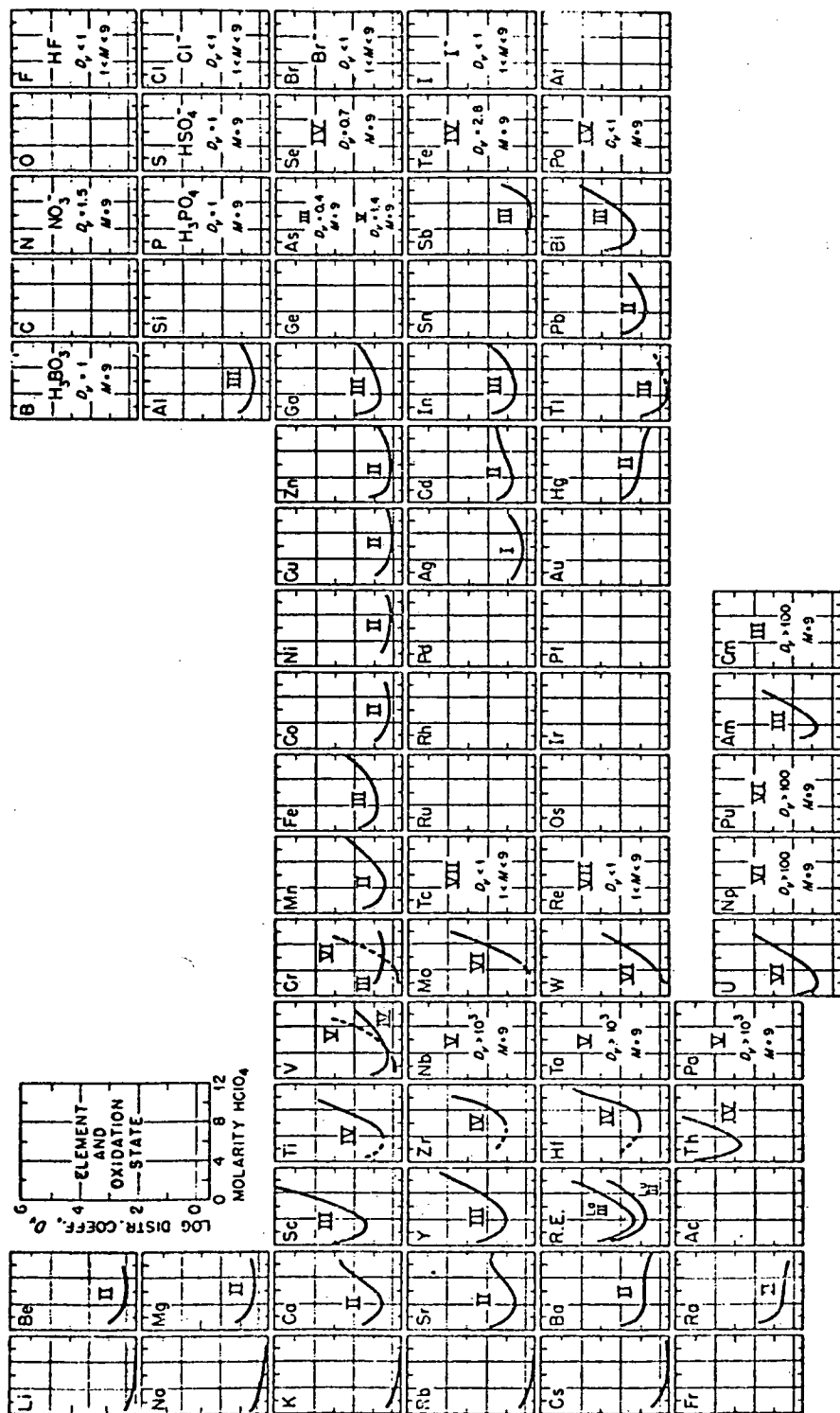


Fig. 16

Fig. 16 Dowex 50 - HClO_4

Reference Nelson F., Murase T., Kraus K. A.: J. Chromatog., 13, 503 (1964)

Exchanger Dowex 50, x 4, 200-270 mesh (in water) for batch and 270-325 mesh for column equilibration

Aq. phase HClO_4

Equilibration 10-72 hrs. shaking for batch equilibration

Temp. 25°C

Loading Less than 1% capacity, except for Ag(I), Hg(II), Bi(III) Tl(III)

Analysis Al: spot testing with alizalin or EDTA titration
 Li, B: flame testing in column method
 HNO_3 : brown fumes with conc. HCl
 HF: LaF_3 pptn.
 HCl: AgCl pptn.
 H_2SO_4 : BaSO_4 pptn.
 The others: α , β or γ radioactivity measurement

Distribution ratio D_v , amount per liter of wet exchanger/amount per liter of soln.; D , amount per kg dry resin/amount per liter of soln.
 $D = D_v/\rho$ ρ : bed density in the medium of interest

Separation (Be, Ba, Sr) (Ni, Cr, V) (Co, Mn)

Appendix Sullivan J. C., Cohen D., Hindman J. C.: J. Am. Chem. Soc., 77, 6203 (1955)
 K_d of Np(IV), Np(V), Np(VI) are 12, 14 and 74.6 in Dowex 50, X 12, 200-400 mesh system at 25°C

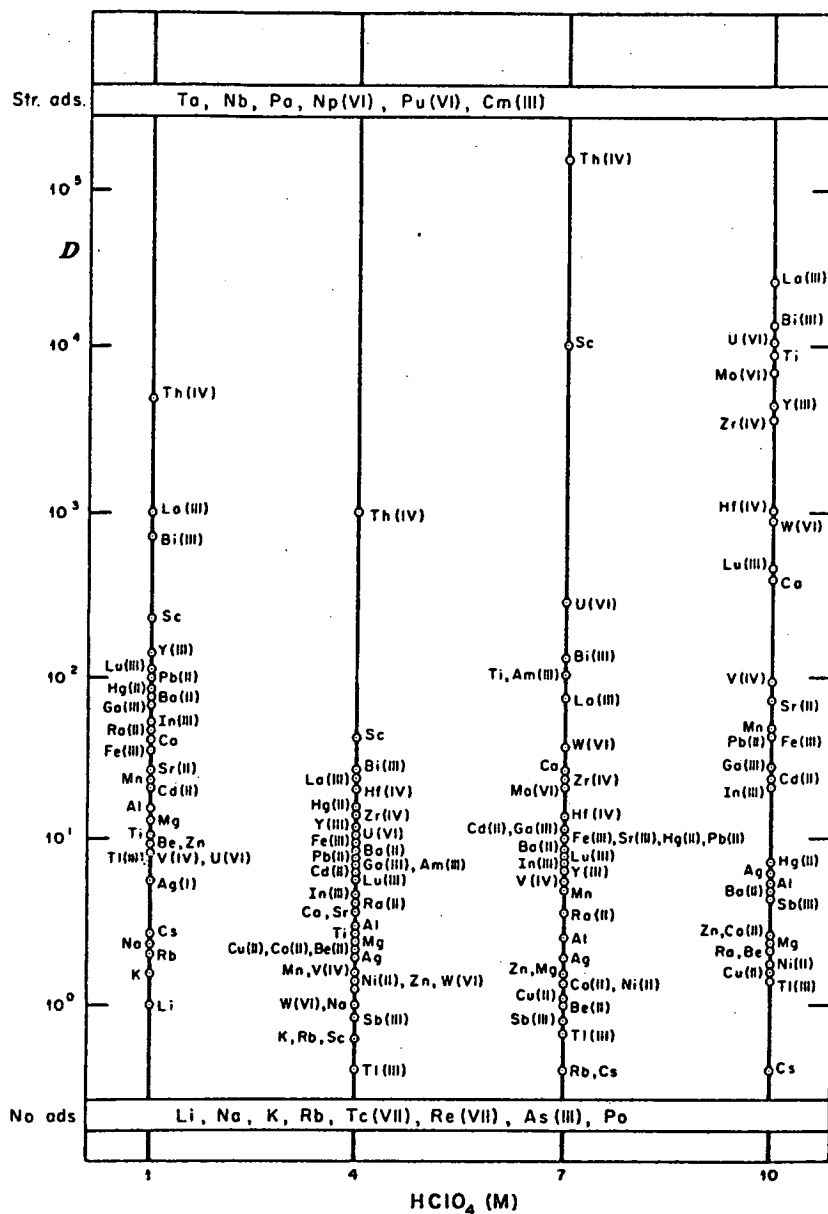


Fig. 17 Dowex 50 - HClO₄ system

Reference Marcus K. A., Kertes A. S.: "Ion Exchange and Solvent Extraction of Metal Complexes", Wiley-Interscience, London, 940 (1969)

The other items are the same as Fig. 16.

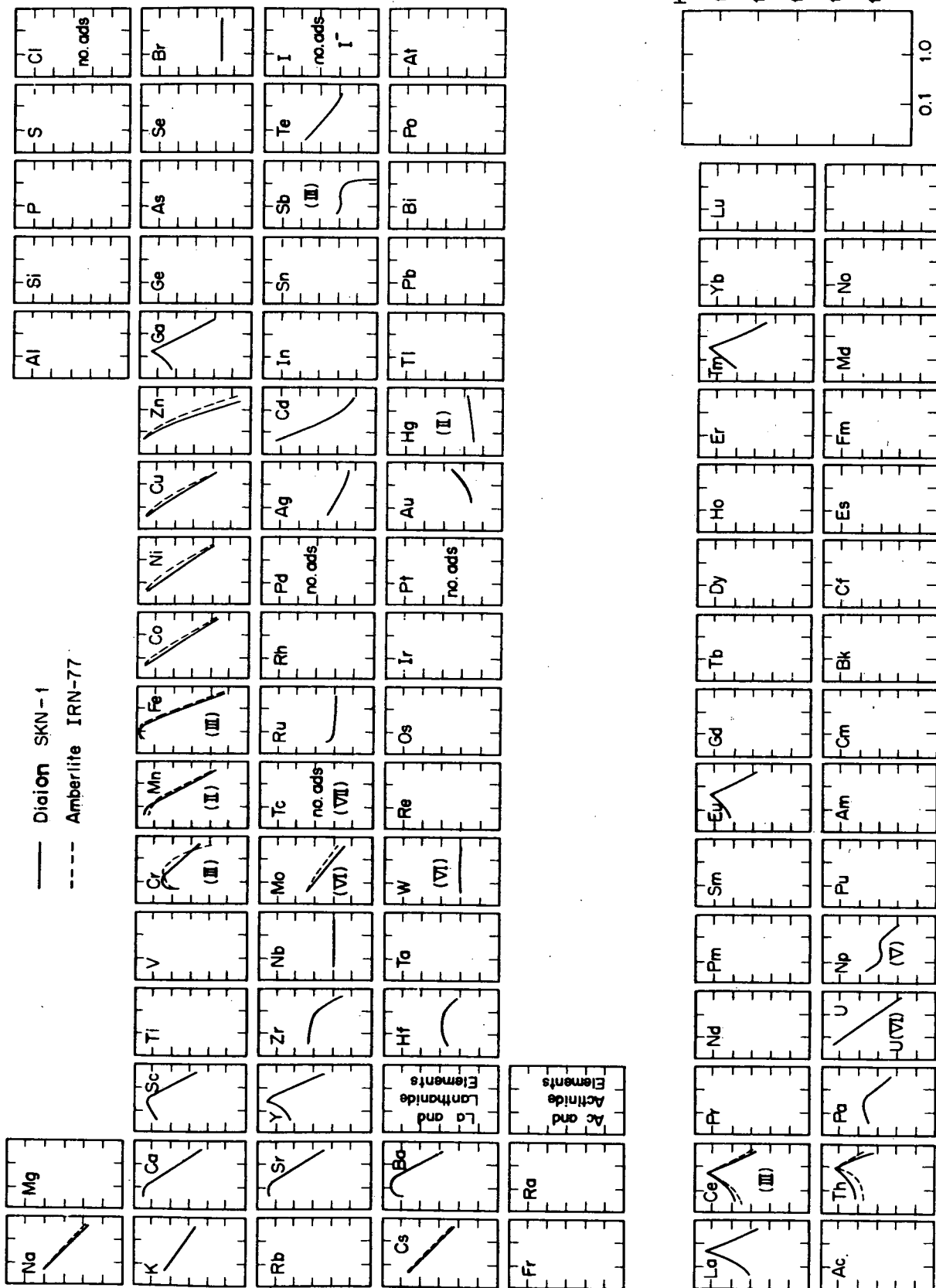


Fig. 18

Fig. 18 Diaion SKN-1 - HCl system

Reference	Yokotsuka, S., Akatsu E., Ueno K.:J. Nucl. Sci. Technol., 8, 622 (1971)
Exchanger	Diaion SKN-1, 3.56 meq.g ⁻¹ , water content 29.5%, 20-50 mesh, DVB content 8%, H form; Amberlite IRN-77, 3.50 meq.g ⁻¹ water content 32.7%, 20-50 mesh, DVB content 8%, H form
Aq. phase	0, 1.0, 3.0, 6.0, 9.0, 12M HCl
Equilibration	Batch method(10 minutes shaking) and column elution method
Temp.	Room temp.
Loading	Tracer
Analysis	Measurement of radioactivity
Distribution ratio	Kd, counts per gram air-dried resin/counts per milliliter soln.

Table 2 Distribution ratios between water and cation exchange resins

Element	Kd (ml·g ⁻¹)		Element	Kd (ml·g ⁻¹)	
	Diaion SKN-1	Amberlite IRN-77		Diaion SKN-1	Amberlite IRN-77
Na	3.8×10 ³	3.0×10 ³	Pd	6.8×10 ¹	
Cl	no ads.		Ag(I)	7.1×10 ¹	
K	6.7×10 ³		Cd	3.5×10 ¹	
Ca	5.8×10 ²		Sb(III)	no ads.	
Sc	2.3×10 ²		Te	4.3×10 ²	
Cr	6.1	1.1×10 ¹	I	no ads.	
Mn(II)	1.4×10 ²	5.0×10 ¹	Cs	2.3×10 ²	1.8×10 ³
Fe(III)	4.7×10 ¹	6.9×10 ¹	Ba	9.4×10 ¹	
Co(II)	1.0×10 ²	4.9×10 ¹	La	4.6×10 ¹	
Ni	8.7×10 ²	2.9×10 ²	Ce(III)	1.4×10 ¹	1.3×10 ¹
Cu	1.9×10 ²	6.5×10 ¹	Eu	8.5×10 ¹	
Zn	1.2×10 ²	4.1×10 ¹	Tm	4.0×10 ¹	
Ga	4.8×10 ¹		Hf	1.3	
Br	9.3×10 ⁻¹		W(VI)	1.2	
Sr	3.0×10 ¹		Pt	no ads.	
Y	3.9×10 ¹		Au	5.1	
Zr	2.5×10 ¹		Hg	3.2	
Nb	1.5×10 ⁻¹		Th	1.4×10 ²	3.6×10 ¹
Mo(VI)	6.5		Pa	1.3×10 ¹	
Tc(VII)	no ads.		U(VI)	10 ¹	
Ru	4.0		Np(V)	1.4×10 ²	

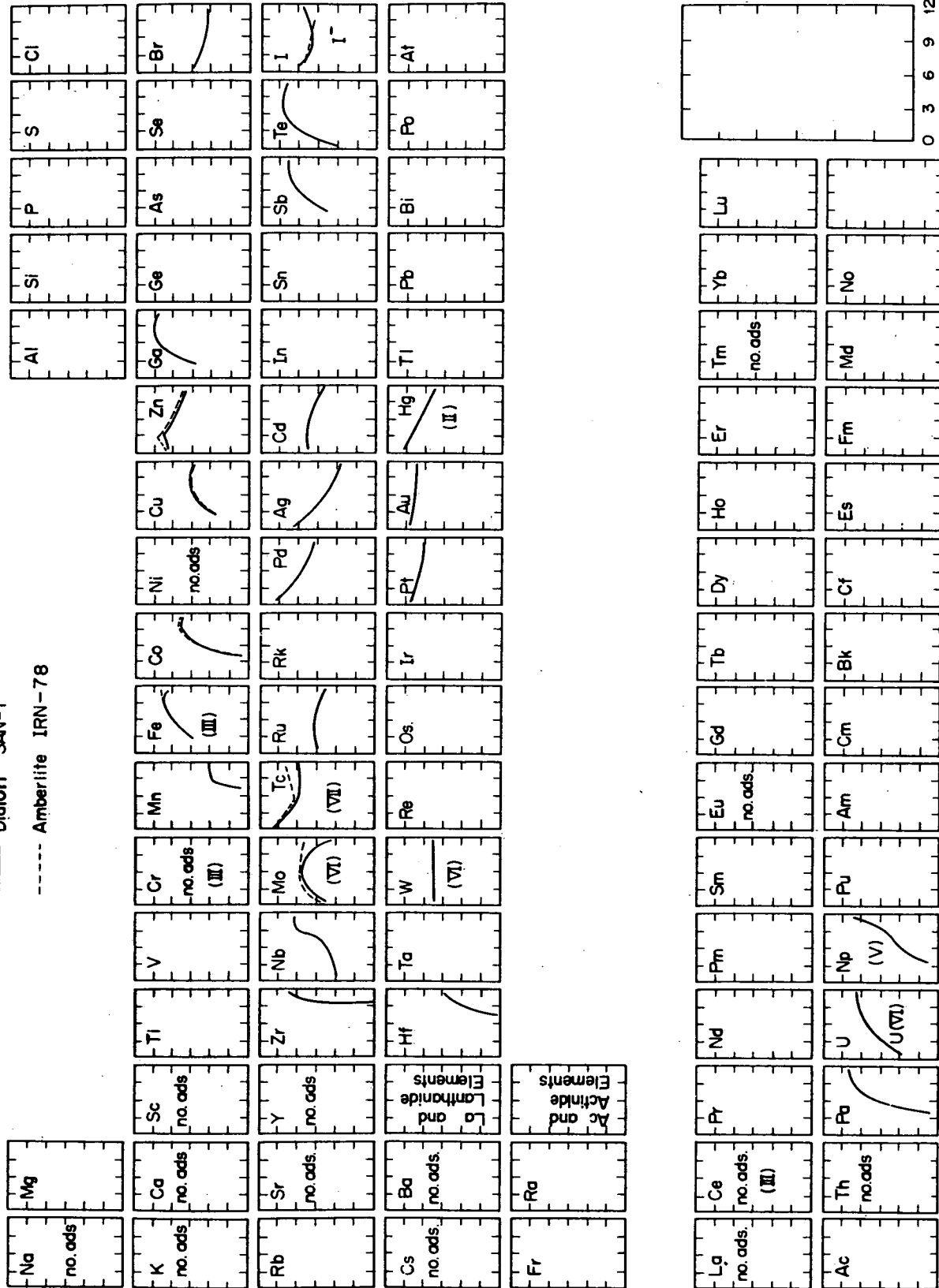


Fig. 19

Fig. 19 Diaion SAN-1 - HCl system

Reference Yokotsuka S., Akatsu E., Ueno K.:J. Nucl. Sci. Technol.,
8, 622 (1971)

Exchanger Diaion SAN-1, 2.61 meq.g⁻¹, water content 30.2%, 20-50 mesh,
DVB content 8%, Cl form; Amberlite IRN-78, 2.77 meq.g⁻¹,
water content 26.7%, 20-50 mesh, DVB content 8%, Cl form

Aq. phase 0, 1.0, 3.0, 6.0, 9.0, 12M HCl

Equilibration Batch method(10 minutes shaking) and column elution method

Temp. Room temp.

Loading Tracer

Analysis Measurement of radioactivity

Distribution Kd, counts per gram air-dried resin/counts per milliliter
ratio soln.

Fig. 20 Diaion PK 216, PA 316 - HCl system

Reference Akatsu E., Aratono Y., Bahk C. Y.:J. Nucl. Sci. Technol.,
10, 453 (1973)

Exchangers Properties	Cation exchange resin		Anion exchange resin	
	Diaion PK-216	Amberlite IR-200	Diaion PA-316	Amberlite. IRA-900
Particle size (mm)	0.40~0.55	0.42~0.84	0.35~0.55	—
DVB (%)	8	~25	8	~10
Weight exchange capacity (meq.g ⁻¹)	4.63	4.56	3.91	3.80
Volume exchange capacity (meq.ml ⁻¹)	1.91	1.83	1.46	1.03
Type	Sulfonic acid type		Tetramethylammonium type	
Form	H		Cl	

Aq. phase 0, 0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 1.0M HCl

Equilibration Batch method, 30 minutes shaking

Temp. Room temp.

Loading Trace

Analysis Measurement of radioactivity

Distribution Kd

ratio

$$Kd(ml \cdot g^{-1}) = \frac{\text{Volume of aqueous phase (ml)}}{\text{Weight of air-dried resin (g)}} \cdot \frac{\text{Counting rate of initial soln. (cpm} \cdot \text{ml}^{-1}) - \text{That of final soln. (cpm} \cdot \text{ml}^{-1})}{\text{Counting rate of final soln. (cpm} \cdot \text{ml}^{-1})}$$

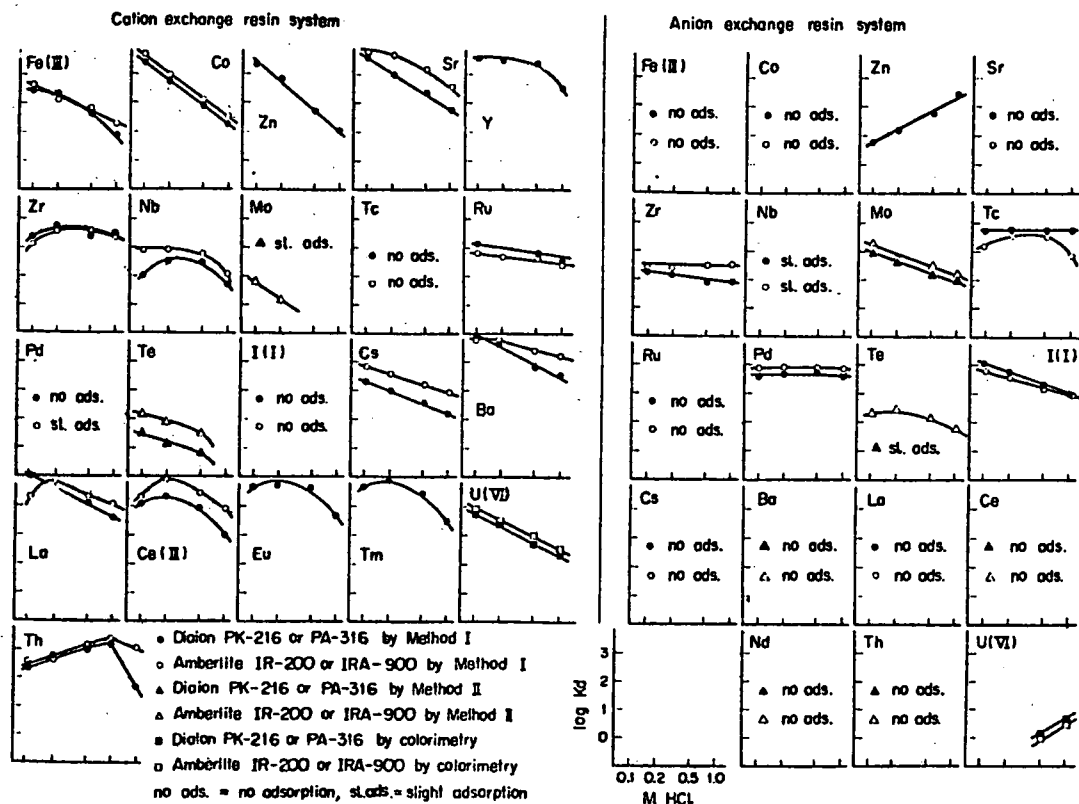


Fig. 20

Table 3 Distribution ratios between water and ion exchange resins

Tracer	Diaion	Amb.	Diaion	Amb.
	PK-216	IR-200	PA-316	IRA-900
^{55,59} Fe(III)	7 × 10 ²	5 × 10 ²	No ads.	No ads.
⁶⁰ Co	6.1 × 10 ²	5.3 × 10 ²	No ads.	No ads.
⁸⁵ Sr	7.7 × 10 ²	1.2 × 10 ³	No ads.	No ads.
⁹⁵ Zr	4 × 10	3 × 10	2 × 10	2 × 10
⁹⁵ Nb	7 × 10	6 × 10	4	2 × 10
⁹⁹ Mo†	7	5	9.0 × 10 ²	1.2 × 10 ²
^{99m} Tc	No ads.	No ads.	2.8 × 10 ²	1.5 × 10 ²
¹⁰⁶ Ru	7 × 10	8 × 10	No ads.	No ads.
¹⁰⁹ Pd	4 × 10	1.5 × 10 ²	2 × 10 ²	6 × 10
¹³¹ I	No ads.	No ads.	1 × 10 ³	2 × 10 ³
¹³⁷ Cs	1.4 × 10 ³	5.5 × 10 ³	No ads.	No ads.
¹³⁹ Ba	7 × 10 ²	3 × 10 ³	No ads.	No ads.
¹⁴⁰ La	1 × 10 ²	3 × 10	No ads.	No ads.
¹⁴⁴ Ce(III)	3 × 10	4 × 10	No ads.	No ads.
¹⁴⁷ Nd†	9 × 10	3 × 10	No ads.	No ads.
²³⁴ Th	5 × 10	5 × 10	No ads.	No ads.
nat. U(VI)	1.8 × 10 ³	1.6 × 10 ³	No ads.	No ads.

† Method II

Amb.: Amberlite, No ads.: no adsorption

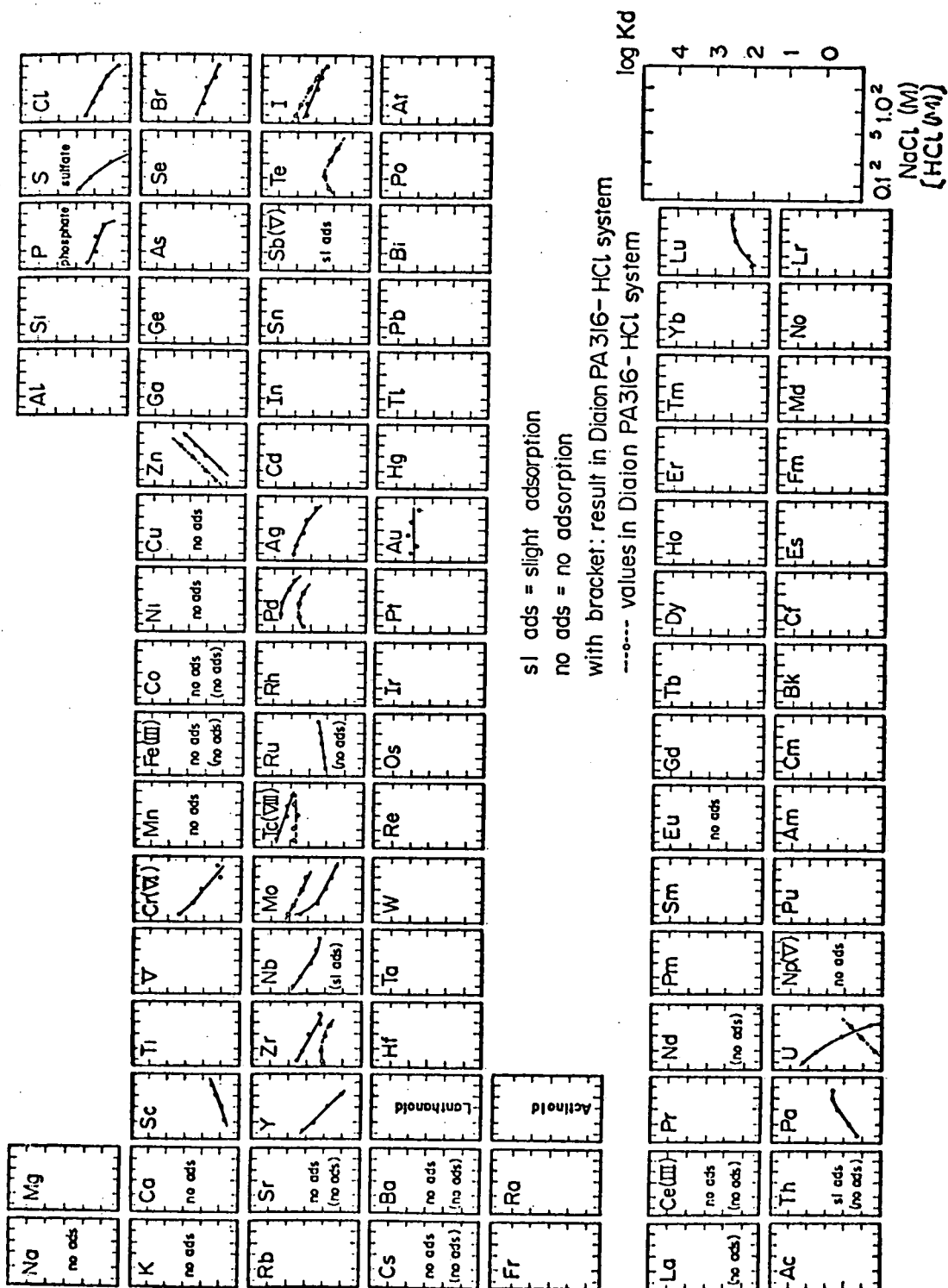


Fig. 21

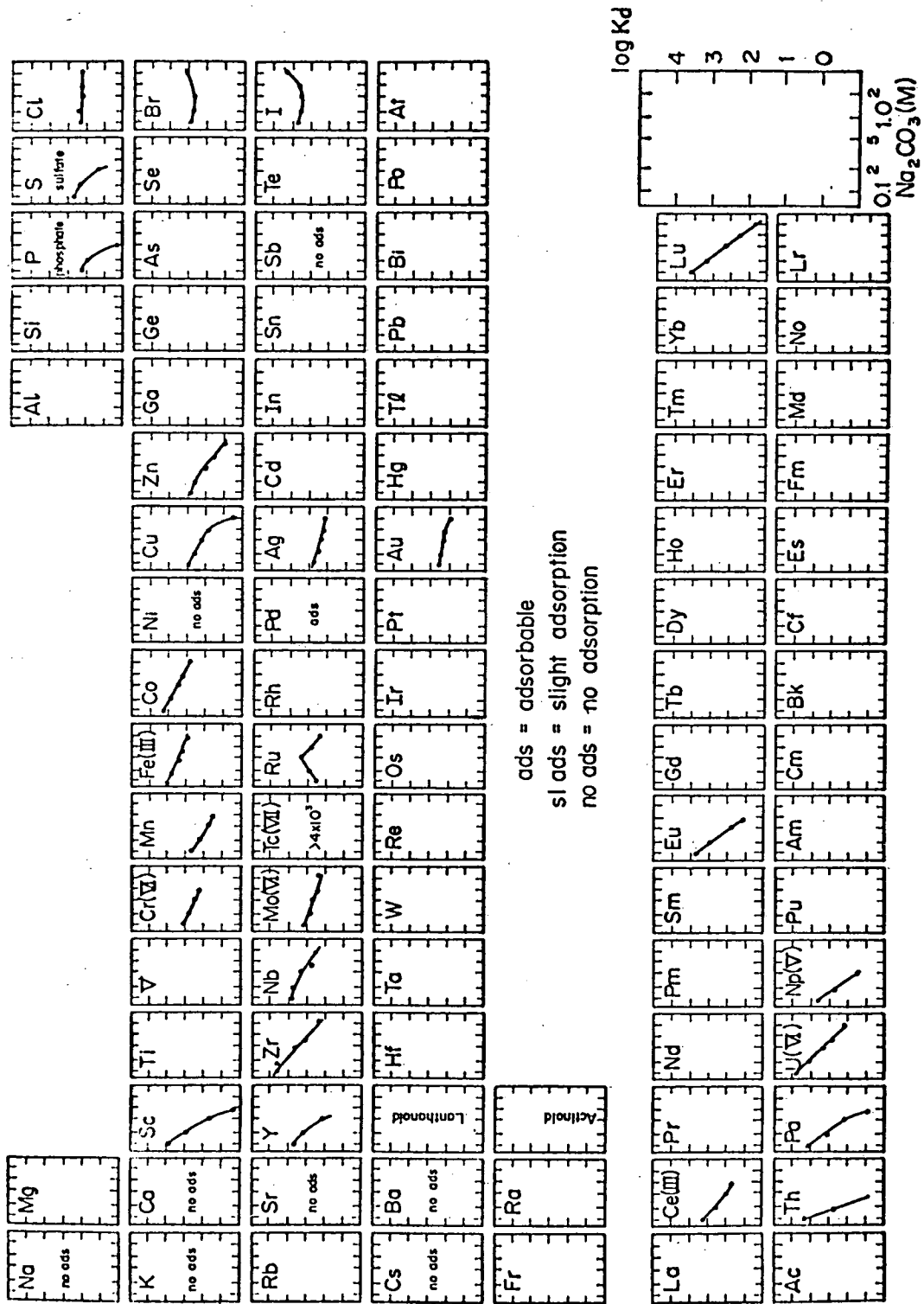


Fig. 22

Fig. 21 Diaion PA 306 - NaCl system

Reference Akatsu E., Watanabe H.: Anal. Chim. Acta,
to be published

Exchanger Diaion PA 306, DVB content 3%, 1190-297
microns, chloride form

Aq. phase 0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 1.0, 2.0M NaCl

Equilibration Batch method, 30 minutes shaking

Temp. Room temp. (20-30°C)

Loading Tracer

Analysis Measurement of radioactivity

Distribution Kd, amount of an element per gram dry
ratio resin/amount of the element per milliliter
soln.

Fig. 22 Diaion PA 306 - Na₂CO₃ system

Reference Akatsu E., Watanabe H.: Anal. Chim. Acta, to be published

Exchanger Diaion PA 306, DVB content 3%, 1190-297 microns, carbonate
form

Aq. phase 0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 0.8, 2.0M Na₂CO₃

Equilibration Batch method, 30 minutes shaking

Temp. Room temp. (20-30°C)

Loading Tracer

Analysis Measurement of radioactivity

Distribution Kd, amount of an element per gram dry resin/amount of
ratio the element per milliliter soln.

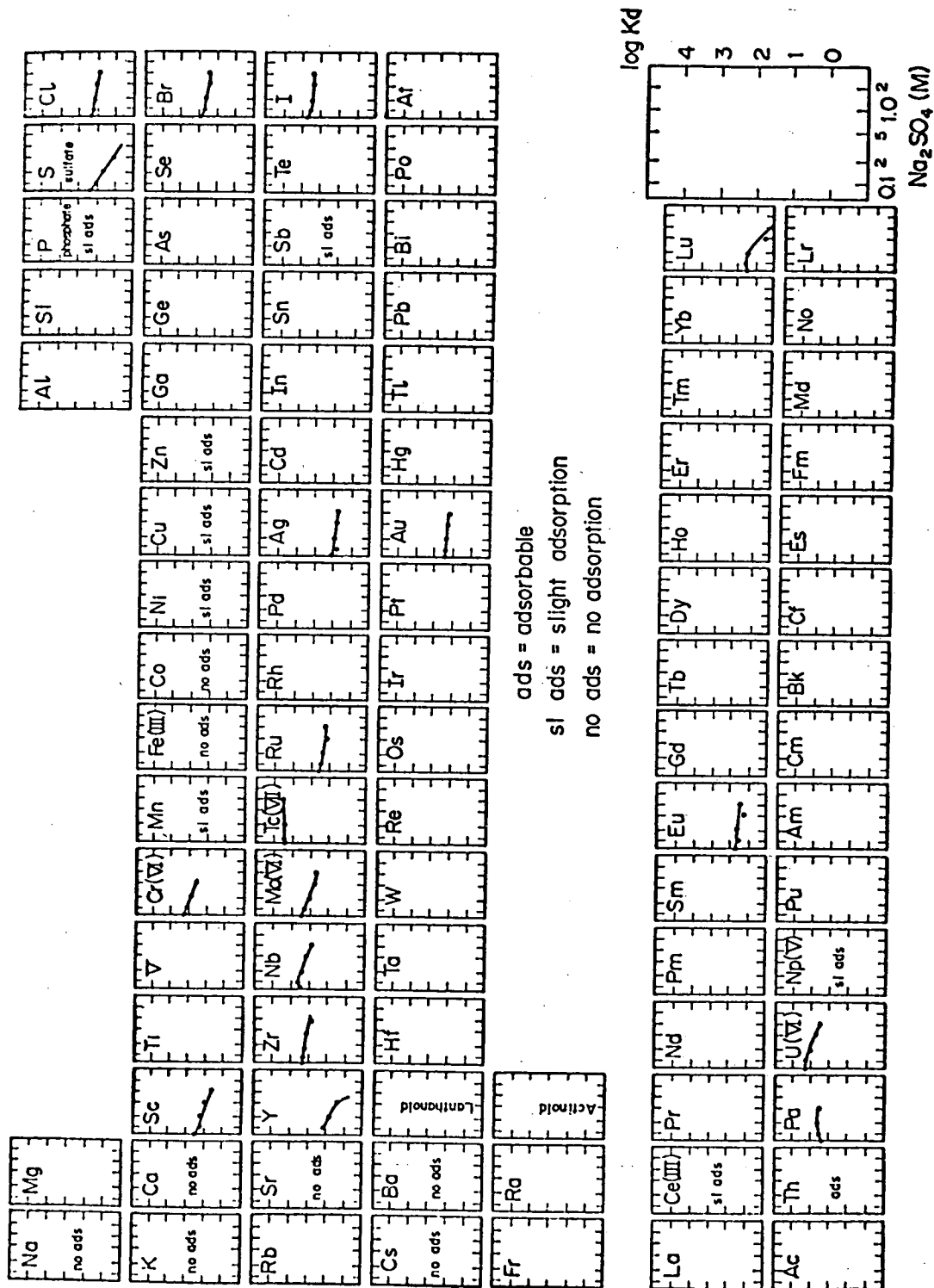


Fig. 23

Fig. 23 Diaion PA 306 - Na_2SO_4

Reference Akatsu E., Watanabe H.: Anal. Chim. Acta, to be published

Exchanger Diaion PA 306, DVB content 3%, 1190-297 microns, sulfate form

Aq. phase 0.05, 0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 1.0M Na_2SO_4

Equilibration Batch method, 30 minutes shaking

Temp. Room temp. (20-30°C)

Loading Tracer

Analysis Measurement of radioactivity

Distribution Kd, amount of an element per gram of dry resin/amount ratio of the element per milliliter of soln.

Fig. 24 Ionite-C - HNO_3 , NH_4NO_3 system

Reference Akatsu E., Ono R., Tsukuechi K., Uchiyama H.: J Nucl. Sci. Technol., 2, 141 (1965)

Exchanger Ionite-C (zirconium phosphate by Shin-nihon-kinzoku) 30-80 mesh

Aq. phase 0.01, 0.02, 0.05, 0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 1.0, 2.0, 5.0, 10M HNO_3 or NH_4NO_3

Equilibration Batch method (one hour shaking)

Temp. Room temp.

Loading Tracer

Analysis Measurement of radioactivity

Distribution Kd, counts per gram adsorbent/counts per milliliter soln. ratio

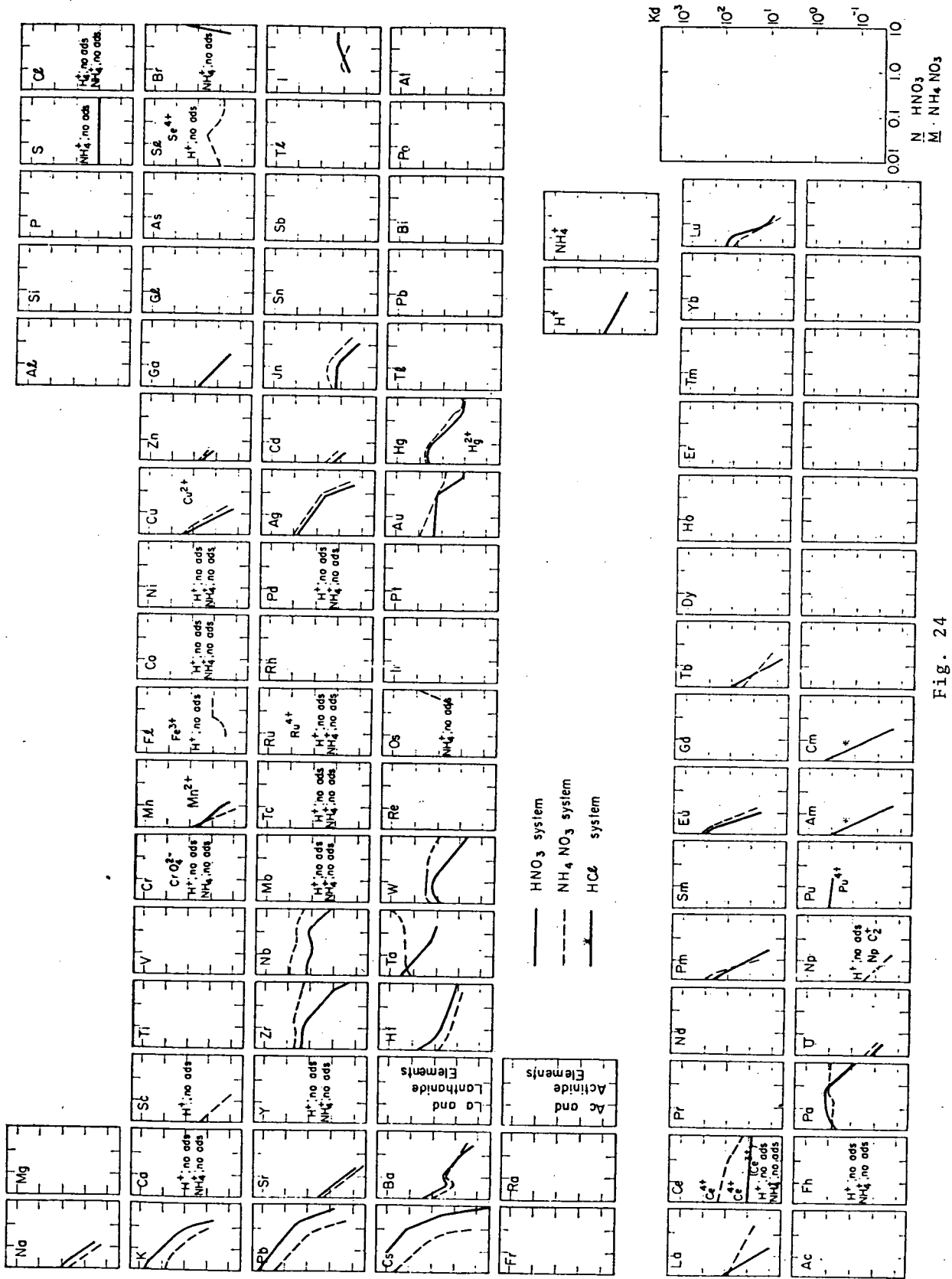


Fig. 24

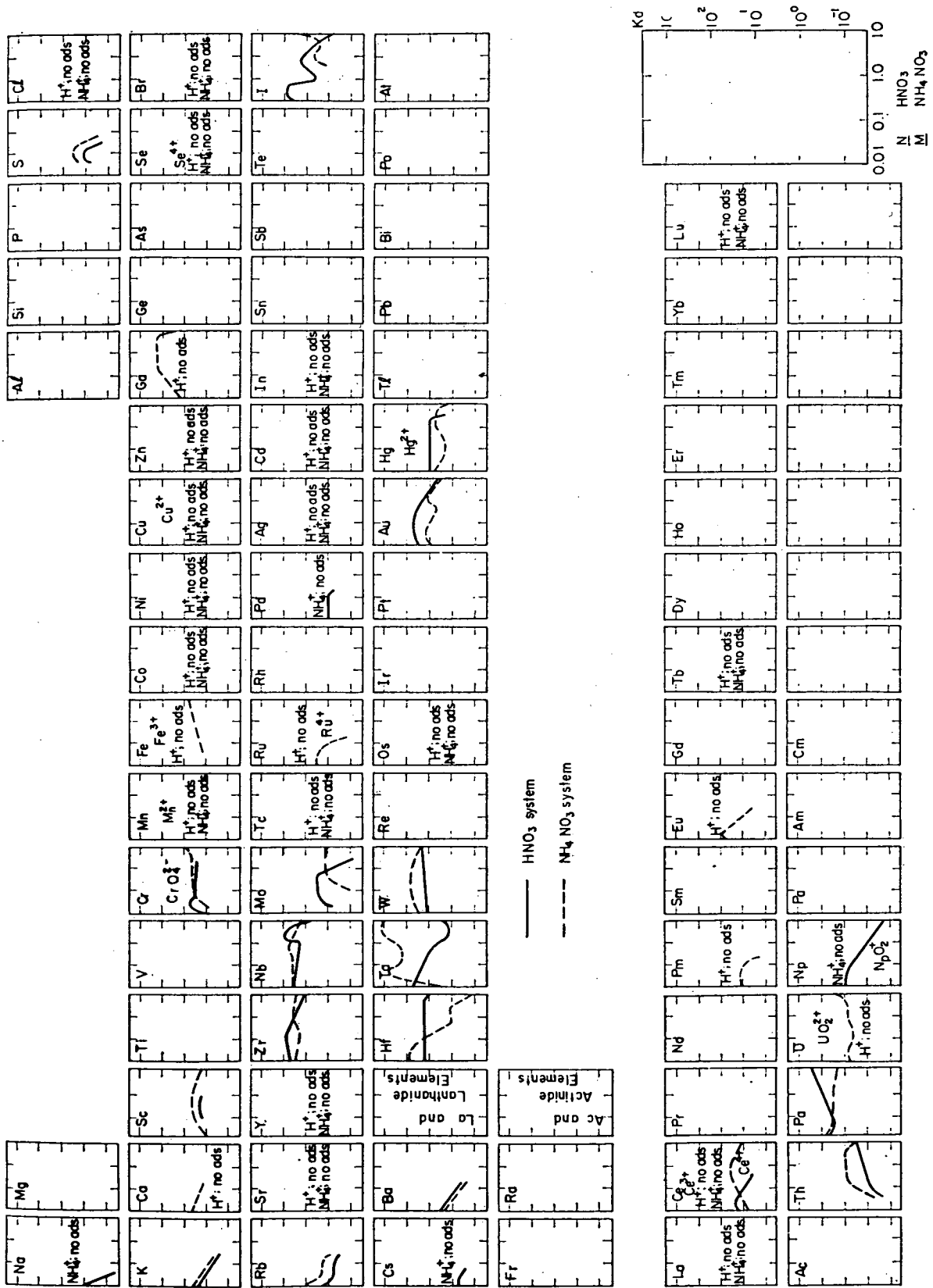


Fig. 25

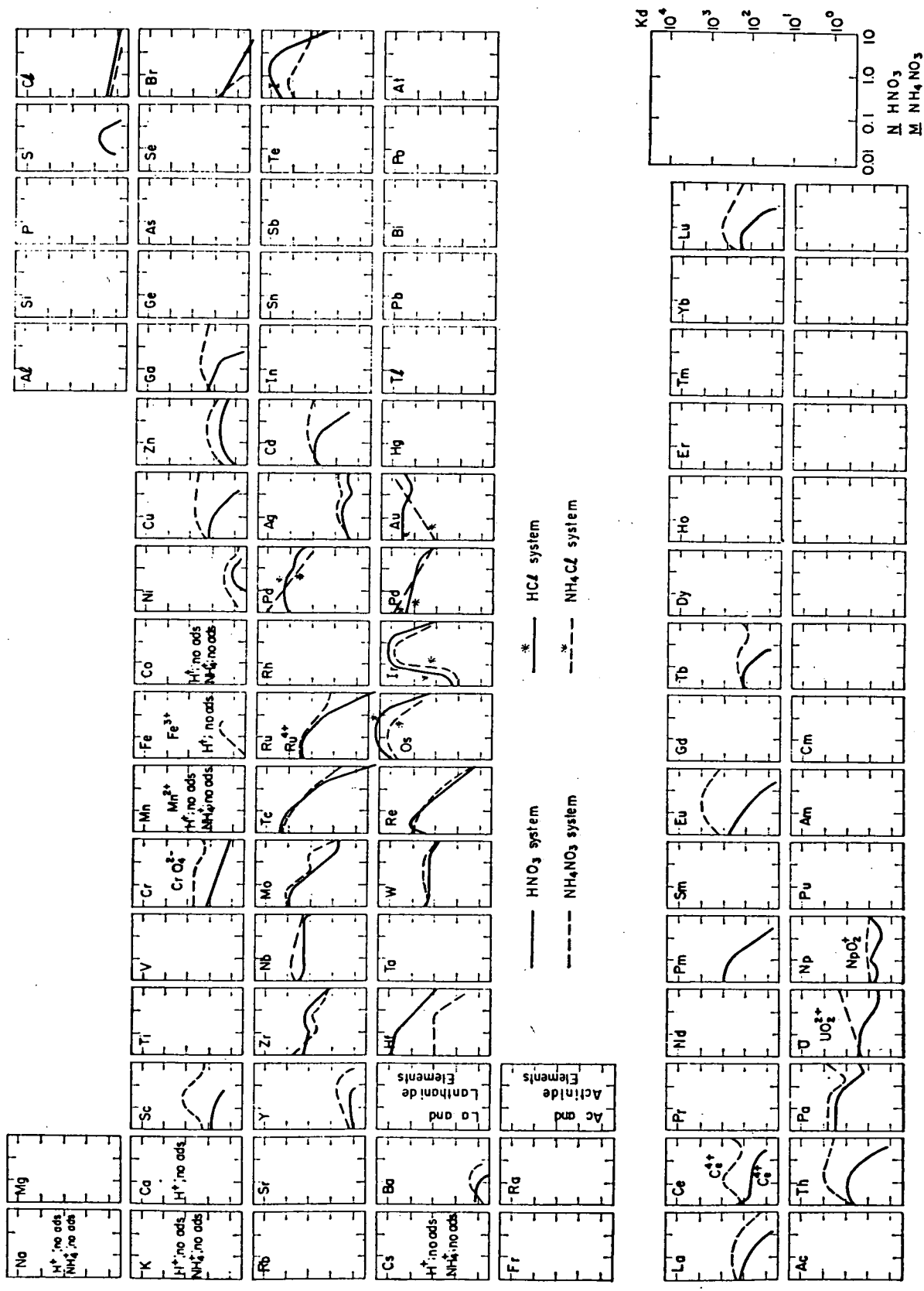


Fig. 26

Fig. 25 Silica gel - HNO_3 system

Reference Akatsu E., Ono R., Tsukuechi K., Uchiyama H.: J. Nucl. Sci. Technol., 2, 141 (1965)

Adsorbent Silica gel(white) 30-80 mesh(Kanto-Kagaku)

Aq. phase 0.01, 0.02, 0.05, 0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 1.0, 2.0, 5.0, 10M HNO_3
or NH_4NO_3

Equilibration Batch method(one hour shaking)

Temp. Room temp.

Loading Tracer

Analysis Measurement of radioactivity

Distribution K_d , counts per gram adsorbent/counts per milliliter soln. ratio

Fig. 26 Charcoal - HNO_3 , NH_4NO_3 system

Reference Akatsu E., Ono R., Tsukuechi K., Uchiyama H.: J. Nucl. Sci. Technol., 2, 141 (1965)

Adsorbent Active charcoal, 50 - 100mesh(Dainihon Kasseitan)

Aq. phase 0.01, 0.02, 0.05, 0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 1.0, 2.0, 5.0, 10M HNO_3
or NH_4NO_3

Equilibration Batch method(40 minutes shaking)

Temp. Room temp.

Loading Tracer

Analysis Measurement of radioactivity

Distribution K_d , counts per gram adsorbent/counts per milliliter soln. ratio

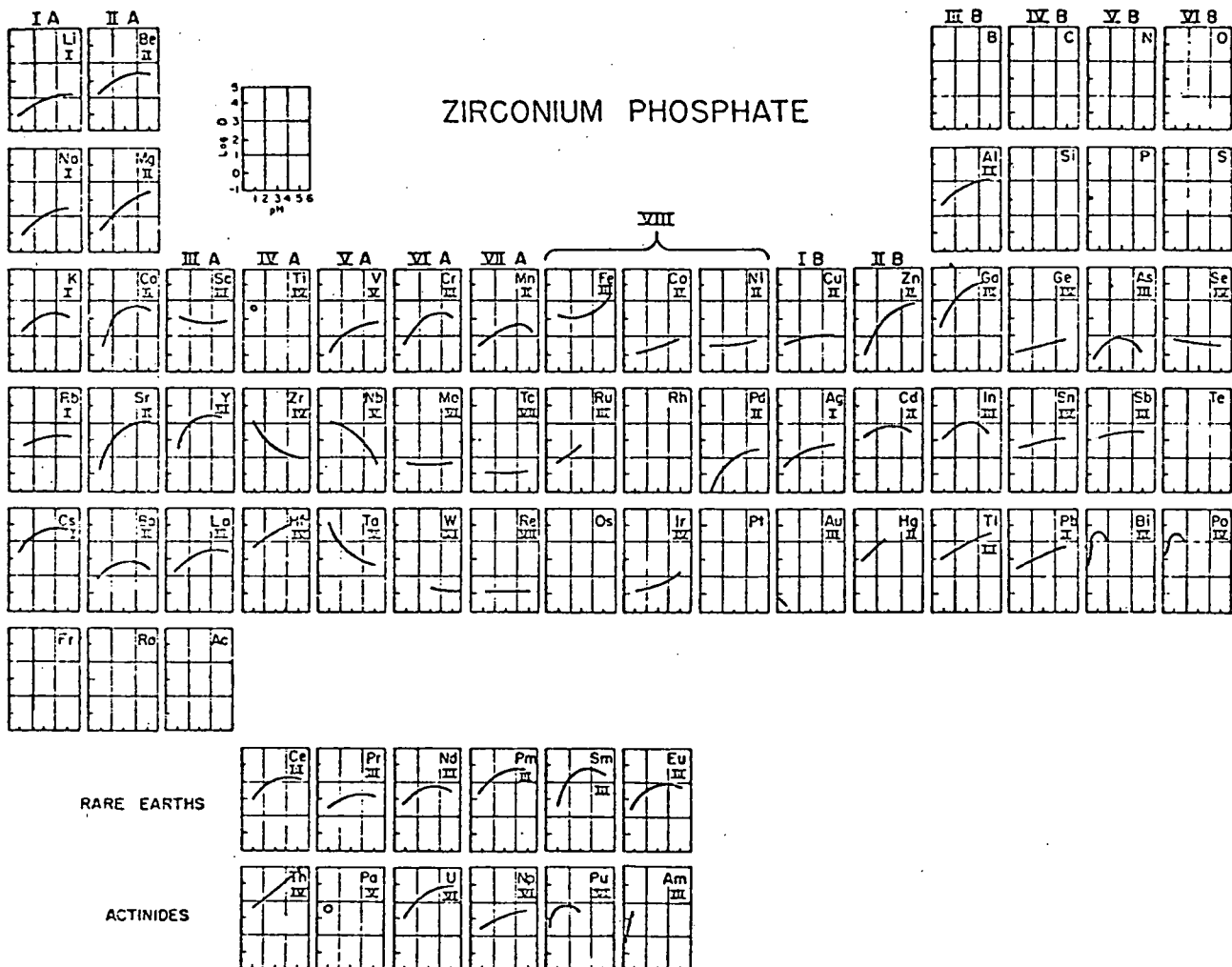


Fig. 27 Zirconium phosphate system

Reference Maeck W. J., Kussy M. E., Rein J. E.: Anal. Chem., 35,
2086 (1963)

Exchanger Zirconium phosphate(Bio-Rad Laboratories)
100-200 mesh, 1.05 meq of Cs. g⁻¹ at pH 4.
Aq. phase 0.005M metal ion and its tracer, pH 1, 3 and 5 adjusted
by HNO₃ or NH₄OH

Equilibration Batch method (one hour on a 33 r.p.m. wheel)

Temp. Room temp.

Loading 0.50g exchanger + 10 ml of 0.005M soln. of a metal ion
and its radioactive tracer

Analysis Radiometric

Distribution D, amount of a metal ion adsorbed per gram of exchanger/amount
ratio of the metal ion per milliliter of contacting soln.

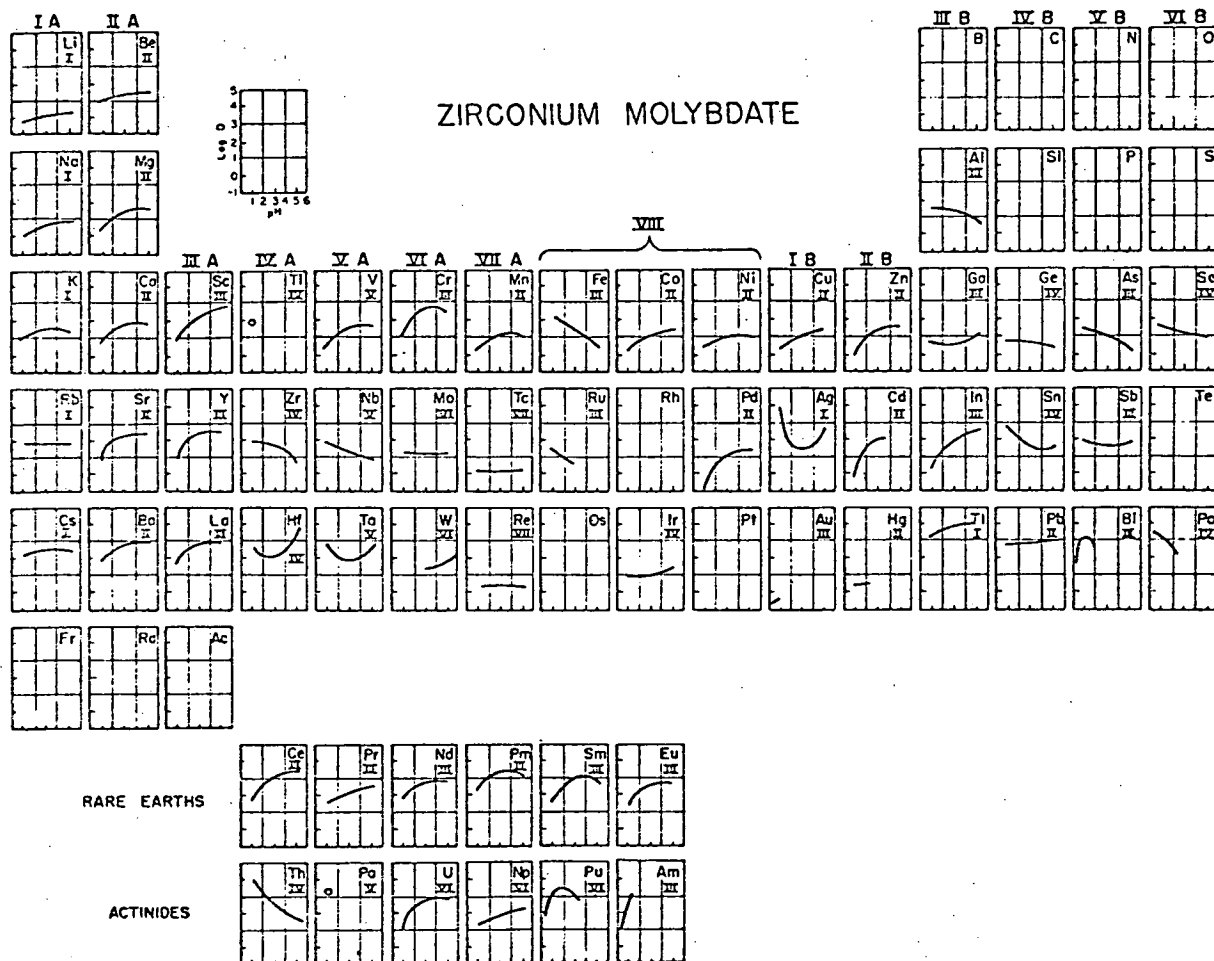


Fig. 28 Zirconium molybdate system

Reference Maeck W. J., Kussy M.E., Rein J. E.: Anal. Chem., 35, 2086 (1963)

Exchanger Zirconium molybdate (Bio-Rad Laboratories)
100-200 mesh, 1.12 meq. of Cs.g⁻¹ at pH 4.

Aq. phase 0.005M metal ion soln. and its tracer. pH was adjusted with HNO₃ or NH₄OH to pH 1, 3 or 5.

Equilibration One hour on a 33 r.p.m. wheel, batch method

Temp. Room temp.

Loading 0.50g exchanger + 10 ml of 0.005M soln. of a metal ion and its tracer

Analysis Radiometric

Distribution D, amount of a metal ion adsorbed per gram of exchanger/
ratio amount of the metal ion per milliliter of contacting soln.

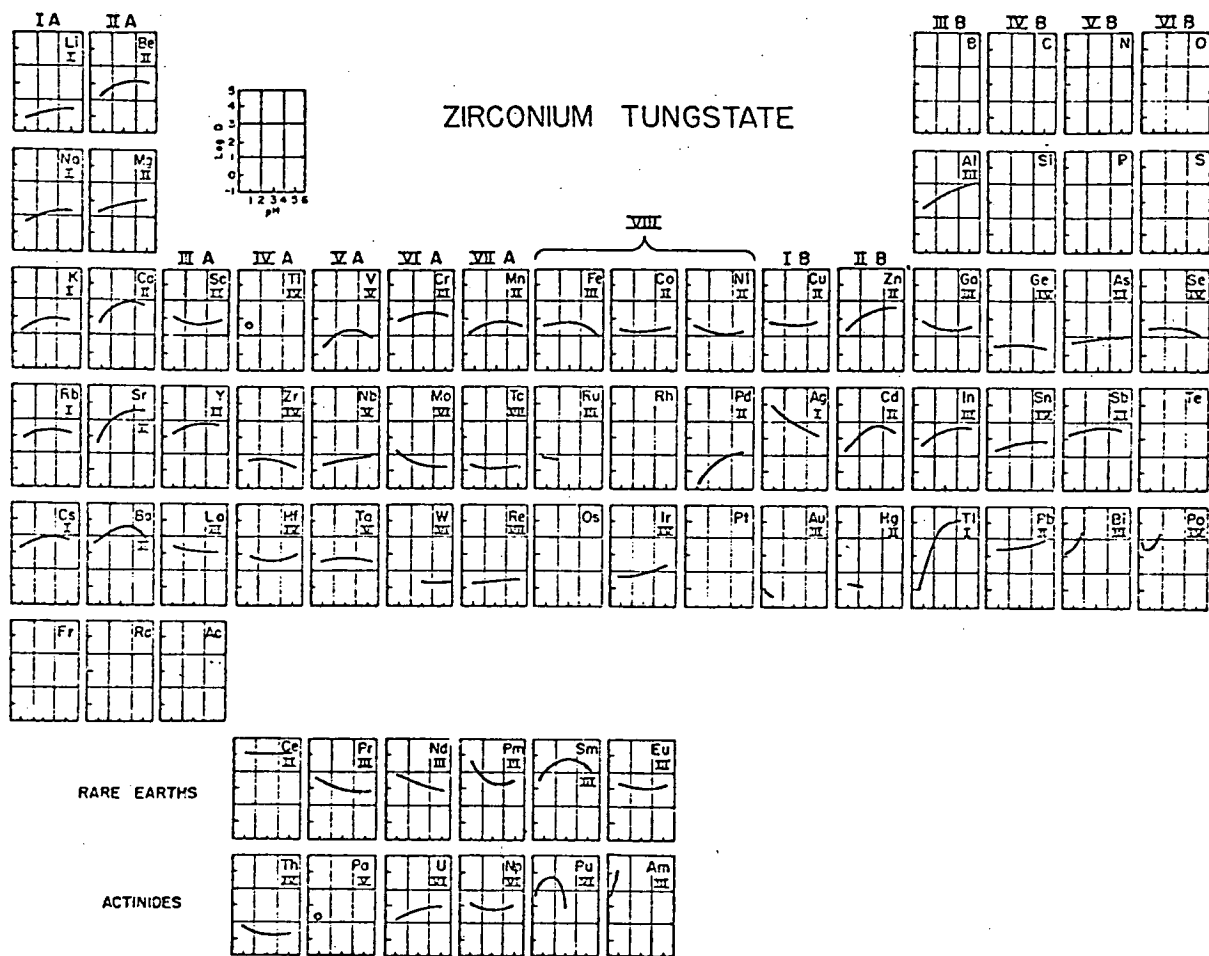


Fig. 29 Zirconium tungstate system

Reference Maeck W. J., Kussy M. E., Rein J. E.: Anal. Chem., 35, 2086 (1963)

Exchanger Zirconium tungstate (Bio-Rad Laboratories)
100-200 mesh, 0.77 meq. of Cs.g⁻¹ at pH4

Aq. phase 0.05M metal ion soln. and its radioactive tracer at pH 1, 3 and 5 adjusted by HNO₃ or NH₄OH

Equilibration Batch method, one hour on a 33 r.p.m. wheel

Temp. Room temp.

Loading 0.50g exchanger + 10 ml of 0.005M soln. of a metal ion and its radioactive tracer

Analysis Radiometric

Distribution D, amount of a metal ion adsorbed per gram of

ratio exchanger/ amount of the metal ion per milliliter of contacting soln.

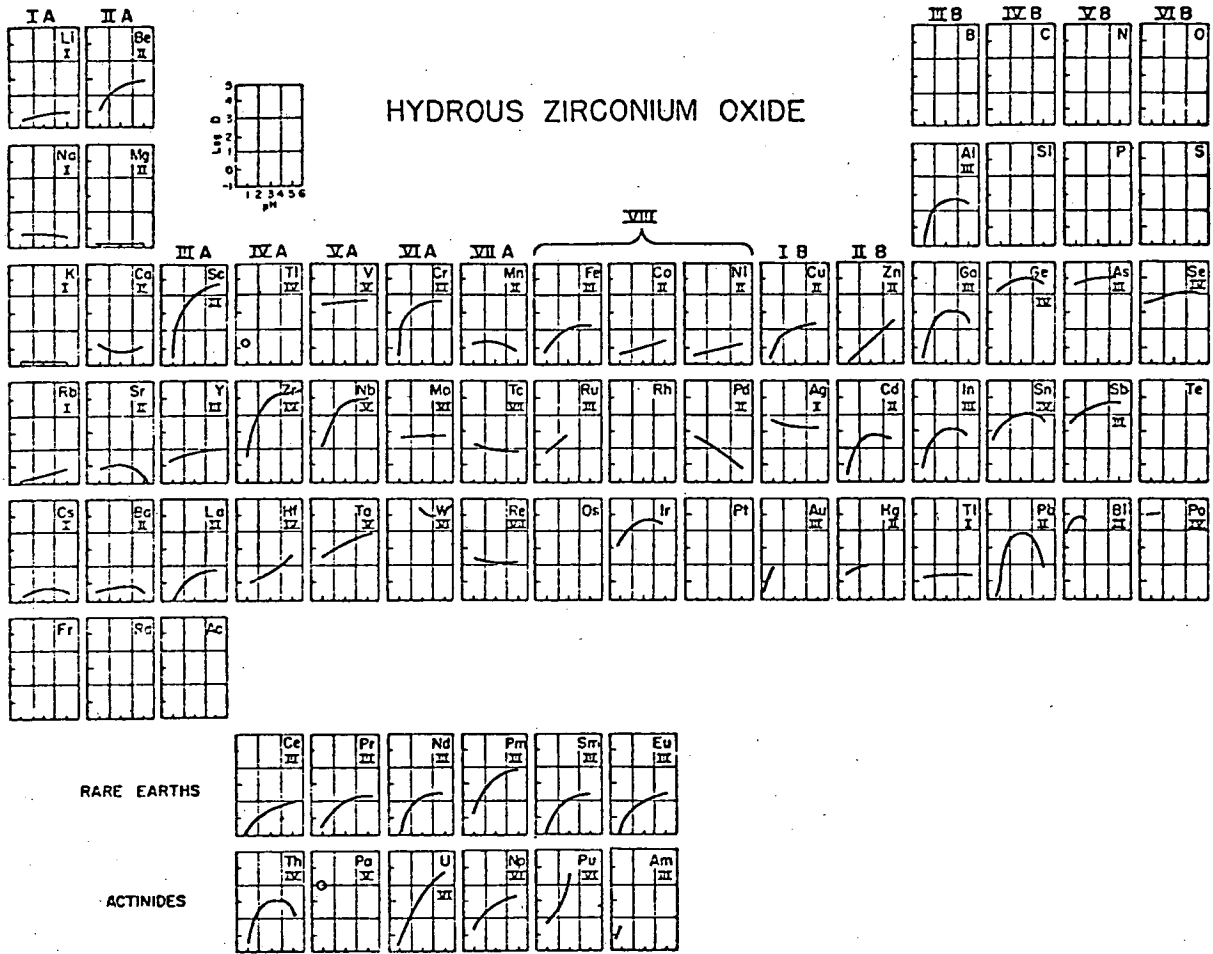


Fig. 30 Hydrous zirconium oxide system

Reference Maeck W. J., Kussy M. E., Rein J. E.: Anal. Chem., 35, 2086 (1963)

Exchanger Hydrous zirconium oxide(Bio-Rad Laboratories)
100-200 mesh, $(1.05 \text{ meq of } \text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-} \cdot \text{g}^{-1} \text{ at pH } 1$

Aq. phase 0.05M metal ion soln. and its radioactive tracer at pH 1, 3 and 5 adjusted by HNO_3 or NH_4OH

Equilibration Batch method, one hour on a 33 r.p.m. wheel

Temp. Room temp.

Loading 0.50 g exchanger + 10 ml of 0.005M soln. of a metal ion and its radioactive tracer

Analysis Radiometric

Distribution D, amount of a metal ion adsorbed per gram of
ratio exchanger/amount of the metal ion per milliliter of contacting soln.