

JNC Thermodynamic Database for Performance Assessment  
of High-level Radioactive Waste Disposal System

November, 1999

Tokai Works  
Japan Nuclear Cycle Development Institute

本資料の全部または一部を複写・複製・転載する場合は、下記にお問い合わせ下さい。

〒319-1194 茨城県那珂郡東海村大字村松4-33  
核燃料サイクル開発機構 東海事業所  
運営管理部 技術情報室

Inquiries about copyright and reproduction should be addressed to:  
Technical Information Section,  
Administration Division,  
Tokai Works,  
Japan Nuclear Cycle Development Institute  
4-33 Muramatsu, Tokai-mura, Naka-gun, Ibaraki-ken, 319-1194  
Japan

© 核燃料サイクル開発機構 (Japan Nuclear Cycle Development Institute)  
1999

## JNC Thermodynamic Database for Performance Assessment of High-level Radioactive Waste Disposal System

Mikazu Yui\*, Jiro Azuma\*, and Masahiro Shibata\*

### Abstract

This report is a summary of status, frozen datasets, and future tasks of the JNC thermodynamic database (JNC-TDB) for assessing performance of high-level radioactive waste in geological environments. The JNC-TDB development was carried out after the first progress report on geological disposal research in Japan (H3). In the development, thermodynamic data (equilibrium constants at 25 °C, I=0) for important radioactive elements were selected/determined based on original experimental data using different models (e.g., SIT, Pitzer). As a result, the reliability and traceability of the data for most of the important elements were improved over those of the PNC-TDB used in H-3 report.

For detailed information of data analysis and selections for each element, see the JNC technical reports listed in this document.

---

\*: Waste Isolation Research Division, Tokai Works, Japan Nuclear Cycle Development Institute (JNC)

高レベル放射性廃棄物の地層処分システムの性能評価のための  
放射性元素の熱力学データベース (JNC-TDB) 開発  
( 研 究 報 告 )

油井 三和\*, 東 侍郎\*, 柴田 雅博\*

要 旨

本報告書は、高レベル放射性廃棄物の地層処分の性能評価を行うために開発された放射性元素の熱力学データベース (JNC-TDB) について記述する。「地層処分研究開発第2次とりまとめ」に向けて行われた熱力学データベース開発の現状、第2次とりまとめにおいて用いられたデータセット、および今後の課題を示した。

本熱力学データベース (JNC-TDB) の開発は、第一次とりまとめ (H3 報告書) での課題をもとに進められた。熱力学データは、原則として、実験データにまでさかのぼり、その評価を行って選定された。データは、標準状態 (25℃, I=0) での平衡定数として整理された。結果として、第一次とりまとめで用いられた熱力学データベースと比較し、データの追跡性が確保されるとともに、その信頼性が向上された。

各元素のデータの検討や選定に関する詳細は、本報告書中で引用している個別の技術資料を参照されたい。

---

\* 東海事業所 環境保全・研究開発センター 処分研究部 処分バリア性能研究グループ

CONTENTS

**1. INTRODUCTION .....1**

**2. SELECTED AND FROZEN DATASETS IN JNC-TDB.....7**

**2.1 Lanthanide and Actinide Elements ..... 8**

        2.1.1 Actinium (Ac), Americium (Am), Curium (Cm), and Samarium (Sm)..... 8

        2.1.2 Thorium (Th)..... 11

        2.1.3 Protactinium (Pa)..... 12

        2.1.4 Uranium (U)..... 13

        2.1.5 Neptunium (Np)..... 17

        2.1.6 Plutonium (Pu)..... 20

**2.2 Non-actinide elements..... 24**

        2.2.1 Niobium (Nb) ..... 24

        2.2.2 Technetium (Tc)..... 25

        2.2.3 Palladium (Pd) ..... 26

        2.2.4 Tin (Sn)..... 27

        2.2.5 Antimony (Sb)..... 29

        2.2.6 Lead (Pb)..... 31

        2.2.7 Bismuth (Bi)..... 34

        2.2.8 Polonium (Po)..... 36

        2.2.9 Radium (Ra)..... 38

        2.2.10 Nickel (Ni) ..... 39

        2.2.11 Selenium (Se)..... 41

        2.2.12 Zirconium (Zr)..... 43

**3. CONCLUSION / FUTURE TASKS.....44**

<b>Acknowledgment .....</b>	<b>47</b>
<b>References .....</b>	<b>48</b>
<b>Appendixes.....</b>	<b>55</b>
<b>Appendix-1</b>	
<b>Guideline for critical review of thermodynamic data.....</b>	<b>57</b>
<b>Appendix-2</b>	
<b>Used data for solubility and speciation calculation for the second         progress report on the geological disposal research in Japan (H12).....</b>	<b>59</b>
<b>Appendix-3</b>	
<b>PHREEQE format database used for solubility and speciation         calculation for H12 .....</b>	<b>67</b>

## 1. INTRODUCTION

Many radionuclides, especially actinides, have very long half-lives and are present in high-level radioactive wastes (HLW) in significant quantities, and therefore are expected to be present in repositories for very long periods. Developing capabilities to predict radionuclide behavior in specific geological environments is a problem, because: 1) In most cases the repositories have not yet been chosen, and 2) A considerable amount of inherent heterogeneity will exist within any chosen repository. It would be prohibitively expensive, as well as impossible based on empirical approaches, to gather sufficient and reliable data for performance assessment calculation. Therefore, it becomes necessary to gather generic information on the actinides and other important elements before their behavior can be predicted in any environment.

Recognizing these needs, repository programs in many countries are using thermodynamic data to predict radionuclide behavior in different environments. Thermodynamic data can provide information on types of aqueous species, as well as potential solubility-limiting solids under different selected geological environments. These data are necessary for 1) setting upper limits on concentrations of those elements that readily form sparingly soluble solids under expected repository condition, 2) determining the fundamental reactions for adsorptive characteristics of different geological materials, and 3) providing long-term predictions of expected concentrations of elements under any given conditions which are otherwise impossible to make.

In the first progress report (called "H-3 report") on geological disposal of high-level radioactive wastes in Japan (PNC, 1992), a thermodynamic database on radioactive elements (PNC-TDB\_H-3, Yui et al., 1992) was used to estimate the solubility in the engineered barrier systems in the report. The thermodynamic database referred mainly to the Harwell R12324 (Cross et al., 1987), and was discussed element by element. For some elements, the other databases, such as OECD/NEA (Grenthe et al., 1992) were adopted. However, most of the data used in the PNC-TDB\_H-3 were not based on critical review of the available literature, and the sources of the data were not sufficiently documented. Therefore, it was

necessary to establish a more traceable and scientifically reliable thermodynamic database based on the critical review of original literatures.

Unfortunately, critically reviewed databases with a traceable data selection are rare, and ongoing projects are slow in progress. International efforts have been undertaken, e.g., by the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) and the Nuclear Energy Agency (NEA). The IAEA project "The Chemical Thermodynamics of Actinide Elements and Compounds" (e.g., Fuger et al. 1992), in which 10 volumes (out of 14 volumes planned) have been published between 1976 and 1992, has been closed after the last publication had appeared in 1992. The OECD/NEA-TDB project has a high quality review standard and includes international reviewers, but its progress is slow. The first database was published in 1992 on uranium (Grenthe et al. 1992), the second one in 1995 on americium (Silva et al. 1995). Databases on technetium, neptunium and plutonium are close to completion, and critical reviews on nickel, selenium and zirconium have been started recently. This pace does not meet the needs of JNC to prepare the second progress report for geological disposal of HLW, which will be submitted in 1999. Therefore, JNC decided to start its own project in which it would develop a thermodynamic database of radioactive elements for performance analysis of geological disposal systems of HLW (JNC-TDB). International specialists have assisted JNC with the aim of developing critically reviewed datasets for a large number of elements: Ac, Am, Cm, Np, Pu, Sm, Th, U, Bi, Nb, Pb, Pd, Sb, Sn, Cs, Ni, Pa, Po, Ra, Se, Tc, and Zr. These elements were selected on the basis of their potential hazard index reported in PNC(1991). The potential hazard index for each nuclide was determined based on the maximum permissible concentration of the radionuclide in water. This index was calculated by estimating a very conservative scenario. The nuclides that exceeded 1  $\mu\text{Sv/y}$  in the scenario were selected as the important nuclides. Ni was added as a hazardous corrosion product (PNC, 1991). Key reactions in the solubility estimation for the performance analysis of the geological disposal system are oxidation/reduction, hydrolysis and complex formation with carbonate, sulfate, phosphate, nitrate, fluoride and chloride. These have been mainly discussed in the JNC-TDB development.



In the JNC-TDB development project, the responsibilities of different specialists are depicted in Figure 1-1. At the initial stage of JNC-TDB development, the general review guideline was agreed to (see Appendix-1). However, as might be expected of such a large technical undertaking, and because of funding and time limitations and the quality and extent of available data, it was not possible to critically evaluate and use the same evaluation criteria as shown in Appendix-1 for each element. The general procedure for data collection and the review process for different elements are shown in Figure 1-2. In all cases, an effort was made to tabulate all of the available data. In the case of trivalent (Ac(III), Am(III), Cm(III), Np(III), Pu(III), and Sm(III)) and tetravalent (Th(IV), U(IV), Np(IV), and Pu(IV)) actinides and rare earths, decisions were made primarily based on recent experimental data obtained in simple systems and validated in mixed and complex systems where the Pitzer model (Pitzer, 1973; Pitzer and Mayorga, 1973) was used. In the case of Bi, Nb, Pb, Pd, Sb, and Sn, all available experimental data were evaluated, and selected experimental data were extrapolated to zero ionic strength using the Specific Ion Interaction theory (SIT) model, which was described in the literature (e. g., Grenthe et al., 1992; Silver et al., 1995). In the case of pentavalent actinides (Np(V) and Pu(V)), recently obtained data for Np(V) (Neck et al. 1995, Runde et al. 1996) using the Pitzer model approach for many of the ligands, were used as the basis for both Np(V) and Pu(V). In the case of hexavalent actinides (U(VI), Np(VI), Pu(VI)), recently available U(VI) data (Grenthe et al. 1992) were the primary reference source. Data for the remaining elements were tabulated by JNC staff using primarily the existing compilations. For Ra and Po, the thermodynamic datasets are the same as the PNC-TDB\_H-3, because no new thermodynamic data have been reported since 1992. For Tc, the OECD/NEA database (as a draft version) will be published in a few months. In the near future, it will be necessary to discuss the Tc data to be adopted in the JNC-TDB. For Ni, Zr and Se, the thermodynamic data reported by Cross et al. (1987) were the primary reference data in the PNC-TDB\_H-3. For Ni, Zr and Se, the reliability and traceability of data in the literature are not discussed in enough detail in the JNC-TDB development.

These collective efforts have resulted in this report and several JNC reports, which are referred to in the following sections. Based on these reports and on the recommendations of the scientific advisory

committee, selected thermodynamic data for various elements for use in JNC's program are summarized in this report. The recommendations of the scientific advisory committee were determined based on the following three criteria: i) the reliability and traceability of thermodynamic data could be confirmed, ii) data selections were carried out by using a suitable method for activity correction based on some experiments which were adequate to obtain thermodynamic data, and iii) in the case of data selection from other thermodynamic databases, the data were reviewed by experts.

Furthermore, because of 1) analogous behavior exhibited by trivalent actinides and rare earths, 2) the unavailability of comprehensive data for several important trivalent rare earths and actinides (e.g., Ac(III), Pu(III), Cm(III), Sm(III)), and 3) the recommendation of the scientific advisory committee, it was decided that the comprehensive data provided in this report for Am(III) could be used for the other trivalent rare earths and actinides. Similarly, because of the scarcity of thermodynamic data for Pu(V) and the difficulties of experimentally determining such data for Pu(V), the scientific advisory committee recommended that data for Np(V) was an excellent analog for Pu(V).

At present, most thermodynamic data for elements have been obtained at standard state (25 °C and 0.1 MPa), and are given by equilibrium constants or molar Gibbs free energy. Unfortunately, reliable thermodynamic data at temperatures higher than ambient are not available. Hence, the JNC-TDB includes equilibrium constants only for zero ionic strength and 25 °C. The selected thermodynamic data at 25 °C, for use in JNC's calculations are listed in the following sections. For details of the available data, selection criteria, and the specific reasons for choosing the data reported in this compilation, the reader is directed to detailed JNC technical reports referred to in the following sections. This compilation contains referenceable and internally consistent data for most of the important elements. Those data are expected to serve JNC's interim needs and to form the basis for future improvements in thermodynamic data at 25 °C and at elevated temperatures.

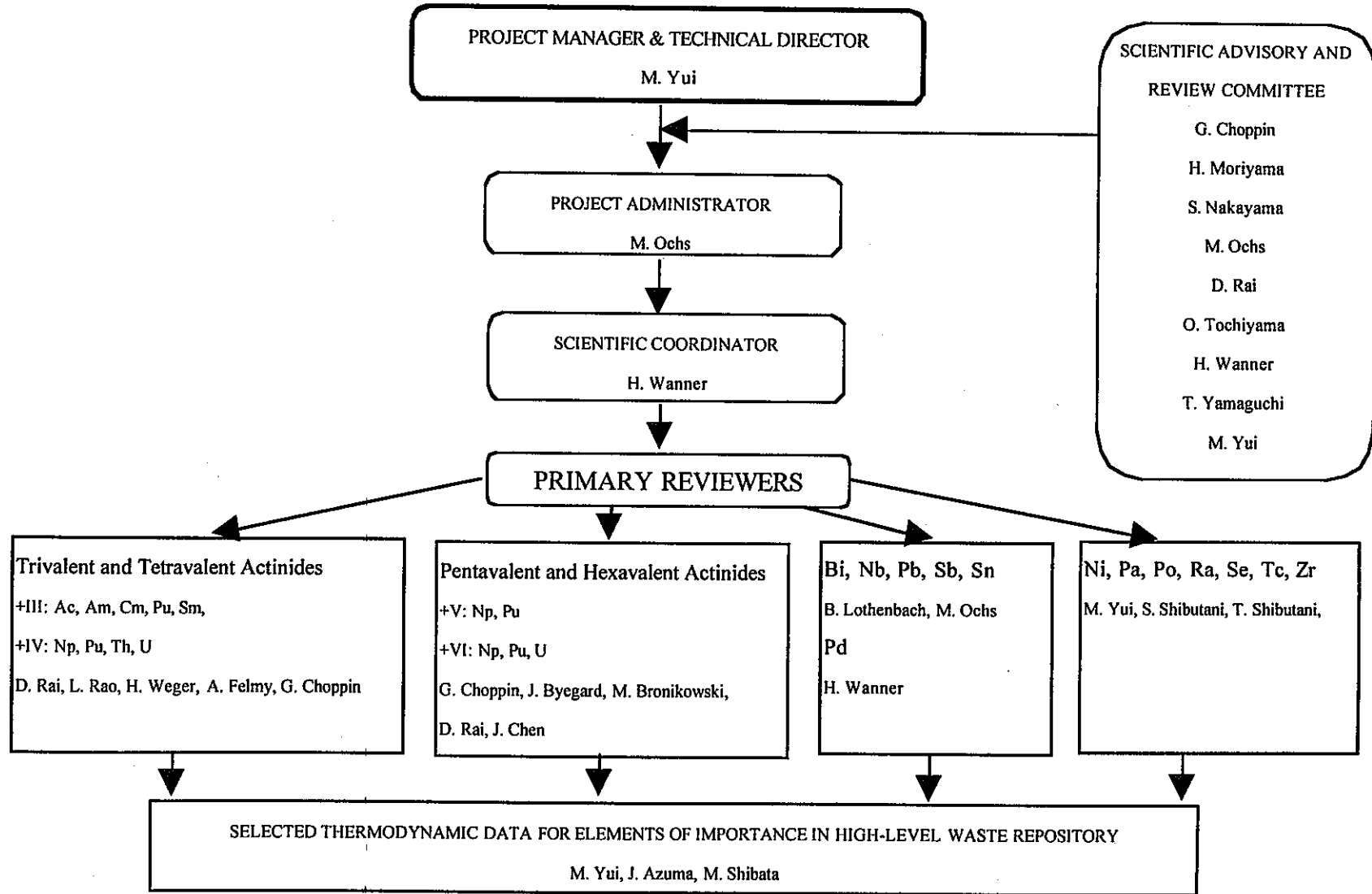


Figure 1-1 Programmatic and technical responsibilities for developing thermodynamic data for use in performance assessment

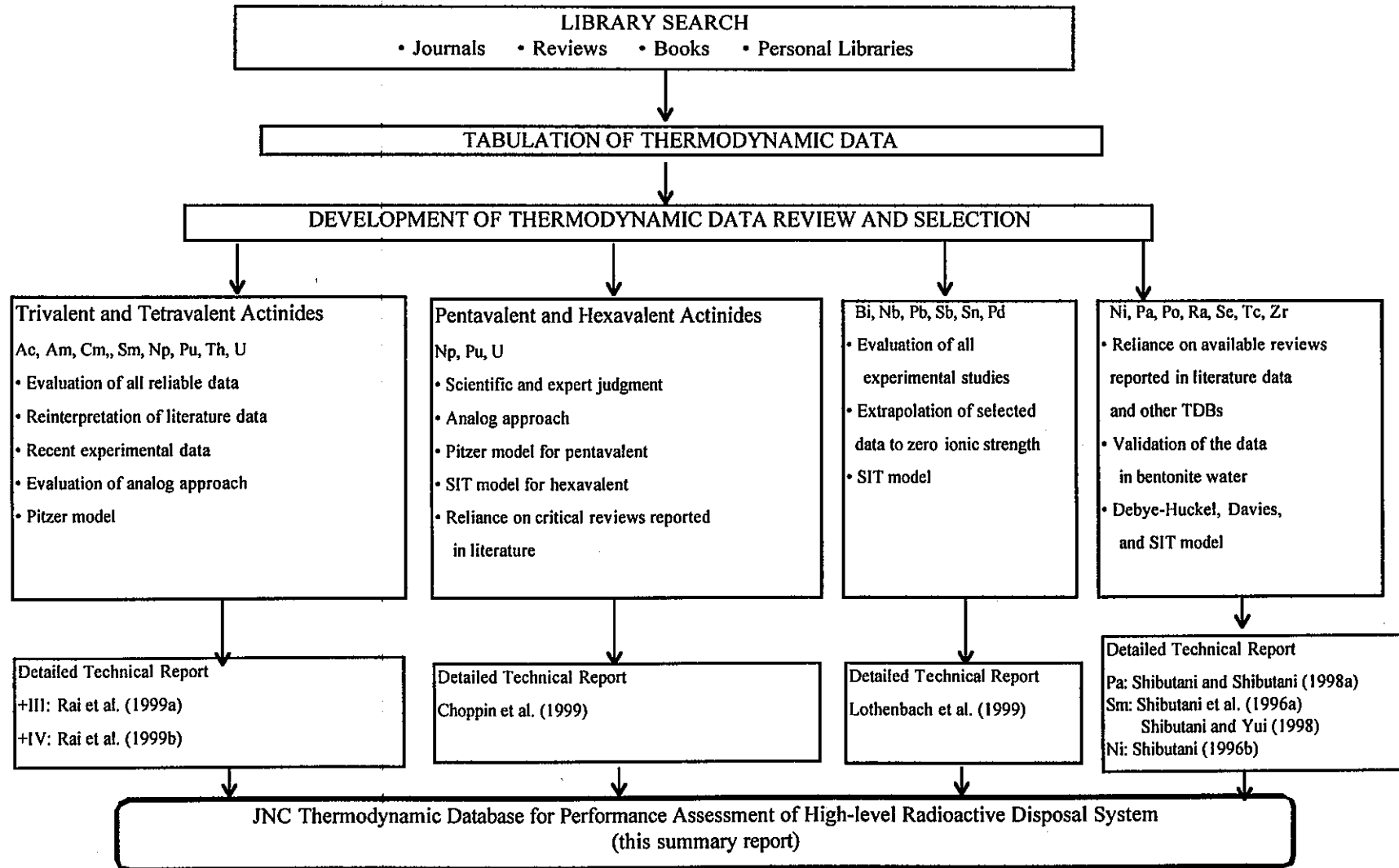


Figure 1-2 General technical approach, review, process, and technical output for developing of thermodynamic data for performance assessment calculations

## 2. SELECTED AND FROZEN DATASETS IN JNC-TDB

Status of selected and frozen thermodynamic datasets for each radioactive element in the JNC-TDB is briefly mentioned in the following subsections, which show equilibrium constants of reactions including solids and aqueous species for each radioactive element at 25 °C, zero ionic strength.

Abbreviations for different types of solids and aqueous species used in this report are listed in Table 2-1. In the reactions involving solids, designator “(cr)” means the solid is in crystalline phase, designator “(am)” means the solid is in amorphous phase, and designator “(s)” means solid phase, which was not identified as crystalline or amorphous. For minerals, designators are given by the name of minerals. For aqueous species with neutral charge, designator “(aq)” is used. An equilibrium constant is represented by  $K$ , and  $K_{sp}$  is used for solubility product.

The JNC-TDB is used in solubility estimation for the performance analysis of the geological disposal system. The JNC-TDB development and the solubility estimation for the second progress report (H12) have been carried out in parallel. Some parts of the selected and frozen datasets were consequently not used in the solubility estimation for the second progress report. In such cases, datasets used in the solubility estimation are given in Appendix-2.

Table 2-1 Abbreviations for Differential Types of Solid, Aqueous Species and Constants in JNC-TDB

Abbreviation	Meaning
(cr)	crystalline phase
(am)	amorphous phase
(s)	undecided solid phase
(minerals name)	minerals
(aq)	aqueous species with neutral charge
$K$	equilibrium constant
$K_{sp}$	solubility product constant

## 2.1 Lanthanide and Actinide Elements

This section shows the status and frozen thermodynamic data of the JNC-TDB development for lanthanides and actinides of the radioactive elements as mentioned in the introduction.

### 2.1.1 Actinium (Ac), Americium (Am), Curium (Cm), and Samarium (Sm)

Sm, Ac, Am and Cm of lanthanide and actinide elements have chemically analogous properties in aquatic chemistry, because these elements tend to form trivalent species and solids in aquatic system, and have similar ionic radii. Pu(III) mentioned in subsection 2.1.6 is also analogous to these elements. Of these elements, thermodynamic data for Am have been reviewed in detail by experts.

For Am, the PNC-TDB\_H-3 included thermodynamic data given by Rai et al. (1983) and Felmy et al. (1990). In 1995, OECD/NEA published carefully reviewed thermodynamic data for Am (Silva et al., 1995), where the activity corrections were carried out with the use of specific ion interaction theory (SIT). These data were discussed comparing with PNC-TDB\_H-3 and some related experimental data by Shibutani (1997a). Rai et al. (1999a) compiled thermodynamic data (equilibrium constants and Pitzer parameters) for actinide (III) in detail based on the Pitzer model for activity corrections. Choppin et al. (1999) compiled thermodynamic data of redox reactions for Am. Based on these four reports and the discussion in the scientific advisory and review committee in the JNC-TDB development, thermodynamic data for Am adopted in the JNC-TDB were determined. Thermodynamic dataset for Am selected by Rai et al. (1999a) was recommended by the scientific advisory and review committee. The thermodynamic dataset for Am(III) adopted in the JNC-TDB is shown in Tables 2.1.1-1 and 2.1.1-2. As only trivalent is relevant redox state to expected repository conditions and ambient conditions, thermodynamic data only for Am(III) are adopted in the JNC-TDB. Data for chloride and nitrate complexes were not included because complexation with  $\text{Cl}^-$  and  $\text{NO}_3^-$  are very weak. Ion-interaction parameters for Pitzer model were only determined. Detailed information on the data selection is described in Rai et al. (1999a).

The JNC-TDB development and the solubility estimation had been carried out in parallel for the last phase for the second progress report on the geological disposal research. For the solubility estimation, the

dataset is shown in Appendix-2.

For the other trivalent actinides and rare earths, the compilations were carried out in the JNC-TDB development.

For Sm, the PNC-TDB\_H-3 did not include the thermodynamic data. In the JNC-TDB development, equilibrium constants of Sm(III)-OH and Sm(III)-CO<sub>3</sub> systems were obtained from the solubility measurements of Sm(OH)<sub>3</sub>(cr) and SmOHCO<sub>3</sub>(cr) by Shibutani (1996a), and a datum on Sm(OH)<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup> was revised by Shibutani and Yui (1998).

For Ac, thermodynamic data for Am, which is chemically analogous to Ac, were used in the PNC-TDB\_H-3. In the JNC-TDB development, thermodynamic data for Ac were not discussed. Rai et al. (1999a) discussed the data for actinides (III), but could not select the data for Ac because of the lack of reliable experimental measurements.

The PNC-TDB\_H-3 did not include the thermodynamic data for Cm. In the JNC-TDB development, Ashida and Shibutani (1995) selected thermodynamic data for Cm-OH and Cm-CO<sub>3</sub> systems comparing with experimental results of Cm-doped glass leaching (Ashida and Shibutani, 1995) and of solubility in bentonite porewater (Shibutani, 1997b).

Because of the paucity of available thermodynamic data for these elements (Sm, Ac, Cm, and Pu(III)), it was not possible to develop comprehensive datasets as was developed for Am. It is considered that the thermodynamic data for these elements are analogous to those for Am. Therefore, the scientific advisory and review committee recommended that the dataset for Am shown in Tables 2.1.1-1 and 2.1.1-2 should be applied to those for Sm(III), Ac(III), Cm(III) and Pu(III). In freezing, the datasets for Sm(III), Ac(III), Cm(III) and Pu(III) were adopted in the JNC-TDB as being chemically analogous to Am(III). For Sm, Ac, and Cm, only trivalent solid and aqueous species are adopted in JNC-TDB, as same as Am, considering their stable redox state.

Table 2.1.1-1 log Ksp values of Reactions Involving Solid Compounds of Americium(III)

Reaction	log Ksp	Reference
$\text{Am}(\text{OH})_3(\text{am}) \rightleftharpoons \text{Am}^{3+} + 3\text{OH}^-$	-25.0	Silva et al. (1995)
$\text{Am}(\text{OH})_3(\text{cr}) \rightleftharpoons \text{Am}^{3+} + 3\text{OH}^-$	-26.8	Silva et al. (1995)
$\text{Am}_2(\text{CO}_3)_3(\text{cr}) \rightleftharpoons 2\text{Am}^{3+} + 3\text{CO}_3^{2-}$	-33.4	Silva et al. (1995)
$\text{AmOHCO}_3(\text{cr}) \rightleftharpoons \text{Am}^{3+} + \text{OH}^- + \text{CO}_3^{2-}$	-22.5	Felmy et al. (1990)
$\text{NaAm}(\text{CO}_3)_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{cr}) \rightleftharpoons \text{Na}^+ + \text{Am}^{3+} + 2\text{CO}_3^{2-} + 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$	-21.40	Rai et al. (1999a)
$\text{AmPO}_4 \cdot x\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{am}) \rightleftharpoons \text{Am}^{3+} + \text{PO}_4^{3-} + x\text{H}_2\text{O}$	-24.79	Rai et al. (1992)
$\text{AmF}_3(\text{cr}) \rightleftharpoons \text{Am}^{3+} + 3\text{F}^-$	-19.5	Rai et al. (1999a)

Table 2.1.1-2 log K values of Reactions Involving Solution Species of Americium (III)

Reaction	log K	Reference
$\text{Am}^{3+} + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{AmOH}^{2+} + \text{H}^+$	-6.4	Silva et al. (1995)
$\text{Am}^{3+} + 2 \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Am}(\text{OH})_2^+ + 2\text{H}^+$	-14.1	Silva et al. (1995)
$\text{Am}^{3+} + 3 \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Am}(\text{OH})_3(\text{aq}) + 3\text{H}^+$	< -28.6 <sup>*1</sup>	Felmy et al. (1990)
$\text{Am}^{3+} + \text{F}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{AmF}^{2+}$	3.4	Silva et al. (1995)
$\text{Am}^{3+} + 2\text{F}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{AmF}_2^+$	5.8	Silva et al. (1995)
$\text{Am}^{3+} + 3\text{F}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{AmF}_3(\text{aq})$	< 11.2 <sup>*1</sup>	Rai et al. (1999a)
$\text{Am}^{3+} + \text{CO}_3^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{AmCO}_3^+$	7.6	Felmy et al. (1990)
$\text{Am}^{3+} + 2\text{CO}_3^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{Am}(\text{CO}_3)_2^-$	12.3	Felmy et al. (1990)
$\text{Am}^{3+} + 3\text{CO}_3^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{Am}(\text{CO}_3)_3^{3-}$	15.2	Felmy et al. (1990)
$\text{Am}^{3+} + \text{H}_2\text{PO}_4^- \rightleftharpoons \text{AmH}_2\text{PO}_4^{2+}$	2.74	Rai et al. (1999a)

\*1 This value is the detection limit in literature.



## 2.1.2 Thorium (Th)

The PNC-TDB\_H-3 included thermodynamic data for Th given by Harwell R12324 (Cross et al., 1987). Solids and aqueous species of Th(IV) are considered to be dominant in geological disposal system. In the JNC-TDB development, Rai et al. (1999b) selected thermodynamic data (equilibrium constants and Pitzer parameters) for Th(IV) based on the Pitzer model for activity corrections. As a result, the data for OH<sup>-</sup>, CO<sub>3</sub><sup>2-</sup>, SO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup>, F<sup>-</sup>, and NO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup> complexes were more developed than those of the PNC-TDB\_H-3, that were recommended by the scientific advisory and review committee. In freezing, the thermodynamic dataset for Th(IV) were adopted in the JNC-TDB as shown in Tables 2.1.2-1 and 2.1.2-2.

Table 2.1.2-1 log Ksp Values of Reactions Involving Solid Compounds of Thorium (IV)

Reaction	log Ksp	Reference
$\text{ThO}_2(\text{am}) + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Th}^{4+} + 4\text{OH}^-$	-45.5	Felmy et al. (1991)
$\text{ThO}_2(\text{cr}) + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Th}^{4+} + 4\text{OH}^-$	-54.2	Rai et al. (1987)
$\text{ThO}_2(\text{am}) + \text{H}^+ + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{CO}_3^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{Th}(\text{OH})_3\text{CO}_3^-$	6.78	Östholts et al. (1994)
$\text{ThO}_2(\text{am}) + 4\text{H}^+ + 5\text{CO}_3^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{Th}(\text{CO}_3)_5^{6-} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	37.6	Felmy et al. (1997)
$\text{ThF}_4 \cdot n\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{s}) + 4\text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{Th}^{4+} + 4\text{HF} + n\text{H}_2\text{O}$	-16.29	Felmy et al. (1993)
$\text{ThF}_4 \cdot \text{NaF} \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{cr}) + 5\text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{Th}^{4+} + \text{Na}^+ + 5\text{HF} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	-18.23	Felmy et al. (1993)
$\text{ThF}_4 \cdot \text{NH}_4\text{F}(\text{s}) + 5\text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{Th}^{4+} + \text{NH}_4^+ + 5\text{HF}$	-18.09	Felmy et al. (1993)

Table 2.1.2-2 log K Values of Reactions Involving Solution Species of Thorium (IV) \*1

Reaction	log K	Reference
$\text{Th}^{4+} + 4\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Th}(\text{OH})_4(\text{aq}) + 4\text{H}^+$	≤ -19.7	Ryan and Rai (1987)
$\text{Th}^{4+} + 3\text{SO}_4^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{Th}(\text{SO}_4)_3^{2-}$	12.42	Felmy and Rai (1992)
$\text{Th}^{4+} + 3\text{F}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{ThF}_3^+$	18.89	Felmy et al. (1993)
$\text{Th}^{4+} + 4\text{F}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{ThF}_4(\text{aq})$	22.33	Felmy et al. (1993)
$\text{Th}^{4+} + 5\text{F}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{ThF}_5^-$	24.76	Felmy et al. (1993)
$\text{Th}^{4+} + 6\text{F}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{ThF}_6^{2-}$	25.56	Felmy et al. (1993)
$\text{Th}^{4+} + \text{NO}_3^- \rightleftharpoons \text{ThNO}_3^{3+}$	2.5 *2	Rai et al. (1999b)

\*1 For accurate thermodynamic model, associated ion-interaction parameters for these species and for chloride are required and reported in Rai et al. (1999b).

\*2 estimated value.

### 2.1.3 Protactinium (Pa)

The PNC-TDB\_H-3 included thermodynamic data for Pa in the Harwell R12324 (Cross et al., 1987). In the JNC-TDB development, Shibutani and Shibutani (1998a) selected thermodynamic data for Pa for the redox and hydrolysis reactions as shown in Tables 2.1.3-1 and 2.1.3-2. At present, there is no thermodynamic data for Pa-CO<sub>3</sub> system. In case of no data for an object element, chemical analogy is generally adopted. However, the chemical properties of Pa are very different from those of other actinides, because the pentavalent state is ordinarily stable in aquatic system of Pa. Hence the scientific advisory and review committee recommended that chemical analogy with other actinides is inadequate for Pa.

In freezing, the dataset by Shibutani and Shibutani (1998a) was adopted in the JNC-TDB. In future, it will be necessary to carry out solubility measurement for Pa in high carbonate-concentrated water system for the thermodynamic data development.

Table 2.1.3-1 log K Values of Reactions Involving Solid Compounds of Protactinium

Reaction	log K	Reference
$\text{PaO}_2(\text{cr}) + 4\text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{Pa}^{4+} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	0.6	Baes and Mesmer (1976)
$\text{Pa}_2\text{O}_5(\text{s}) + 10\text{H}^+ + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons 2\text{Pa}^{4+} + 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$	-8.72	Shibutani and Shibutani (1998a)
$\text{PaCl}_4(\text{cr}) \rightleftharpoons \text{Pa}^{4+} + 4\text{Cl}^-$	24.01	Shibutani and Shibutani (1998a)
$\text{PaCl}_5(\text{cr}) \rightleftharpoons \text{Pa}^{4+} + 5\text{Cl}^- + \text{e}^-$	32.85	Shibutani and Shibutani (1998a)

Table 2.1.3-2 log K Values of Reactions Involving Solution Species of Protactinium

Reaction	log K	Reference
$\text{Pa}^{4+} + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{PaOH}^{3+} + \text{H}^+$	0.84	Baes and Mesmer (1976)
$\text{Pa}^{4+} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Pa}(\text{OH})_2^{2+} + 2\text{H}^+$	-0.02	Baes and Mesmer (1976)
$\text{Pa}^{4+} + 3\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Pa}(\text{OH})_3^+ + 3\text{H}^+$	-1.5	Baes and Mesmer (1976)
$\text{Pa}^{4+} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{PaOOH}^{2+} + 3\text{H}^+ + \text{e}^-$	1.86	Fuger and Oetting (1976)
$\text{Pa}^{4+} + 3\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{PaO}(\text{OH})_2^+ + 4\text{H}^+ + \text{e}^-$	0.85	Shibutani and Shibutani (1998a)
$\text{Pa}^{4+} + 4\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{PaO}(\text{OH})_3(\text{aq}) + 5\text{H}^+ + \text{e}^-$	-3.6	Shibutani and Shibutani (1998a)

### 2.1.4 Uranium (U)

The PNC-TDB\_H-3 used thermodynamic data for U as reported by Grenthe et al. (1992). Solids and aqueous species for U(IV) are considered to be very important under reducing conditions. In the JNC-TDB development, Yui and Makino (1996) discussed thermodynamic data for U(IV)O<sub>2</sub>(am), U(IV)-OH and U(IV)-HPO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup> complexes focused on filtration technique, control of redox conditions in the experiments. The pore-size corresponding to the microstructure of highly compacted bentonite would be around 10 Å. Thermodynamic data for autunite minerals were also discussed by Yui and Makino (1996) based on natural analogue study. In the JNC-TDB development, Rai et al. (1999b) selected thermodynamic data (equilibrium constants and Pitzer parameters) for U(IV) based on chemical analogy with other tetravalent actinides, and recent experimental data that were interpreted using the Pitzer model for activity corrections. In this compilation, thermodynamic data for U(IV) hydroxide, sulfate, carbonate, hydroxo-carbonate complexes, and U(IV)O<sub>2</sub>(am) were discussed in detail. Choppin et al. (1999) selected thermodynamic data for redox reactions for U and compiled data for reactions including solid and aqueous species of and U(VI).

Based on these reports in the JNC-TDB development, the scientific advisory and review committee reviewed the thermodynamic data. From views of experts, the committee consequently recommended:

- 1) thermodynamic data for redox reactions for U selected by Grenthe et al. (1992) and by Choppin et al. (1999) should be adopted in the JNC-TDB (see Table 2.1.4-1);
  - 2) thermodynamic data for U(IV) recommended by Rai et al. (1999b) should be adopted in the JNC-TDB (see Tables 2.1.4-2 and 2.1.4-3);
  - 3) the JNC-TDB should not include thermodynamic data for U(V) except for redox reaction of  $\text{UO}_2^{2+}/\text{UO}_2^+$  because of the unavailability of reliable data for U(V) solids and complexes;
- and
- 4) thermodynamic data for U(VI) from Grenthe et al. (1992) should be adopted in the JNC-TDB (see Tables 2.1.4-4 and 2.1.4-5).

In freezing, the dataset for U was adopted in the JNC-TDB as shown in Tables 2.1.4-1, 2.1.4-2, 2.1.4-3, 2.1.4-4 and 2.1.4-5. Table 2.1.4-4 shows a portion of U(VI) compounds selected by Grenthe et al. (1992).

Table 2.1.4-1 log K values of Redox Reactions of Uranium

Reaction	log K	Reference
$U^{4+} + e^- \rightleftharpoons U^{3+}$	-9.353	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$UO_2^{2+} + 2e^- + 4H^+ \rightleftharpoons U^{4+} + 2H_2O$	9.038	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$UO_2^{2+} + e^- \rightleftharpoons UO_2^+$	1.484	Grenthe et al. (1992)

Table 2.1.4-2 log Ksp values of Reactions Involving Solid Compounds of Uranium (IV)

Reaction	log Ksp	Reference
$UO_2(am) + 2H_2O \rightleftharpoons U^{4+} + 4OH^-$	-53.45	Rai et al. (1997)
$UO_2(am) + 2HCO_3^- \rightleftharpoons U(OH)_2(CO_3)_2^{2-}$	-4.8	Rai et al. (1998)
$UO_2(am) + 2H_2O \rightleftharpoons U(OH)_4(aq)$	< -8.7 *1	Yajima et al. (1995)
$UO_2(am) + 4H^+ + 5CO_3^{2-} \rightleftharpoons U(CO_3)_5^{6-} + 2H_2O$	33.8	Rai et al. (1998)

\*1 This value is the detection limit in literature.

Table 2.1.4-3 log K values of Reactions Involving Solution Species of Uranium (IV) \*1

Reaction	log K	Reference
$U^{4+} + H_2O \rightleftharpoons UOH^{3+} + H^+$	-0.50	Rai et al. (1990)
$U^{4+} + SO_4^{2-} \rightleftharpoons USO_4^{2+}$	9.0	Rai et al. (1999b)
$U^{4+} + 2SO_4^{2-} \rightleftharpoons U(SO_4)_2(aq)$	11.7	Rai et al. (1999b)
$U^{4+} + 5CO_3^{2-} \rightleftharpoons U(CO_3)_5^{6-}$	31.29	Rai et al. (1998)
$U^{4+} + 2CO_3^{2-} + 2OH^- \rightleftharpoons U(OH)_2(CO_3)_2^{2-}$	41.33	Rai et al. (1998)
$U^{4+} + NO_3^- \rightleftharpoons UNO_3^{3+}$	1.47	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$U^{4+} + 2NO_3^- \rightleftharpoons U(NO_3)_2^{2+}$	2.30	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$U^{4+} + F^- \rightleftharpoons UF^{3+}$	9.28	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$U^{4+} + 2F^- \rightleftharpoons UF_2^{2+}$	16.23	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$U^{4+} + 3F^- \rightleftharpoons UF_3^+$	21.60	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$U^{4+} + 4F^- \rightleftharpoons UF_4(aq)$	25.60	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$U^{4+} + 5F^- \rightleftharpoons UF_5^-$	27.01	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$U^{4+} + 6F^- \rightleftharpoons UF_6^{2-}$	29.08	Grenthe et al. (1992)

\*1 For accurate thermodynamic model valid to high ionic strength, see Rai et al. (1997 and 1999b) for ion-interaction parameters for some of these species and for  $U^{4+}$  with chloride.

Table 2.1.4-4 log K values of Reactions Involving Solid Compounds of Uranium (VI)

Reaction	log K	Reference
$\alpha\text{-UO}_3 + 2\text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2^{2+} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	8.632*	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\beta\text{-UO}_3 + 2\text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2^{2+} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	8.302*	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\gamma\text{-UO}_3 + 2\text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2^{2+} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	7.702*	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\alpha\text{-UO}_3 \cdot 0.9\text{H}_2\text{O} + 2\text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2^{2+} + 1.9\text{H}_2\text{O}$	5.002*	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\beta\text{-UO}_2(\text{OH})_2 + 2\text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2^{2+} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	4.932*	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\text{UO}_3 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{cr}) + 2\text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2^{2+} + 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$	4.812*	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\text{UF}_6(\text{cr}) - 4\text{H}^+ + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2^{2+} + 6\text{F}^-$	17.202*	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\text{UO}_2(\text{IO}_3)_2(\text{cr}) \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2^{2+} + 2\text{IO}_3^-$	-7.880	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\text{UO}_2\text{SO}_4 \cdot 3.5\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{cr}) \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2^{2+} + \text{SO}_4^{2-} + 3.5\text{H}_2\text{O}$	-1.585	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\text{UO}_2\text{SO}_4 \cdot 2.5\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{cr}) \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2^{2+} + \text{SO}_4^{2-} + 2.5\text{H}_2\text{O}$	-1.589	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\text{UO}_2\text{CO}_3(\text{cr}) \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2^{2+} + \text{CO}_3^{2-}$	-14.490	Silva et al. (1995)
$\text{Na}_4\text{UO}_2(\text{CO}_3)_3(\text{cr}) \rightleftharpoons 4\text{Na}^+ + \text{UO}_2(\text{CO}_3)_3^{4-}$	-5.340	Grenthe et al. (1992)

\* log K value of the reaction based on Gibbs free energy  $\Delta_r G$  in Grenthe et al. (1992)

Table 2.1.4-5 log K values of Reactions Involving Solution Species of Uranium (VI)

Reaction	log K	Reference
$\text{UO}_2^{2+} + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2\text{OH}^+ + \text{H}^+$	-5.200	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\text{UO}_2^{2+} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2(\text{OH})_2(\text{aq}) + 2\text{H}^+$	< -10.300 * <sup>1</sup>	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\text{UO}_2^{2+} + 3\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2(\text{OH})_3 + 3\text{H}^+$	-19.200	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\text{UO}_2^{2+} + 4\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2(\text{OH})_4^{2-} + 4\text{H}^+$	-33.000	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$2\text{UO}_2^{2+} + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons (\text{UO}_2)_2\text{OH}^{3+} + \text{H}^+$	-2.700	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$2\text{UO}_2^{2+} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons (\text{UO}_2)_2(\text{OH})_2^{2+} + 2\text{H}^+$	-5.620	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$3\text{UO}_2^{2+} + 4\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons (\text{UO}_2)_3(\text{OH})_4^{2+} + 4\text{H}^+$	-11.900	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$3\text{UO}_2^{2+} + 5\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons (\text{UO}_2)_3(\text{OH})_5^+ + 5\text{H}^+$	-15.550	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$3\text{UO}_2^{2+} + 7\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons (\text{UO}_2)_3(\text{OH})_7^- + 7\text{H}^+$	-31.000	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$4\text{UO}_2^{2+} + 7\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons (\text{UO}_2)_4(\text{OH})_7^+ + 7\text{H}^+$	-21.900	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\text{UO}_2^{2+} + \text{F}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2\text{F}^+$	5.090	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\text{UO}_2^{2+} + 2\text{F}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2\text{F}_2(\text{aq})$	8.620	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\text{UO}_2^{2+} + 3\text{F}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2\text{F}_3^-$	10.900	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\text{UO}_2^{2+} + 4\text{F}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2\text{F}_4^{2-}$	11.700	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\text{UO}_2^{2+} + \text{Cl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2\text{Cl}^+$	0.170	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\text{UO}_2^{2+} + 2\text{Cl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2\text{Cl}_2(\text{aq})$	-1.100	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\text{UO}_2^{2+} + \text{ClO}_3^- \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2\text{ClO}_3^+$	0.500	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\text{UO}_2^{2+} + \text{Br}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2\text{Br}^+$	0.220	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\text{UO}_2^{2+} + \text{BrO}_3^- \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2\text{BrO}_3^+$	0.630	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\text{UO}_2^{2+} + \text{IO}_3^- \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2\text{IO}_3^+$	2.000	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\text{UO}_2^{2+} + 2\text{IO}_3^- \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2(\text{IO}_3)_2(\text{aq})$	3.590	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\text{UO}_2^{2+} + \text{SO}_3^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2\text{SO}_3(\text{aq})$	6.600	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\text{UO}_2^{2+} + \text{S}_2\text{O}_3^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_3(\text{aq})$	2.800	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\text{UO}_2^{2+} + \text{SO}_4^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2\text{SO}_4(\text{aq})$	3.150	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\text{UO}_2^{2+} + 2\text{SO}_4^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2(\text{SO}_4)_2^{2-}$	4.140	Grenthe et al. (1992)

continue to next page.

Table 2.1.4-5 log K values of Reactions Involving Solution Species of Uranium (VI) (continued)

$\text{UO}_2^{2+} + \text{N}_3^- \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2\text{N}_3^+$	2.580	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\text{UO}_2^{2+} + 2\text{N}_3^- \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2(\text{N}_3)_2(\text{aq})$	4.330	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\text{UO}_2^{2+} + 3\text{N}_3^- \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2(\text{N}_3)_3^-$	5.740	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\text{UO}_2^{2+} + 4\text{N}_3^- \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2(\text{N}_3)_4^{2-}$	4.920	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\text{UO}_2^{2+} + \text{NO}_3^- \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2\text{NO}_3^+$	0.300	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\text{UO}_2^{2+} + \text{PO}_4^{3-} \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2\text{PO}_4^-$	13.230	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\text{UO}_2^{2+} + \text{HPO}_4^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2\text{HPO}_4(\text{aq})$	7.240	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\text{UO}_2^{2+} + \text{H}_3\text{PO}_4(\text{aq}) \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2\text{H}_2\text{PO}_4^+ + \text{H}^+$	1.120	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\text{UO}_2^{2+} + \text{H}_3\text{PO}_4(\text{aq}) \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4^{2+}$	0.760	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\text{UO}_2^{2+} + 2\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4(\text{aq}) \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2(\text{H}_2\text{PO}_4)_2(\text{aq}) + 2\text{H}^+$	0.640	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\text{UO}_2^{2+} + 2\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4(\text{aq}) \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2(\text{H}_2\text{PO}_4)(\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4)^+ + \text{H}^+$	1.650	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\text{UO}_2^{2+} + \text{CO}_3^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2\text{CO}_3(\text{aq})$	9.670	Silva et al. (1995)
$\text{UO}_2^{2+} + 2\text{CO}_3^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2(\text{CO}_3)_2^{2-}$	16.940	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\text{UO}_2^{2+} + 3\text{CO}_3^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2(\text{CO}_3)_3^{4-}$	21.600	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$3\text{UO}_2^{2+} + 6\text{CO}_3^{2-} \rightleftharpoons (\text{UO}_2)_3(\text{CO}_3)_6^{6-}$	54.000	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$2\text{UO}_2(\text{CO}_3)_3^{4-} + \text{PuO}_2(\text{CO}_3)_3^{4-} \rightleftharpoons (\text{UO}_2)_2(\text{PuO}_2)(\text{CO}_3)_6^{6-} + 3\text{CO}_3^{2-}$	-8.200	Silva et al. (1995)
$2\text{UO}_2(\text{CO}_3)_3^{4-} + \text{NpO}_2(\text{CO}_3)_3^{4-} \rightleftharpoons (\text{UO}_2)_2(\text{NpO}_2)(\text{CO}_3)_6^{6-} + 3\text{CO}_3^{2-}$	-9.400	Silva et al. (1995)
$\text{UO}_2^{2+} + \text{SCN}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2\text{SCN}^+$	1.400	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\text{UO}_2^{2+} + 2\text{SCN}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2(\text{SCN})_2(\text{aq})$	1.240	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$\text{UO}_2^{2+} + 3\text{SCN}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{UO}_2(\text{SCN})_3^-$	2.100	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$2\text{UO}_2^{2+} + 3\text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{CO}_3^{2-} \rightleftharpoons (\text{UO}_2)_2\text{CO}_3(\text{OH})_3^- + 3\text{H}^+$	-0.858 <sup>*2</sup>	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$3\text{UO}_2^{2+} + 3\text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{CO}_3^{2-} \rightleftharpoons (\text{UO}_2)_3\text{O}(\text{OH})_2(\text{HCO}_3)^+ + 3\text{H}^+$	0.652 <sup>*2</sup>	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$11\text{UO}_2^{2+} + 12\text{H}_2\text{O} + 6\text{CO}_3^{2-} \rightleftharpoons (\text{UO}_2)_{11}(\text{CO}_3)_6(\text{OH})_{12}^{2-} + 12\text{H}^+$	36.427 <sup>*2</sup>	Grenthe et al. (1992)

\*1 The log K value is a maximum value.

\*2 log K value of the reaction based on Gibbs free energy  $\Delta_f G$  in Grenthe et al. (1992)

### 2.1.5 Neptunium (Np)

The PNC-TDB\_H-3 used thermodynamic data for Np reported by Cross et al. (1987). In the JNC-TDB development, Shibutani et al. (1998) compiled thermodynamic data for Np-OH, Np-CO<sub>3</sub><sup>2-</sup>, Np-SO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup> and Np-Cl species, and recommended some data. Rai et al. (1999b) compiled thermodynamic data (equilibrium constants and Pitzer parameters) for Np(IV) in detail based on chemical analogy with other tetravalent actinides, and recent experimental data that were interpreted using the Pitzer model for activity corrections. In this compilation, thermodynamic data for Np(IV) complexes with OH<sup>-</sup>, CO<sub>3</sub><sup>2-</sup>, and SO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup> along with the solubility product for Np(IV)O<sub>2</sub>(am) were discussed in detail. Rai et al. (1999d) measured solubility of NpO<sub>2</sub>(am) in high carbonate concentrations to obtain thermodynamic data of Np(IV) carbonate and hydroxo-carbonate complex using Pitzer model. In this experiment, the solubilities of NpO<sub>2</sub>(am) were measured in carbonate media under reducing conditions similar to the case of Eriksen et al. (1993), whose equilibrium constants for Np(IV) hydroxo-carbonate complexes were adopted by Shibutani et al. (1998). Choppin et al. (1999) discussed thermodynamic data for Np(V) hydroxide, sulfate, carbonate, phosphate complexes focused on the 1st step-wise complex formation. Thermodynamic data for redox reactions of Np were also discussed by Choppin et al. (1999).

Based on these reports, in the JNC-TDB development, the scientific advisory and review committee reviewed the thermodynamic data. From the view of experts, the committee consequently recommended:

1) thermodynamic data for redox reactions for Np adopted by Fuger and Oetting (1976) and selected by Choppin et al. (1999) should be adopted in the JNC-TDB;

2) thermodynamic data for Np(IV) recommend by Rai et al. (1999b) should be basically adopted in the JNC-TDB; those for Np(IV) carbonate and hydroxo-carbonate complexes determined by Rai et al. (1999d) should be adopted in the JNC-TDB;

and

3) thermodynamic data for Np(V) recommended by Choppin et al. (1999) should be basically adopted in the JNC-TDB.

On the other hand, the committee suggested the consideration of the recent data by Neck et al. (1992) and Neck et al. (1995) for Np(V)-OH, and Np(V)-CO<sub>3</sub><sup>2-</sup> system. Shibutani et al. (1998) selected

thermodynamic data on solids and aqueous phase for Np(V)-OH<sup>-</sup> and Np(V)-CO<sub>3</sub><sup>2-</sup> system using the SIT model, including the data by Neck's group. However, in the derivation of data at I=0, molarity [mol/l] was used instead of molality [mol/kg]. In general, molality [mol/kg] should be used in the SIT model and chemical thermodynamics. Therefore, data determined by Shibutani et al. (1998) were not selected, and the data reported by Neck et al. (1992) were directly adopted for Np(V)-OH in the JNC-TDB. The datum recommended by Fuger et al. (1992) was adopted for NpO<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup> tentatively following the recommendation by Choppin et al. (1999) (datum was adopted from the original reference), because Neck et al. (1995) is not reporting data at I=0.

In freezing, the dataset for Np was adopted in the JNC-TDB as shown in Tables 2.1.5-1, 2.1.5-2, 2.1.5-3, 2.1.5-4 and 2.1.5-5. The JNC-TDB development and the solubility estimation have been carried out in parallel for the last phase of the second progress report on the geological disposal research. For the solubility estimation, the dataset is shown in Appendix-2.

Table 2.1.5-1 log K values of Redox Reactions of Neptunium

Reaction	log K	Reference
$\text{Np}^{4+} + e^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Np}^{3+}$	2.49	Fuger and Oetting (1976)
$\text{NpO}_2^+ + e^- + 4\text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{Np}^{4+} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	10.89	Fuger and Oetting (1976)
$\text{NpO}_2^{2+} + e^- \rightleftharpoons \text{NpO}_2^+$	20.89	Fuger and Oetting (1976)

Table 2.1.5-2 log K<sub>sp</sub> values of Reactions Involving Solid Compounds of Neptunium (IV)

Reaction	log K <sub>sp</sub>	Reference
$\text{NpO}_2(\text{am}) + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Np}^{4+} + 4\text{OH}^-$	-54.5	Rai et al. (1987)
$\text{NpO}_2(\text{am}) + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Np}(\text{OH})_4(\text{aq})$	< -8.5*	Rai and Ryan (1985)

\* This value is the detection limit of literature.

Table 2.1.5-3 log K values of Reactions Involving Solution Species of Neptunium (IV) \*1

Reaction	log K	Reference
$\text{Np}^{4+} + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{NpOH}^{3+} + \text{H}^+$	-0.5	Rai et al. (1999b)
$\text{Np}^{4+} + \text{SO}_4^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{NpSO}_4^{2+}$	9.0	Xia et al. (1999)
$\text{Np}^{4+} + 2\text{SO}_4^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{Np}(\text{SO}_4)_2(\text{aq})$	11.7	Xia et al. (1999)
$\text{Np}^{4+} + 5\text{CO}_3^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{Np}(\text{CO}_3)_5^{6-}$	33.37	Rai et al. (1999d)
$\text{Np}^{4+} + 2\text{CO}_3^{2-} + 2\text{OH}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Np}(\text{OH})_2(\text{CO}_3)_2^{2-}$	42.75	Rai et al. (1999d)

\*1 For accurate thermodynamic model valid to high ionic strength, involving these species, see Rai et al. (1999b) for associated ion-interaction parameters.



Table 2.1.5-4 log Ksp values of Reactions Involving Solid Compounds of Neptunium (V)

Reaction	log Ksp	Reference
$\text{NpO}_2\text{OH(am)} \rightleftharpoons \text{NpO}_2^+ + \text{OH}^-$	-8.79	Roberts et al. (1996)
$\text{NaNpO}_2\text{CO}_3\text{(cr)} \rightleftharpoons \text{Na}^+ + \text{NpO}_2^+ + \text{CO}_3^{2-}$	-11.00	Neck et al. (1995)
$\text{Na}_3\text{NpO}_2\text{(CO}_3\text{)}_2\text{(cr)} \rightleftharpoons 3\text{Na}^+ + \text{NpO}_2^+ + 2\text{CO}_3^{2-}$	-14.32	Neck et al (1995)

Table 2.1.5-5 log K values of Reactions Involving Solution Species of Neptunium (V)

Reaction	log K	Reference
$\text{NpO}_2^+ + \text{OH}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{NpO}_2\text{OH(aq)}$	2.70	Neck et al. (1992)
$\text{NpO}_2^+ + 2\text{OH}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{NpO}_2\text{(OH)}_2^-$	4.35	Neck et al. (1992)
$\text{NpO}_2^+ + \text{CO}_3^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{NpO}_2\text{CO}_3^-$	4.9	Fuger et al. (1992)
$\text{NpO}_2^+ + \text{Cl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{NpO}_2\text{Cl(aq)}$	-0.07	Choppin et al. (1999)
$\text{NpO}_2^+ + \text{NO}_3^- \rightleftharpoons \text{NpO}_2\text{NO}_3$	1.1	Allard et al. (1978)
$\text{NpO}_2^+ + \text{F}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{NpO}_2\text{F(aq)}$	1.9	Fuger et al. (1992)
$\text{NpO}_2^+ + \text{HPO}_4^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{NpO}_2\text{HPO}_4^-$	3.4	Fuger et al. (1992)
$\text{NpO}_2^+ + \text{H}_2\text{PO}_4^- \rightleftharpoons \text{NpO}_2\text{H}_2\text{PO}_4\text{(aq)}$	1.5	Choppin et al. (1999)
$\text{NpO}_2^+ + \text{SO}_4^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{NpO}_2\text{SO}_4^-$	2	Wanner (1986)

### 2.1.6 Plutonium (Pu)

The PNC-TDB\_H-3 used thermodynamic data for Pu reported by Cross et al. (1987). In the JNC-TDB development, Shibutani and Shibutani (1998b) compiled thermodynamic data of reactions for Pu(III to VI) complexes with OH,  $\text{CO}_3^{2-}$ , and  $\text{SO}_4^{2-}$  along with equilibrium constants for redox reactions involving different Pu oxidation studies. Rai et al. (1999a) and Rai et al. (1999b) compiled thermodynamic data (equilibrium constants and Pitzer parameters) for Pu(III) and Pu(IV) by using Pitzer model. In the Pu(III) compilations, the reliability of data for Pu(III) could not be confirmed enough, except for solubility of  $\text{Pu}(\text{OH})_3(\text{s})$  as a function of pH. Recently, Rai et al. (1999c) obtained thermodynamic data for  $\text{Pu}(\text{OH})_2(\text{CO}_3)_2^{2-}$  and  $\text{Pu}(\text{CO}_3)_5^{6-}$  based on their solubility measurements of  $\text{PuO}_2(\text{am})$  using Pitzer model. Choppin et al. (1999) compiled thermodynamic data of reactions for Pu(V) and Pu(VI) and redox reactions for Pu. However, the reliability of the data for Pu(V) and Pu(VI) are not enough discussed in their report.

In solubility estimation of Pu for the performance analysis of the geological disposal, the species of  $\text{Pu}(\text{IV})(\text{OH})_2(\text{CO}_3)_2^{2-}$  is very important, because the bentonite porewater is assumed to include high carbonate concentrations ( $\approx 10^{-2}$  mol/l). Shibutani and Shibutani (1998b) selected  $\log K = 46.79$  as the equilibrium constant at zero ionic strength for the reaction of  $\text{Pu}^{4+} + 2\text{OH}^- + 2\text{CO}_3^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{Pu}(\text{IV})(\text{OH})_2(\text{CO}_3)_2^{2-}$  based on solubility measurements by Yamaguchi et al. (1994). On the other hand, Rai et al. (1999c) experimentally determined  $\log K = 44.76$  as the equilibrium constant for the same reaction. The former is about 2 orders of magnitude larger than the latter. This species is very important in case of high carbonate concentrations. The measurements by Yamaguchi et al. (1994) were carried out in the region of total carbonate concentrations,  $10^{-4} - 10^{-1}$  mol/l. On the other hand, the measurements by Rai et al. (1999c) were carried out at total carbonate concentrations ranging from 0.01 to 6.2 mol/kg.

Based on these reports in the JNC-TDB development, the scientific advisory and review committee reviewed the thermodynamic data. From views of experts, the committee consequently recommended:

- 1) thermodynamic data of redox reactions for Pu selected by Choppin et al. (1999), which was referred from Fuger and Oetting (1976) for Pu(III)/Pu(IV) and Rai (1984) for Pu(IV)/Pu(V), Pu(IV)/Pu(VI), and Pu(V)/Pu(VI), would be adopted in the JNC-TDB;
- 2) thermodynamic data for Pu(III) based on chemical analogy with Am(III) as shown in Tables 2.1.1-1 and

2.1.1-2 should be adopted in the JNC-TDB;

3) thermodynamic data for Pu(IV) compiled by Rai et al. (1999b) should be adopted in the JNC-TDB;

4) thermodynamic data for  $\text{Pu}(\text{OH})_2(\text{CO}_3)_2^{2-}$  and  $\text{Pu}(\text{CO}_3)_5^{6-}$  from Rai et al. (1999c) should be adopted in the JNC-TDB;

5) thermodynamic data for Pu(V) based on chemical analogy with Np(V) as shown in Tables 2.1.6-4 and 2.1.6-5 should be adopted in the JNC-TDB;

6) thermodynamic data for Pu(VI) solids were not considered, because the solids may not be formed in aquatic system;

and

7) thermodynamic data (first step-wise constants) for Pu(VI) aqueous species selected by Shibutani and Shibutani (1998b), in which chemical analogue to U(VI) was adopted for some species, should be adopted in the JNC-TDB.

In freezing, the dataset for Pu was adopted in the JNC-TDB as shown in Tables 2.1.6-1, 2.1.6-2, 2.1.6-3, 2.1.6-4 and 2.1.6-5. Based on chemical analogy with Am(III), thermodynamic data for Pu(III) shown in Tables 2.1.1-1 and 2.1.1-2 were adopted in the JNC-TDB. For the solubility estimation, the used dataset is shown in Appendix-2.

Table 2.1.6-1 log K values of Redox Reactions of Plutonium

Reaction	log K	Reference
$\text{Pu}^{4+} + e^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Pu}^{3+}$	16.99	Fuger and Oetting (1976)
$\text{PuO}_2^+ + e^- + 4\text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{Pu}^{4+} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	18.60	Rai (1984)
$\text{PuO}_2^{2+} + e^- \rightleftharpoons \text{PuO}_2^+$	16.16	Rai (1984)

Table 2.1.6-2 log Ksp values of Reactions Involving Solid Compounds of Plutonium (IV)

Reaction	log Ksp	Reference
$\text{PuO}_2(\text{am}) + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Pu}^{4+} + 4\text{OH}^-$	-56.85	Rai (1984)
$\text{PuO}_2(\text{am}) + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Pu}(\text{OH})_4(\text{aq})$	< -10*	Yamaguchi et al. (1994)

\* This value is the detection limit in literature.

Table 2.1.6-3 log K values of Reactions Involving Solution Species of Plutonium (IV)

Reaction	log K	Reference
$\text{Pu}^{4+} + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{PuOH}^{3+} + \text{H}^+$	-0.50	Rai et al. (1999b)
$\text{Pu}^{4+} + \text{SO}_4^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{PuSO}_4^{2+}$	9.0	Rai et al. (1999b)
$\text{Pu}^{4+} + 2\text{SO}_4^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{Pu}(\text{SO}_4)_2(\text{aq})$	11.7	Rai et al. (1999b)
$\text{Pu}^{4+} + 5\text{CO}_3^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{Pu}(\text{CO}_3)_5^{6-}$	34.18	Rai et al. (1999c)
$\text{Pu}^{4+} + 2\text{CO}_3^{2-} + 2\text{OH}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Pu}(\text{OH})_2(\text{CO}_3)_2^{2-}$	44.76	Rai et al. (1999c)

Table 2.1.6-4 log Ksp values of Reactions Involving Solid Compounds of Plutonium (V) \*1

Reaction	log Ksp	Reference
$\text{PuO}_2\text{OH}(\text{am}) \rightleftharpoons \text{PuO}_2^+ + \text{OH}^-$	-8.79	see Table 2.1.5-4
$\text{NaPuO}_2\text{CO}_3(\text{cr}) \rightleftharpoons \text{Na}^+ + \text{PuO}_2^+ + \text{CO}_3^{2-}$	-11.00	see Table 2.1.5-4
$\text{Na}_3\text{PuO}_2(\text{CO}_3)_2(\text{cr}) \rightleftharpoons 3\text{Na}^+ + \text{PuO}_2^+ + 2\text{CO}_3^{2-}$	-14.32	see Table 2.1.5-4

\*1 The scientific advisory and review committee recommended the log K value based on chemical analogy with Np(V).

Table 2.1.6-5 log K values of Reactions Involving Solution Species of Plutonium (V) \*1

Reaction	log K	Reference
$\text{PuO}_2^+ + \text{OH}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{PuO}_2\text{OH}(\text{aq})$	2.70	see Table 2.1.5-5
$\text{PuO}_2^+ + 2\text{OH}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{PuO}_2(\text{OH})_2^-$	4.35	see Table 2.1.5-5
$\text{PuO}_2^+ + \text{CO}_3^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{PuO}_2\text{CO}_3^-$	4.9	see Table 2.1.5-5
$\text{PuO}_2^+ + \text{Cl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{PuO}_2\text{Cl}(\text{aq})$	0.7	see Table 2.1.5-5
$\text{PuO}_2^+ + \text{NO}_3^- \rightleftharpoons \text{PuO}_2\text{NO}_3$	1.1	see Table 2.1.5-5
$\text{PuO}_2^+ + \text{F}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{PuO}_2\text{F}(\text{aq})$	1.9	see Table 2.1.5-5
$\text{PuO}_2^+ + \text{HPO}_4^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{PuO}_2\text{HPO}_4^-$	3.4	see Table 2.1.5-5
$\text{PuO}_2^+ + \text{H}_2\text{PO}_4^- \rightleftharpoons \text{PuO}_2\text{H}_2\text{PO}_4(\text{aq})$	1.5	see Table 2.1.5-5
$\text{PuO}_2^+ + \text{SO}_4^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{PuO}_2\text{SO}_4^-$	2	see Table 2.1.5-5

\*1 The scientific advisory and review committee recommended the log K value based on chemical analogy with Np(V).

Table 2.1.6-6 log K values of Reactions Involving Solution Species of Plutonium (VI)

Reaction	log K	Reference
$\text{PuO}_2^{2+} + \text{Cl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{PuO}_2\text{Cl}^+$	0.1	Fuger et al. (1992)
$\text{PuO}_2^{2+} + \text{F}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{PuO}_2\text{F}^+$	4.57	Fuger et al. (1992)
$\text{PuO}_2^{2+} + 2\text{F}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{PuO}_2\text{F}_2(\text{aq})$	8.24	Fuger et al. (1992)
$\text{PuO}_2^{2+} + 3\text{F}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{PuO}_2\text{F}_3^-$	9.80	Fuger et al. (1992)
$\text{PuO}_2^{2+} + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{PuO}_2\text{OH}^+ + \text{H}^+$	- 5.27	Shibutani and Shibutani (1998b)
$\text{PuO}_2^{2+} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{PuO}_2(\text{OH})_2(\text{aq}) + 2\text{H}^+$	- 12.46	Shibutani and Shibutani (1998b)
$\text{PuO}_2^{2+} + 3\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{PuO}_2(\text{OH})_3^- + 3\text{H}^+$	- 24.76	Shibutani and Shibutani (1998b)
$\text{PuO}_2^{2+} + \text{NO}_3^- \rightleftharpoons \text{PuO}_2\text{NO}_3^+$	0.3 * <sup>1</sup>	Choppin et al. (1999) / Shibutani and Shibutani (1998b) <sup>2</sup>
$\text{PuO}_2^{2+} + \text{CO}_3^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{PuO}_2\text{CO}_3(\text{aq})$	9.56	Pshaliddis et al. (1997)
$\text{PuO}_2^{2+} + 2\text{CO}_3^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{PuO}_2(\text{CO}_3)_2^{2-}$	15.0	Pshaliddis et al. (1997)
$\text{PuO}_2^{2+} + 3\text{CO}_3^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{PuO}_2(\text{CO}_3)_3^{4-}$	17.53	Pshaliddis et al. (1997)
$\text{PuO}_2^{2+} + \text{HPO}_4^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{PuO}_2\text{HPO}_4(\text{aq})$	7.24 * <sup>1</sup>	Shibutani and Shibutani (1998b)
$\text{PuO}_2^{2+} + \text{H}_3\text{PO}_4(\text{aq}) \rightleftharpoons \text{PuO}_2\text{H}_2\text{PO}_4^+ + \text{H}^+$	1.12 * <sup>1</sup>	Shibutani and Shibutani (1998b)
$\text{PuO}_2^{2+} + \text{SO}_4^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{PuO}_2\text{SO}_4(\text{aq})$	3.15 * <sup>1</sup>	Shibutani and Shibutani (1998b)
$\text{PuO}_2^{2+} + 2\text{SO}_4^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{PuO}_2(\text{SO}_4)_2^{2-}$	4.14 * <sup>1</sup>	Shibutani and Shibutani (1998b)

\*1 The log K value was given by chemical analogy with U(VI).

\*2 The estimated value by Choppin et al. (1999) is coincident with recommended value by Shibutani and Shibutani (1998b) considering chemical analogy with U(VI).

## 2.2 Non-actinide elements

This section shows the status and frozen thermodynamic data for non-actinide elements except for samarium(Sm) in the JNC-TDB development. Thermodynamic data for cesium (Cs), which are not included in the JNC-TDB, because this element is soluble.

### 2.2.1 Niobium (Nb)

The PNC-TDB\_H-3 didn't include thermodynamic data for Nb. In the JNC-TDB development, Lothenbach et al. (1999) discussed thermodynamic data for Nb-OH, Nb-O, Nb-Cl<sup>-</sup> and Nb-F<sup>-</sup> systems. They consequently selected the data for Nb(V) based on solubility measurements of Nb<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>(s) by Yajima et al. (1992) and Yajima (1994) as shown in Table 2.2.1. That was recommended by the scientific advisory and review committee from the view of experts.

In freezing, the dataset of only two reactions for Nb was adopted in the JNC-TDB as shown in Table 2.2.1. At present, the thermodynamic data for other ligands could not be given in the JNC-TDB development.

Table 2.2.1 log K values of Niobium

Reaction	log K	Reference
$\text{Nb}(\text{OH})_5(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Nb}(\text{OH})_6^- + \text{H}^+$	-6.6	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Nb}_2\text{O}_5(\text{s}) + 5\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons 2\text{Nb}(\text{OH})_5(\text{aq})$	-16.0	Lothenbach et al. (1999)

### 2.2.2 Technetium (Tc)

The PNC-TDB\_H-3 mainly included thermodynamic data for Tc of OECD/NEA (1989) which just compiled data by Rard (1983) and included those of Phillips et al. (1988) for a few reactions including solids. In the JNC-TDB development, the data were not revised. Hence, the data shown in Tables 2.2.2-1 and 2.2.2-2 were used for the solubility estimation for the performance analysis of geological disposal system.

Recently, Yamaguchi and Takeda (1999) discussed thermodynamic data for Tc based on original literature and several TDBs. In the near future, OECD/NEA will publish a thermodynamic database for Tc reviewed by experts similar to those for U and Am. Then, it will be necessary to discuss to adopt those in the JNC-TDB.

Table 2.2.2-1 log K Values of Involving Solid Compounds of Technetium

Reaction *	log K	Reference
$\text{Tc}(\text{OH})_3(\text{s}) + \text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{TcO}^{2+} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{e}^-$	-14.63	OECD/NEA (1989)
$\text{Tc}_2\text{O}_7(\text{cr}) \rightleftharpoons 2\text{TcO}_4^- + 5\text{H}_2\text{O} - 10\text{H}^+ - 6\text{H}^+$	13.11	OECD/NEA (1989)
$\text{Tc}_3\text{O}_4(\text{s}) + 2\text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons 3\text{TcO}^{2+} + \text{H}_2\text{O} + 4\text{e}^-$	-56.89	OECD/NEA (1989)
$\text{Tc}_4\text{O}_7(\text{s}) + 6\text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons 4\text{TcO}^{2+} + 3\text{H}_2\text{O} + 2\text{e}^-$	-36.79	OECD/NEA (1989)
$\text{TcO}_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{am}) + 2\text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{TcO}^{2+} + 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$	-4.23	OECD/NEA (1989)
$\text{TcO}_3(\text{cr}) + 4\text{H}^+ + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{TcO}^{2+} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	19.96	OECD/NEA (1989)
$\text{NaTcO}_4(\text{cr}) + 6\text{H}^+ + 3\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Na}^+ + \text{TcO}^{2+} + 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$	35.54	OECD/NEA (1989)
$\text{HTcO}_4(\text{pertechn}) + 5\text{H}^+ + 3\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{TcO}^{2+} + 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$	38.97	OECD/NEA (1989)
$\text{TcO}_2(\text{cr}) + 2\text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{TcO}^{2+} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	-19.76	Phillips et al. (1988)
$\text{Tc}(\text{OH})_2(\text{s}) \rightleftharpoons \text{TcO}^{2+} + \text{H}_2\text{O} + 2\text{e}^-$	-21.63	Phillips et al. (1988)
$\text{Tc}(\text{cr}) + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{TcO}^{2+} + 2\text{H}^+ + 4\text{e}^-$	-23.94	Phillips et al. (1988)

\* The reactions are described in PHREEQE format.

Table 2.2.2-2 log K values of Reaction Involving Solution Species of Technetium

Reaction *	log K	Reference
$2\text{TcO}^{2+} + 4\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons (\text{TcO}(\text{OH})_2)_2(\text{aq}) + 4\text{H}^+$	-0.133	OECD/NEA (1989)
$\text{TcO}^{2+} + 3\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{H}_2\text{TcO}_4(\text{aq}) + 4\text{H}^+ + 2\text{e}^-$	-34.310	OECD/NEA (1989)
$\text{TcO}^{2+} + 3\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{HTcO}_4^- + 5\text{H}^+ + 2\text{e}^-$	-34.608	OECD/NEA (1989)
$\text{TcO}^{2+} + 2\text{H} + \text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Tc}^{3+} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	5.391	OECD/NEA (1989)
$\text{TcO}^{2+} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{TcO}(\text{OH})_2(\text{aq}) + 2\text{H}^+$	-3.325	OECD/NEA (1989)
$\text{TcO}^{2+} + 3\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{TcO}_4^- + 6\text{H}^+ + 3\text{e}^-$	-32.993	OECD/NEA (1989)
$\text{TcO}^{2+} + 3\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{TcO}_4^{2-} + 6\text{H}^+ + 2\text{e}^-$	-43.315	OECD/NEA (1989)
$\text{TcO}^{2+} + 3\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{TcO}_4^{3-} + 6\text{H}^+ + \text{e}^-$	-53.287	OECD/NEA (1989)
$\text{TcO}^{2+} + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{TcOOH}^+ + \text{H}^+$	-1.137	OECD/NEA (1989)

\* The reactions are described in PHREEQE format.

### 2.2.3 Palladium (Pd)

The PNC-TDB\_H-3 included thermodynamic data for  $\text{Pd}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{PdOH}^+$ ,  $\text{Pd}(\text{OH})_2(\text{aq})$ ,  $\text{PdO}(\text{s})$ ,  $\text{Pd}(\text{OH})_2(\text{s})$  and  $\text{Pd}(\text{cr})$  compiled by Phillips et al. (1988). In the JNC-TDB development, Lothenbach et al. (1999) discussed thermodynamic data for  $\text{Pd-OH-}$ ,  $\text{Pd-OH-Cl}^-$ ,  $\text{Pd-Cl}^-$  and  $\text{Pd-NH}_3$  systems by using SIT model. They consequently selected thermodynamic data for  $\text{Pd-OH-Cl}^-$ ,  $\text{Pd-Cl}^-$  and  $\text{Pd-NH}_3$  aqueous species. For  $\text{Pd-OH}^+$  aqueous species, the reliable information could not be obtained enough to select the thermodynamic data. For Pd solids, they could have the reliable information only for  $\text{Pd}(\text{cr})$ . The data selection for Pd was recommended by the scientific advisory and review committee from view of experts.

In freezing, the dataset for Pd selected by Lothenbach et al. (1999) was adopted in the JNC-TDB shown in Table 2.2.3.

Table 2.2.3 log K values of Reactions of Palladium

Reaction	log K	Reference
$\text{Pd}(\text{cr}) \rightleftharpoons \text{Pd}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^-$	-32.9 *1	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Pd}^{2+} + \text{Cl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{PdCl}^+$	5.1	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Pd}^{2+} + 2\text{Cl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{PdCl}_2(\text{aq})$	8.3	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Pd}^{2+} + 3 \text{Cl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{PdCl}_3^-$	10.9	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Pd}^{2+} + 4 \text{Cl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{PdCl}_4^{2-}$	11.7	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Pd}^{2+} + 3\text{Cl}^- + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{PdCl}_3\text{OH}^{2-} + \text{H}^+$	2.5	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Pd}^{2+} + 2\text{Cl}^- + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{PdCl}_2(\text{OH})_2^{2-} + 2\text{H}^+$	-7.0 *1	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Pd}^{2+} + \text{NH}_3(\text{aq}) \rightleftharpoons \text{Pd NH}_3^{2+}$	9.6	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Pd}^{2+} + 2\text{NH}_3(\text{aq}) \rightleftharpoons \text{Pd}(\text{NH}_3)_2^{2+}$	18.5	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Pd}^{2+} + 3\text{NH}_3(\text{aq}) \rightleftharpoons \text{Pd}(\text{NH}_3)_3^{2+}$	26.0	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Pd}^{2+} + 4\text{NH}_3(\text{aq}) \rightleftharpoons \text{Pd}(\text{NH}_3)_4^{2+}$	32.8	Lothenbach et al. (1999)

\*1 tentative values (refer to Lothenbach et al., 1999).



## 2.2.4 Tin (Sn)

The PNC-TDB\_H-3 included thermodynamic data for Sn from the EQ3/6 data. In the JNC-TDB development, Lothenbach et al. (1999) selected thermodynamic data for Sn(II)-OH, Sn(IV)-OH, Sn(II)-Cl, Sn(II)-F<sup>-</sup>, Sn(II)-NO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup> and Sn(II)-SO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup> systems by using the SIT model based on the experimental measurements. These selections were recommended by the scientific advisory and review committee from the view of chemical approach.

In freezing, the dataset for Sn selected by Lothenbach et al. (1999) was adopted in the JNC-TDB as shown in Table 2.2.4-1, 2.2.4-2 and 2.2.4-3.

Table 2.2.4-1 log K Values of Redox Reactions of Tin

Reaction	log K	Reference
$\text{Sn}(\text{cr}) \rightleftharpoons \text{Sn}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^-$	4.63	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Sn}^{2+} \rightleftharpoons \text{Sn}^{4+} + 2\text{e}^-$	-5 *1	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Sn}^{2+} + 4\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Sn}(\text{OH})_4(\text{aq}) + 4\text{H}^+ + 2\text{e}^-$	-5.4 *1	Lothenbach et al. (1999)

\*1 tentative values (refer to Lothenbach et al., 1999).

Table 2.2.4-2 log K Values of Reactions of Tin (II)

Reaction	log K	Reference
$\text{Sn}(\text{OH})_2(\text{am}) + 2\text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{Sn}^{2+} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	2.82	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{SnO}(\text{cr}) + 2\text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{Sn}^{2+} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	2.41	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{SnOHCl}(\text{s}) + \text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{Sn}^{2+} + \text{Cl}^- + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	-2.42	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Sn}^{2+} + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{SnOH}^+ + \text{H}^+$	-3.75	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Sn}^{2+} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Sn}(\text{OH})_2(\text{aq}) + 2\text{H}^+$	-7.71	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Sn}^{2+} + 3\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Sn}(\text{OH})_3^- + 3\text{H}^+$	-17.54	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$3\text{Sn}^{2+} + 4\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Sn}_3(\text{OH})_4^{2+} + 4\text{H}^+$	-6.51 *1	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Sn}^{2+} + \text{Cl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{SnCl}^+$	1.65	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Sn}^{2+} + 2\text{Cl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{SnCl}_2(\text{aq})$	2.31	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Sn}^{2+} + 3\text{Cl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{SnCl}_3^-$	2.09	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Sn}^{2+} + \text{Cl}^- + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{SnOHCl}(\text{aq}) + \text{H}^+$	-2.27	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Sn}^{2+} + \text{F}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{SnF}^+$	4.46 *1	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Sn}^{2+} + 2\text{F}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{SnF}_2(\text{aq})$	7.74 *1	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Sn}^{2+} + 3\text{F}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{SnF}_3^-$	9.61 *1	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Sn}^{2+} + \text{NO}_3^- \rightleftharpoons \text{SnNO}_3^+$	1.25	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Sn}^{2+} + 2\text{NO}_3^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Sn}(\text{NO}_3)_2(\text{aq})$	1.74	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Sn}^{2+} + 3\text{NO}_3^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Sn}(\text{NO}_3)_3^-$	1.37	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Sn}^{2+} + 4\text{NO}_3^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Sn}(\text{NO}_3)_4^{2-}$	0.30 *1	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Sn}^{2+} + \text{SO}_4^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{SnSO}_4(\text{aq})$	2.91 *1	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Sn}^{2+} + 2\text{SO}_4^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{Sn}(\text{SO}_4)_2^{2-}$	2.83 *1	Lothenbach et al. (1999)

\*1 tentative values (refer to Lothenbach et al., 1999).

Table 2.2.4-3 log K Values of Reactions of Tin (IV)

Reaction	log K	Reference
$\text{SnO}_2(\text{am}) \rightleftharpoons \text{Sn}(\text{OH})_4(\text{aq}) - 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	-7.46	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{SnO}_2(\text{cassiterite}) \rightleftharpoons \text{Sn}(\text{OH})_4(\text{aq}) - 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	-8	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Sn}(\text{OH})_4(\text{aq}) + 4\text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{Sn}^{4+} + 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$	0.4 *1	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Sn}(\text{OH})_4(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Sn}(\text{OH})_5^- + \text{H}^+$	-7.97	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Sn}(\text{OH})_4(\text{aq}) + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Sn}(\text{OH})_6^{2-} + 2\text{H}^+$	-18.40	Lothenbach et al. (1999)

\*1 tentative values (refer to Lothenbach et al., 1999).

### 2.2.5 Antimony (Sb)

The PNC-TDB\_H-3 included thermodynamic data for Sb from NBS-82 (Wagman et al., 1982). The data were given for  $\text{SbO}_2^-$  and a few oxide solids. In the JNC-TDB development, Lothenbach et al. (1999) selected thermodynamic data for Sb(III, V)-OH-, Sb(III)-Cl-, Sb(III)-F-, Sb(III)-O and Sb(III)-S systems by using the SIT model based on the experimental measurements. The scientific advisory and review committee recommended the data selections from view of experts.

In freezing, the dataset for Sb selected by Lothenbach et al. (1999) was adopted in the JNC-TDB as shown in Tables 2.2.5-1, 2.2.5-2 and 2.2.5-3.

Table 2.2.5-1 log K Values of Redox Reactions of Antimony

Reaction	log K	Reference
$\text{Sb}(\text{cr}) + 3\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Sb}(\text{OH})_3(\text{aq}) + 3\text{H}^+ + 3\text{e}^-$	-11.99	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Sb}(\text{OH})_3(\text{aq}) + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Sb}(\text{OH})_5(\text{aq}) + 2\text{H}^+ + 2\text{e}^-$	-21.84	Lothenbach et al. (1999)

Table 2.2.5-2 log K values of Reactions of Antimony (III)

Reaction	log K	Reference
$\text{Sb}_2\text{O}_3(\text{valentinite}) + 3\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons 2\text{Sb}(\text{OH})_3(\text{aq})$	-8.72	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Sb}_2\text{S}_3(\text{stibnite}) + 6\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons 2\text{Sb}(\text{OH})_3(\text{aq}) + 3\text{H}^+ + 3\text{HS}^-$	-55.14	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Sb}(\text{OH})_3(\text{aq}) + 3\text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{Sb}^{3+} + 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$	-0.73 <sup>*1</sup>	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Sb}(\text{OH})_3(\text{aq}) + 2\text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{SbOH}^{2+} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	0.83 <sup>*1</sup>	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Sb}(\text{OH})_3(\text{aq}) + \text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{Sb}(\text{OH})_2^+ + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	1.30	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Sb}(\text{OH})_3(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Sb}(\text{OH})_4^- + \text{H}^+$	-11.93	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$2\text{Sb}(\text{OH})_3(\text{aq}) \rightleftharpoons \text{Sb}_2(\text{OH})_6(\text{aq})$	0.08 <sup>*1</sup>	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Sb}(\text{OH})_3(\text{aq}) + 3\text{H}^+ + \text{Cl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{SbCl}_2^+ + 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$	2.78 <sup>*1</sup>	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Sb}(\text{OH})_3(\text{aq}) + 3\text{H}^+ + 2\text{Cl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Sb}(\text{Cl})_2^+ + 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$	3.27 <sup>*1</sup>	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Sb}(\text{OH})_3(\text{aq}) + 3\text{H}^+ + \text{F}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{SbF}_2^+ + 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$	6.48 <sup>*1</sup>	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Sb}(\text{OH})_3(\text{aq}) + 3\text{H}^+ + 2\text{F}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{SbF}_2^+ + 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$	12.65 <sup>*1</sup>	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Sb}(\text{OH})_3(\text{aq}) + 3\text{H}^+ + 3\text{F}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{SbF}_3(\text{aq}) + 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$	18.36 <sup>*1</sup>	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$2\text{Sb}(\text{OH})_3(\text{aq}) + 2\text{H}^+ + 4\text{HS}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Sb}_2\text{S}_4^{2-} + 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$	42.53	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$2\text{Sb}(\text{OH})_3(\text{aq}) + 3\text{H}^+ + 4\text{HS}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{HSb}_2\text{S}_4^- + 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$	52.18	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$2\text{Sb}(\text{OH})_3(\text{aq}) + 4\text{H}^+ + 4\text{HS}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{H}_2\text{Sb}_2\text{S}_4(\text{aq}) + 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$	57.00	Lothenbach et al. (1999)

\*1 tentative value ( refer to Lothenbach et al., 1999)

Table 2.2.5-3 log K values of Reactions of Antimony (V)

Reaction	log K	Reference
$\text{Sb}_2\text{O}_5(\text{am}) + 5\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons 2\text{Sb}(\text{OH})_5(\text{aq})$	-7.40	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Sb}(\text{OH})_5(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Sb}(\text{OH})_6^- + \text{H}^+$	-2.72	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$12\text{Sb}(\text{OH})_5(\text{aq}) - 4\text{H}^+ + 4\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Sb}_{12}(\text{OH})_{64}^{4-}$	20.34	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$12\text{Sb}(\text{OH})_5(\text{aq}) - 5\text{H}^+ + 5\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Sb}_{12}(\text{OH})_{65}^{5-}$	16.72	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$12\text{Sb}(\text{OH})_5(\text{aq}) - 6\text{H}^+ + 6\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Sb}_{12}(\text{OH})_{66}^{6-}$	11.89	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$12\text{Sb}(\text{OH})_5(\text{aq}) - 7\text{H}^+ + 7\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Sb}_{12}(\text{OH})_{67}^{7-}$	6.07	Lothenbach et al. (1999)

### 2.2.6 Lead (Pb)

The PNC-TDB\_H-3 included thermodynamic data for Pb from Harwell R12324 (Cross et al, 1987). In the JNC-TDB development, Lothenbach et al. (1999) selected thermodynamic data for Pb-OH<sup>-</sup>, Pb-Cl<sup>-</sup>, Pb-F<sup>-</sup>, Pb-CO<sub>3</sub><sup>2-</sup>, Pb-NO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>, Pb-PO<sub>4</sub><sup>3-</sup>, Pb-SO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup> and Pb-HS<sup>-</sup> systems using the SIT model based on the experimental measurements. The scientific advisory and review committee recommended these selections from the view of experts.

In freezing, the dataset for Pb selected by Lothenbach et al. (1999) was adopted in the JNC-TDB as shown in Tables 2.2.6-1, 2.2.6-2 and 2.2.6-3.

Table 2.2.6-1 log K Values of Redox Reactions of Lead

Reaction	log K	Reference
$\text{Pb}(\text{cr}) \rightleftharpoons \text{Pb}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^-$	4.25	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{PbO}_2(\text{s}) + 4\text{H}^+ + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Pb}^{2+} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	48.98 *1	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Pb}_3\text{O}_4(\text{s}) + 8\text{H}^+ + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons 3\text{Pb}^{2+} + 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$	70.98 *1	Lothenbach et al. (1999)

\*1 tentative value (refer to Lothenbach et al, 1999)

Table 2.2.6-2 log K Values of Involving Solid Compounds of Lead

Reaction	log K	Reference
$\text{PbO}(\text{red, litharge}) + 2\text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{Pb}^{2+} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	12.68	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{PbO}(\text{yellow, massicot}) + 2\text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{Pb}^{2+} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	12.96	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Pb}(\text{OH})_2(\text{am}) + 2\text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{Pb}^{2+} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	13.05	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{PbCl}_2(\text{s}) \rightleftharpoons \text{Pb}^{2+} + 2\text{Cl}^-$	-4.81	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{PbOHCl}(\text{cr}) + \text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{Pb}^{2+} + \text{Cl}^- + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	0.62	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{PbF}_2(\text{s}) \rightleftharpoons \text{Pb}^{2+} + 2\text{F}^-$	-7.52	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{PbFCl}(\text{matlockite}) \rightleftharpoons \text{Pb}^{2+} + \text{F}^- + \text{Cl}^-$	-8.82	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{PbCO}_3(\text{cerrusite}) \rightleftharpoons \text{Pb}^{2+} + \text{CO}_3^{2-}$	-13.23	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Pb}_3(\text{CO}_3)_2(\text{OH})_2(\text{hydrocerrusite}) + 2\text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons 3\text{Pb}^{2+} + 2\text{CO}_3^{2-} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	-17.64 <sup>*1</sup>	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Pb}_{10}(\text{CO}_3)_6(\text{OH})_6\text{O}(\text{plumbonacrite}) + 8\text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons 10\text{Pb}^{2+} + 6\text{CO}_3^{2-} + 7\text{H}_2\text{O}$	-41.21 <sup>*1</sup>	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{PbOHNO}_3(\text{cr}) + \text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{Pb}^{2+} + \text{NO}_3^- + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	2.94	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{PbHPO}_4(\text{s}) \rightleftharpoons \text{Pb}^{2+} + \text{H}^+ + \text{PO}_4^{3-}$	-23.78 <sup>*1</sup>	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Pb}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2(\text{s}) \rightleftharpoons 3\text{Pb}^{2+} + 2\text{PO}_4^{3-}$	-44.40 <sup>*1</sup>	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Pb}_4(\text{PO}_4)_2\text{O}(\text{s}) + 2\text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons 4\text{Pb}^{2+} + 2\text{PO}_4^{3-} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	-37.09 <sup>*1</sup>	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Pb}(\text{H}_2\text{PO}_4)_2(\text{s}) \rightleftharpoons \text{Pb}^{2+} + 2\text{PO}_4^{3-} + 4\text{H}^+$	-48.94 <sup>*1</sup>	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Pb}_5(\text{PO}_4)_3\text{OH}(\text{hydroxy pyromorphite}) + \text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons 5\text{Pb}^{2+} + 3\text{PO}_4^{3-} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	-62.80 <sup>*1</sup>	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Pb}_5(\text{PO}_4)_3\text{Cl}(\text{chloro pyromorphite}) \rightleftharpoons 5\text{Pb}^{2+} + 3\text{PO}_4^{3-} + \text{Cl}^-$	-84.40 <sup>*1</sup>	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Pb}_5(\text{PO}_4)_3\text{F}(\text{fluoro pyromorphite}) \rightleftharpoons 5\text{Pb}^{2+} + 3\text{PO}_4^{3-} + \text{F}^-$	-71.60 <sup>*1</sup>	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{PbSO}_4(\text{anglesite}) \rightleftharpoons \text{Pb}^{2+} + \text{SO}_4^{2-}$	-7.81	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{PbS}(\text{galena}) + \text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{Pb}^{2+} + \text{HS}^-$	-12.17	Lothenbach et al. (1999)

\*1 tentative value (refer to Lothenbach et al., 1999)

Table 2.2.6-3 log K Values of Involving Solution Species of Lead

Reaction	log K	Reference
$\text{Pb}^{2+} + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{PbOH}^+ + \text{H}^+$	-7.51	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Pb}^{2+} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Pb}(\text{OH})_2(\text{aq}) + 2\text{H}^+$	-16.95	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Pb}^{2+} + 3\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Pb}(\text{OH})_3^- + 3\text{H}^+$	-28.02	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$2\text{Pb}^{2+} + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Pb}_2\text{OH}^{3+} + \text{H}^+$	-7.18	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$4\text{Pb}^{2+} + 4\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Pb}_4(\text{OH})_4^{4+} + 4\text{H}^+$	-20.63	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$3\text{Pb}^{2+} + 4\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Pb}_3(\text{OH})_4^{2+} + 4\text{H}^+$	-22.48	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$3\text{Pb}^{2+} + 5\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Pb}_3(\text{OH})_5^+ + 5\text{H}^+$	-30.72	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$6\text{Pb}^{2+} + 8\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Pb}_6(\text{OH})_8^{4+} + 8\text{H}^+$	-42.68	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Pb}^{2+} + \text{Cl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{PbCl}^+$	1.55	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Pb}^{2+} + 2\text{Cl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{PbCl}_2(\text{aq})$	2.00	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Pb}^{2+} + 3\text{Cl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{PbCl}_3^-$	2.01	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Pb}^{2+} + 4\text{Cl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{PbCl}_4^{2-}$	1.35	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Pb}^{2+} + \text{F}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{PbF}^+$	2.27	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Pb}^{2+} + 2\text{F}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{PbF}_2(\text{aq})$	3.01	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Pb}^{2+} + \text{F}^- + \text{Cl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{PbFCl}(\text{aq})$	3.55	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Pb}^{2+} + \text{CO}_3^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{PbCO}_3(\text{aq})$	7.30	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Pb}^{2+} + 2\text{CO}_3^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{Pb}(\text{CO}_3)_2^{2-}$	10.13	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Pb}^{2+} + \text{NO}_3^- \rightleftharpoons \text{PbNO}_3^+$	1.06	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Pb}^{2+} + 2\text{NO}_3^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Pb}(\text{NO}_3)_2(\text{aq})$	1.48	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Pb}^{2+} + 3\text{NO}_3^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Pb}(\text{NO}_3)_3^-$	0.76 *1	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Pb}^{2+} + \text{H}^+ + \text{PO}_4^{3-} \rightleftharpoons \text{PbHPO}_4(\text{aq})$	15.45 *1	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Pb}^{2+} + 2\text{H}^+ + \text{PO}_4^{3-} \rightleftharpoons \text{PbH}_2\text{PO}_4^+$	21.05 *1	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Pb}^{2+} + \text{SO}_4^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{PbSO}_4(\text{aq})$	2.82	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Pb}^{2+} + 2\text{SO}_4^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{Pb}(\text{SO}_4)_2^{2-}$	2.37 *1	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Pb}^{2+} + 2\text{HS}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Pb}(\text{HS})_2(\text{aq})$	12.34 *1	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Pb}^{2+} + 3\text{HS}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Pb}(\text{HS})_3^-$	13.59 *1	Lothenbach et al. (1999)

\*1 tentative value (refer to Lothenbach et al., 1999)

### 2.2.7 Bismuth (Bi)

The PNC-TDB\_H-3 only included an equilibrium constant of the reaction,  $\text{Bi}_2\text{O}_3(\text{s}) \rightleftharpoons 2\text{Bi}^{2+} + 3\text{H}_2\text{O} - 6\text{H}^+$ , from NBS-82 (Wagman et al., 1982). In the JNC-TDB development, Lothenbach et al. (1999) selected thermodynamic data for Bi-OH, Bi-Cl, Bi-NO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup> systems using the SIT model based on the experimental measurements. The scientific advisory and review committee recommended these selections from the view of experts.

In freezing, the dataset for Bi selected by Lothenbach et al. (1999) was adopted in the JNC-TDB as shown in Tables 2.2.7-1 and 2.2.7-2.

Table 2.2.7-1 log K Values of Involving Solid Compounds of Bismuth

Reaction	log K	Reference
$\alpha\text{-Bi}_2\text{O}_3(\text{cr}) + 6\text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons 2\text{Bi}^{3+} + 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$	0.76	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{BiOCl}(\text{s}) + 2\text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{Bi}^{3+} + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{Cl}^-$	-8.47	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$(\text{BiO})_2\text{CO}_3(\text{cr}) + 4\text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons 2\text{Bi}^{3+} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{CO}_3^{2-}$	-14.27 *1	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$(\text{BiO})_4(\text{OH})_2\text{CO}_3(\text{cr}) + 10\text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons 4\text{Bi}^{3+} + 6\text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{CO}_3^{2-}$	-8.68 *1	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{BiONO}_3(\text{s}) + 2\text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{Bi}^{3+} + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{NO}_3^-$	-2.75	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Bi}(\text{cr}) \rightleftharpoons \text{Bi}^{3+} + 3\text{e}^-$	-16.74	Lothenbach et al. (1999)

\*1 tentative value (refer to Lothenbach et al., 1999)



Table 2.2.7-2 log K Values of Involving Solution Species of Bismuth

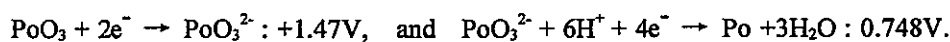
Reaction	log K	Reference
$\text{Bi}^{3+} + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{BiOH}^{2+} + \text{H}^+$	-0.92	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Bi}^{3+} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Bi}(\text{OH})_2^+ + 2\text{H}^+$	-2.56	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Bi}^{3+} + 3\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Bi}(\text{OH})_3(\text{aq}) + 3\text{H}^+$	-5.31	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Bi}^{3+} + 4\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Bi}(\text{OH})_4^- + 4\text{H}^+$	-18.71	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$6\text{Bi}^{3+} + 12\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Bi}_6(\text{OH})_{12}^{6+} + 12\text{H}^+$	1.34	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$9\text{Bi}^{3+} + 20\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Bi}_9(\text{OH})_{20}^{7+} + 20\text{H}^+$	-1.36	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$9\text{Bi}^{3+} + 21\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Bi}_9(\text{OH})_{21}^{6+} + 21\text{H}^+$	-3.25	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$9\text{Bi}^{3+} + 22\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Bi}_9(\text{OH})_{22}^{5+} + 22\text{H}^+$	-4.86	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$3\text{Bi}^{3+} + 4\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Bi}_3(\text{OH})_4^{5+} + 4\text{H}^+$	-0.80 *1	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Bi}^{3+} + \text{Cl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{BiCl}_2^+$	3.65	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Bi}^{3+} + 2\text{Cl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{BiCl}_2^+$	5.85	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Bi}^{3+} + 3\text{Cl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{BiCl}_3(\text{aq})$	7.62	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Bi}^{3+} + 4\text{Cl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{BiCl}_4^-$	9.06	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Bi}^{3+} + 5\text{Cl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{BiCl}_5^{2-}$	8.33 *1	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Bi}^{3+} + 6\text{Cl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{BiCl}_6^{3-}$	7.64 *1	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Bi}^{3+} + \text{NO}_3^- \rightleftharpoons \text{BiNO}_3^{2+}$	1.97	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Bi}^{3+} + 2\text{NO}_3^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Bi}(\text{NO}_3)_2^+$	2.95	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Bi}^{3+} + 3\text{NO}_3^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Bi}(\text{NO}_3)_3(\text{aq})$	3.62	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Bi}^{3+} + 4\text{NO}_3^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Bi}(\text{NO}_3)_4^-$	3.09	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Bi}^{3+} + \text{Cl}^- + \text{NO}_3^- \rightleftharpoons \text{BiClNO}_3^+$	5.16	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Bi}^{3+} + \text{Cl}^- + 2\text{NO}_3^- \rightleftharpoons \text{BiCl}(\text{NO}_3)_2(\text{aq})$	5.28	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Bi}^{3+} + 2\text{Cl}^- + \text{NO}_3^- \rightleftharpoons \text{BiCl}_2\text{NO}_3(\text{aq})$	6.86	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Bi}^{3+} + 2\text{Cl}^- + 2\text{NO}_3^- \rightleftharpoons \text{BiCl}_2(\text{NO}_3)_2^-$	5.75	Lothenbach et al. (1999)
$\text{Bi}^{3+} + 3\text{Cl}^- + \text{NO}_3^- \rightleftharpoons \text{BiCl}_3\text{NO}_3^-$	8.09	Lothenbach et al. (1999)

\*1 tentative value (refer to Lothenbach et al., 1999)

### 2.2.8 Polonium (Po)

In general, the chemical property of polonium is analogous to Se and Te, and the physical property to Bi and Pb. Many compounds of Po were reported in literatures, but their thermodynamic data or constants were not reported.

The PNC-TDB\_H-3 included only thermodynamic data of the reaction,  $\text{Po}(\text{OH})_4(\text{s}) \rightleftharpoons \text{Po}^{4+} + 4\text{H}_2\text{O} - 4\text{H}^+$ , from NBS-82 (Wagman et al., 1982). In the JNC-TDB development, thermodynamic data for the other reactions were investigated.  $\text{PoO}^{2+}$  in acidic range,  $\text{PoO}_3^{2-}$  in alkaline range are considered for polonium aqueous species. The standard potentials for the reaction are given by



Stability constants of Po aqueous species were obtained by solvent extraction. The experimental procedure and analytical method were considered to be appropriate. However, the reported species did not agree with the above redox reaction. The experimental studies indicated  $\text{Po}(\text{OH})_4(\text{aq})$  or  $\text{Po-OH-Cl}$  complexes as dominant (Mikheev, 1978, Hataye et al., 1981a; 1981b, Suganuma and Hataye, 1981) in the neutral pH region.

Up to now, thermodynamic data for Po were not discussed enough to confirm the reliability based on experimental measurements. In freezing, the JNC-TDB included only thermodynamic data of the reaction,  $\text{Po}(\text{OH})_4(\text{s}) \rightleftharpoons \text{Po}^{4+} + 4\text{H}_2\text{O} - 4\text{H}^+$ , from NBS-82 (Wagman et al., 1982) as shown in Table 2.2.8.

Table 2.2.8 log K value of Reaction of Polonium

Reaction	log K	Reference
$\text{Po}(\text{OH})_4(\text{s}) + 4\text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{Po}^{4+} + 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$	19.52	Wagman et al. (1982)

Polonium is considered to be less important from a viewpoint of the performance analysis of geological disposal system. Because, a half-life of the isotope of polonium  $^{211}\text{Po}$  is 138.38 days.  $^{210}\text{Po}$  is of the series of  $4n+2$ , including  $^{210}\text{Pb}$  (a half-life: 22.3 years),  $^{226}\text{Ra}$  (a half-life: 1600 years) in its ancestor.  $^{210}\text{Po}$  will be generated during these radionuclides migration, and decayed to the stable  $^{206}\text{Pb}$  soon.

The scientific advisory and review committee recommended that solubility limit should not be given

by the thermodynamic data for Po.

### 2.2.9 Radium (Ra)

The PNC-TDB\_H-3 included thermodynamic data for Ra from Harwell R12324 (Cross et al, 1987). In the JNC-TDB development, thermodynamic data for Ra could not be discussed enough to revise due to no data development.

In freezing, the dataset for Ra of the Harwell R12324 was adopted in the JNC-TDB as shown in Tables 2.2.9-1 and 2.2.9-2.

Table 2.2.9-1 log K values of Reactions Involving Solid Compounds of Radium

Reaction	log K	Reference
$\text{RaSO}_4(\text{s}) \rightleftharpoons \text{Ra}^{2+} + \text{SO}_4^{2-}$	-10.40	Cross et al. (1987)
$\text{RaCO}_3(\text{s}) \rightleftharpoons \text{Ra}^{2+} + \text{CO}_3^{2-}$	-7.00	Cross et al. (1987)

Table 2.2.9-2 log K values of Reactions Involving Solution Species of Radium

Reaction	log K	Reference
$\text{Ra}^{2+} + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{RaOH}^+ + \text{H}^+$	-13.6	Cross et al. (1987)
$\text{Ra}^{2+} + \text{SO}_4^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{RaSO}_4(\text{aq})$	0.022	Cross et al. (1987)

The scientific advisory and review committee discussed the limiting solid for Ra in the solubility estimation of geological disposal system. It is considered that co-precipitation of Ra with Ba, Sr and Ca of alkaline metal elements takes place, because the chemical property of Ra is very analogous to those. The committee recommended that the solubility of Ra should be estimated using simple co-precipitation model like Kristallin-I (Berner, 1995).

### 2.2.10 Nickel (Ni)

The PNC-TDB\_H-3 included thermodynamic data for Ni from Harwell R12324 (Cross et al., 1987). In the JNC-TDB development, the reliability of thermodynamic data for Ni were discussed, comparing with the solubility measurements in a bentonite water system (Shibutani, 1996b). Thermodynamic data for solids including Ni such as Ni(OH)<sub>2</sub>(s), NiO(cr), NiS(millerite), Ni<sub>3</sub>S<sub>2</sub>(heazlewoodite), NiCO<sub>3</sub>(s), etc. were selected from Nagra-TDB (Baeyens and McKinley, 1989) by Shibutani (1996b). In this selection, thermodynamic data for Ni-CO<sub>3</sub><sup>2-</sup> complexes were not determined. Thermodynamic data for Ni were consequently selected as shown in Tables 2.2.12-1 and 2.2.12-2, where the log K value for NiCO<sub>3</sub>(aq) was recommended by Berner (1998).

However, the reliability could not be confirmed in this selection. In the solubility measurements in the bentonite water system, solids and aqueous species were not identified, due to a complex water system with the bentonite. Sorption should be also considered in the bentonite-water system. Hence, a solubility measurement for an element in complex water system is not adequate to determine thermodynamic data, which was suggested by the scientific advisory and review committee.

In freezing, the JNC-TDB tentatively included the dataset for Ni shown in the following tables. In future, it will be necessary to investigate the data based on experimental measurements for Ni in simple water systems, considering the development procedure by the OECD/NEA.

Table 2.2.12-1 log K values of Reactions Involving Solid Compounds of Nickel

Reaction	log K	Reference
Ni(OH) <sub>2</sub> (s) + 2H <sup>+</sup> <=> Ni <sup>2+</sup> + 2H <sub>2</sub> O	12.73	Baeyens and McKinley (1989)
NiO(cr) + 2H <sup>+</sup> <=> Ni <sup>2+</sup> + H <sub>2</sub> O	12.44	Baeyens and McKinley (1989)
NiS(millerite) + 4H <sub>2</sub> O <=> Ni <sup>2+</sup> + SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup> + 8H <sup>+</sup> + 8e <sup>-</sup>	-42.83	Baeyens and McKinley (1989)
Ni <sub>3</sub> S <sub>2</sub> (heazlewoodite) + 8H <sub>2</sub> O <=> 3Ni <sup>2+</sup> + 2SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup> + 16H <sup>+</sup> + 18e <sup>-</sup>	-82.00	Baeyens and McKinley (1989)
NiCO <sub>3</sub> (s) <=> Ni <sup>2+</sup> + CO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	-6.97	Baeyens and McKinley (1989)
Ni <sub>3</sub> (PO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> (cr) <=> 3Ni <sup>2+</sup> + 2PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	-29.59	Baeyens and McKinley (1989)
Ni <sub>2</sub> P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub> (cr) <=> 2Ni <sup>2+</sup> + 2PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup> - H <sub>2</sub> O + 2H <sup>+</sup>	-33.57	Baeyens and McKinley (1989)
Ni <sub>2</sub> SiO <sub>4</sub> (olivine) + 4H <sup>+</sup> <=> 2Ni <sup>2+</sup> + H <sub>4</sub> SiO <sub>4</sub> (aq)	18.84	Baeyens and McKinley (1989)
Ni <sub>2</sub> SiO <sub>4</sub> (spinel) + 4H <sup>+</sup> <=> 2Ni <sup>2+</sup> + H <sub>4</sub> SiO <sub>4</sub> (aq)	20.24	Baeyens and McKinley (1989)
NiSiO <sub>3</sub> (cr) + H <sub>2</sub> O + 2H <sup>+</sup> <=> Ni <sup>2+</sup> + H <sub>4</sub> SiO <sub>4</sub> (aq)	-2.28	Baeyens and McKinley (1989)

Table 2.2.12-2 log K values of Reactions Involving Solution Species of Nickel

Reaction	log K	Reference
$\text{Ni}^{2+} + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{NiOH}^+ + \text{H}^+$	-9.86	Cross et al. (1987)
$\text{Ni}^{2+} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Ni}(\text{OH})_2(\text{aq}) + 2\text{H}^+$	-19.0	Cross et al. (1987)
$\text{Ni}^{2+} + 3\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Ni}(\text{OH})_3^- + 3\text{H}^+$	-30.0	Cross et al. (1987)
$2\text{Ni}^{2+} + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Ni}_2\text{OH}^{3+} + \text{H}^+$	-10.7	Cross et al. (1987)
$4\text{Ni}^{2+} + 4\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Ni}_4(\text{OH})_4^{4+} + 4\text{H}^+$	-27.7	Cross et al. (1987)
$\text{Ni}^{2+} + \text{CO}_3^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{NiCO}_3(\text{aq})$	4	Berner (1998)
$\text{Ni}^{2+} + \text{SO}_4^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{NiSO}_4(\text{aq})$	2.32	Cross et al. (1987)

### 2.2.11 Selenium (Se)

The PNC-TDB\_H-3 included thermodynamic data for Se from Harwell R12324 (Cross et al., 1987). In the JNC-TDB development, thermodynamic data for  $\text{SeO}_3^{2-}$ ,  $\text{HSeO}_3^-$ , and  $\text{H}_2\text{SeO}_3(\text{aq})$  were modified taking consideration of the OECD/NEA-TDB by Silva et al. (1995). However, Silva et al. (1995) only includes the standard molar Gibbs energy of formation for these species, and doesn't include the data for  $\text{SeO}_4^{2-}$ , which is a master species for Se in JNC-TDB. Therefore, to derive equilibrium constants, which are applicable in JNC-TDB, thermodynamic data for  $\text{SeO}_4^{2-}$  were needed and introduced from Wagman et al. (1982). Equilibrium constant for  $\text{FeSe}(\text{cr})$  was also added. Thermodynamic data for  $\text{FeSe}(\text{cr})$  were adopted from Mills (1974). In the derivation of equilibrium constant for  $\text{FeSe}(\text{cr})$ , thermodynamic data for  $\text{SeO}_4^{2-}$  and  $\text{Fe}^{2+}$  were adopted from Wagman et al. (1982) and Robie and Hemingway (1995), respectively. Silva et al. (1995) was used for the thermodynamic data of other compound.

Thermodynamic data for Se shown in Tables 2.2.11-1 and 2.2.11-2 were consequently selected in the JNC-TDB development. The scientific advisory and review committee recommended that the selected data were adequate to estimate the solubility in geological disposal in this stage. In freezing, the JNC-TDB included the dataset for Se, although the procedure, combining data from different database, may cause internal inconsistency and the reliability of the data had not been investigated in detail. In future, it will be necessary to discuss the data based on experiments for Se in detail, considering the development procedure by the OECD/NEA.

Table 2.2.11-1 log K values of Reactions Involving Solid Compounds of Selenium

Reaction <sup>*1</sup>	log K	Reference
$\text{Se}(\text{cr}) + 4\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{SeO}_4^{2-} + 8\text{H}^+ + 6\text{e}^-$	-88.92	Cross et al. (1987)
$\text{SeO}_2(\text{cr}) + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{SeO}_4^{2-} + 4\text{H}^+ + 2\text{e}^-$	-35.82	Cross et al. (1987)
$\text{SeO}_3(\text{cr}) + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{SeO}_4^{2-} + 2\text{H}^+$	19.2	Cross et al. (1987)
$\text{Se}_2\text{O}_3(\text{cr}) + 3\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons 2\text{SeO}_4^{2-} + 6\text{H}^+ + 2\text{e}^-$	-19.6	Cross et al. (1987)
$\text{FeSe}_2(\text{cr}) + 8\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons 2\text{SeO}_4^{2-} + \text{Fe}^{2+} + 16\text{H}^+ + 14\text{e}^-$	-181.1	Cross et al. (1987)
$\text{FeSe}(\text{cr}) + 4\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{SeO}_4^{2-} + \text{Fe}^{2+} + 8\text{H}^+ + 8\text{e}^-$	-84.78	Mills (1974), Silva et al. (1995), Wagman et al. (1982), and Robie and Hemingway (1995)

\*1 These reactions are given by PHREEQE format.

Table 2.2.11-2 log K values of Reactions Involving Solution Species of Selenium

Reaction <sup>*1</sup>	log K	Reference
$\text{SeO}_4^{2-} + 2\text{H}^+ + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{SeO}_3^{2-} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	27.578 <sup>*2</sup>	Silva et al. (1995) and Wagman et al. (1982)
$\text{SeO}_4^{2-} + 3\text{H}^+ + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{HSeO}_3^- + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	35.978 <sup>*2</sup>	Silva et al. (1995) and Wagman et al (1982)
$\text{SeO}_4^{2-} + 4\text{H}^+ + 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{H}_2\text{SeO}_3(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	38.783 <sup>*2</sup>	Silva et al. (1995) and Wagman et al. (1982)
$\text{SeO}_4^{2-} + 8\text{H}^+ + 8\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Se}^2 + 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$	66.26 <sup>*3</sup>	Cross et al. (1987)
$\text{SeO}_4^{2-} + 9\text{H}^+ + 8\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{HSe}^- + 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$	81.16 <sup>*3</sup>	Cross et al. (1987)
$\text{SeO}_4^{2-} + 10\text{H}^+ + 8\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{H}_2\text{Se}(\text{aq}) + 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$	85.1	Cross et al. (1987)
$\text{SeO}_4^{2-} + \text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{HSeO}_4^-$	1.91 <sup>*3</sup>	Cross et al. (1987)

\*1 These reactions are given by PHREEQE format.

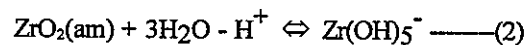
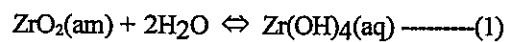
\*2 The log K value is calculated from the molar Gibbs free energy in the references.

\*3 The last figure was rounded in the solubility calculations.



### 2.2.12 Zirconium (Zr)

The PNC-TDB\_H-3 included thermodynamic data for Zr from Harwell R12324 (Cross et al., 1987). However, experimental data and natural analogue data for Zr did not agree with the thermodynamic estimation. In the JNC-TDB development, thermodynamic data for Zr were discussed, comparing with the solubility measurements in a bentonite-water system (Shibutani and Yui, 1998). The measured solubility varied widely,  $10^{-9} - 10^{-6}$  mol/l, in the pH range 7 to 11. The large scattering of Zr concentrations were confirmed in natural water, and the following reactions were considered to be dominant processes based on the reports (Ellison and Navrotsky; 1992, Kulmura and Hakanen; 1993, Boswell and Elderfield; 1988).



The Zr oxide (or hydrous oxide) solubilities calculated using the Zr data of HATCHES, the PNC-TDB\_H-3 and Baes and Mesmer, were not in good agreement with the measured solubilities in the experimental pH range due to the scattered measurements. Shibutani and Yui (1998) didn't select thermodynamic data for Zr concretely.

Shibutani and Yui (1998) selected the data for  $\text{ZrO}_2(\text{am})$ ,  $\text{Zr}(\text{OH})_4(\text{aq})$  and  $\text{Zr}(\text{OH})_5^-$  as shown in Table 2.2.13 based on the measured solubility by Shibutani and Yui (1998). However, the solubility measurement could not identify solids and aqueous species in bentonite-water system similar to the case of Ni. Hence, the solubility measurement in a complex water system is not adequate to determine thermodynamic data, which was suggested by the scientific advisory and review committee.

In freezing, the JNC-TDB tentatively included the dataset for Zr shown in Table 2.2.13. In future, it will be necessary to investigate the data based on experimental measurements for Zr in simple water systems in detail, considering the development procedure by the OECD/NEA.

Table 2.2.13 log K values of Reactions Involving Solid Compounds of Zirconium

Reaction	log K
$\text{ZrO}_2(\text{am}) + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} \Leftrightarrow \text{Zr}(\text{OH})_4(\text{aq})$	-8
$\text{Zr}(\text{OH})_4(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_2\text{O} \Leftrightarrow \text{Zr}(\text{OH})_5^- + \text{H}^+$	-10

### 3. CONCLUSION / FUTURE TASKS

The first progress report used thermodynamic database (PNC-TDB\_H-3) compiled from other TDBs and related literature, (e.g., Cross et al. 1987, Grenthe et al. 1992). The JNC-TDB development has continued after the first progress report for geological disposal system of HLW in Japan (PNC, 1992). In the development, thermodynamic data (equilibrium constants at 25 °C, I=0) for important radioactive elements have been determined from the original experimental data by using the SIT, Pitzer models, etc. As a result, the reliability and traceability of thermodynamic data for the most important elements were improved. In the JNC-TDB development, it was necessary to investigate the data for the 22 radioactive elements. In future, it will be necessary to focus on important elements and realistic reactions in the geological disposal, for example, the data for iron, silicate, aluminosilicate, sulfide minerals including radioactive elements or the data at high carbonate concentrations. In the JNC-TDB development, besides the equilibrium constants, the activity correction parameters of the Pitzer and the SIT models have been partially compiled for the radioactive elements. In future, it will be necessary to develop these parameters when solubility in saline groundwater and bentonite porewater in the geological disposal system is estimated more accurately. The use of the JNC-TDB only provides solubility and speciation for radioactive elements at 25 °C, because reliable thermodynamic data at elevated temperatures are not available at this time. In future, it will be necessary to develop thermodynamic data to estimate solubilities at a high temperature. The data for complexes with the inorganic ligands, OH<sup>-</sup>, CO<sub>3</sub><sup>2-</sup>, SO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup>, PO<sub>4</sub><sup>3-</sup>, etc., have not been sufficiently selected since the status of measurements, selections and activity correction methods were different. In future, it will be necessary to complement insufficient thermodynamic data for these complexes.

For actinides (III and IV), Rai et al. (1999a and 1999b) selected the thermodynamic data for the carbonate and hydroxo-carbonate complexes enough to improve the reliability of solubility estimation in high carbonate-concentrated water. In these selections, the Pitzer model was used for activity corrections. For actinides(III), the data were primarily selected based on the Am(III) data. Limited validation of the applicability of Am(III) data to other trivalent actinides will be required. The identification of actinide(IV)

hydroxo-carbonate complexes and other species that exist in low concentrations cannot at present be made using existing spectroscopic techniques. Therefore, in future, with the advancement of analytical tools, the identification of these species should be challenged.

For actinides (V and VI) and redox reactions, Choppin et al. (1999) and Shibutani and Shibutani (1998b) selected the thermodynamic data for the Pu(V) and Pu(VI) aqueous species based on the chemical analogy with Np(V) and U(VI), respectively. In future, it will be necessary to confirm the data given by the chemical analogy, comparing with the solubility measurements. In contrast, the data for Pa were not discussed in the selection, because the property is not chemically analogous to those of other actinides (V). Shibutani and Shibutani (1998a) investigated the data for Pa, but selected only those for Pa-OH<sup>-</sup> species. In future, it will be necessary to carry out the solubility measurement in carbonate media.

For a lanthanide (III), that is Sm(III), Shibutani (1996a) experimentally selected the data for Sm-OH<sup>-</sup> and Sm-CO<sub>3</sub><sup>2-</sup> aqueous species in the JNC-TDB development. In freezing the JNC-TDB, however, the data were set on the basis of the chemical analogy with Am(III), because the data were not sufficient.

Lothenbach et al. (1999) selected the data for aqueous species of Nb, Pd, Sn, Sb, Pb and Bi using the SIT model for calculations. For Nb aqueous species, a few data only for Nb(V)-OH species were selected from a few experimental measurements. In future, it will be necessary to develop the data, considering how to confirm the solubility limit in geological disposal system. The scientific advisory and review committee recommended that a solubility limit for Nb should not be set for the performance analysis of geological disposal due to limited data. That will also be discussed in more detail. The reliable data for Pd-OH species could not be given in the JNC-TDB development due to lack of reliable data. In future, it will be necessary to carry out the solubility measurements related to PdO(cr) and Pd-OH<sup>-</sup> species to obtain reliable data. In the development, the data for Pd-NH<sub>3</sub> complexes were given on the basis of the measurements. This ligand was not considered in the JNC-TDB development. Considering that ammonium species are dominant nitrogen (N) species under reducing conditions, if nitrogen concentration is high, it may be necessary to consider ammonium complexes in the future JNC-TDB development.

For Tc, Ra and Po aqueous species, the data were not discussed in the JNC-TDB development due to lack of new information. For Tc, OECD/NEA will publish the database in the near future as mentioned in

section 2.2.2. For Ra, the co-precipitation model with alkaline earth metals (Berner, 1995) was adopted in the solubility estimation in geological disposal system. In future, it will be necessary to study co-precipitation reactions of Ra with alkaline earth metals rather than pure phase solubility measurements. For Po, it will not be necessary to develop the data because of the shorter half-life.

For Ni and Zr, the data selections were discussed, comparing the calculated and measured solubility in bentonite-water system in the JNC-TDB development. In such a complex system, sorption must be considered. In future, it will be necessary to develop the data in a simple system, considering the TDB development procedure by the OECD/NEA.

For Se, the data selection was not discussed in detail in the JNC-TDB development. Finally, the JNC-TDB included the dataset in this stage. Se(-II) aqueous species are considered to be dominant under reducing conditions. Silva et al. (1995) recommended the data only for Se(IV) aqueous species. In future, it will be necessary to study the data for Se(-II) aqueous species and redox reactions of Se(-II)/Se(0)/Se(IV)/Se(VI) in detail. Besides, solubility measurements for Se will be necessary in iron-sulfur system under reducing conditions.

### **Acknowledgment**

We thank Dr. H. Wanner (Swiss Federal Nuclear Safety Inspectorate), Prof. Choppin (Florida State University), Dr. D. Rai (Battelle, Pacific Northwest National Laboratory), Dr. M. Ochs (BMG Engineering Ltd. ), and Dr. S. Ueta (Mitsubishi Materials Corporation) for technical discussions and guidance. Helpful discussions with experts including Prof. H. Moriyama (Kyoto University), Prof. O. Tochiyama (Tohoku University), Dr. S. Nakayama (Japan Atomic Energy Research Institute), and Dr. T. Yamaguchi (Japan Atomic Energy Research Institute) are deeply appreciated. We thank Ms. S. Shibutani, Mr. T. Shibutani, Ms. C. Oda and Mr. Y. Yoshida for helpful works in the project.

## Reference

- Allard, B. and Beall, G. W. (1978): Prediction of actinide species in the groundwater, *in* Workshop on the environmental chemistry and research of the actinides elements, held 8-12 October, 1978, in Warrenton, Virginia, USA.
- Allard, B. (1983): Actinide Solution Equilibria and Solubilities in Geologic Systems, SKBF/KBS Report TR-83-35, Stockholm, Sweden, pp.48
- Ashida, T. and Shibutani, S. (1995): Developments of Thermodynamic Database of Cm for Performance Assessment of Geological Disposal System of High-level Radioactive Waste, PNC Technical Report PNC TN 8410 95-402 (in Japanese).
- Azuma, J., Shibata, M., Yui, M. Shibutani, T., Notoya, S. and Yoshida, Y. (1999): Solubility and Speciation of Radioactive Elements of High-level Radioactive Waste Disposal System, JNC Technical Report JNC TN 8400 99-071 (in Japanese).
- Baes, C. F. and Mesmer, R. E. (1976): The Hydrolysis of Cation, Wiley and Sons, New York.
- Baeyens, B. and McKinley, I. G. (1989): A PHREEQE Database for Pd, Ni, and Se, Nagra Technical Report NTB 88-28.
- Bennett, D. A., Hoffman, D., Nitsche, H., Russo, R. E., Torres, R. A., Baisdan, P. A., Andrews, J.E., Palmer, C. E. A. and Silva, R. J. (1992): Hydrolysis and Carbonate Complexation of Dioxoplutonium(V), *Radiochimica Acta* 56, pp. 15-19.
- Berner, U. (1995): KRISTALLIN-I; Estimates of Solubility Limits for Safety Relevant Radionuclides, PSI Bericht Nr. 95-07.
- Berner, U. (1998): private communication.
- Boswell, S. M. and Elderfield, H. (1988): The Determination of Zirconium and Hafnium in Natural Waters by Isotope Dilution Mass Spectroscopy, *Marine Chemistry*, Vol. 25, pp. 197-209.
- Choppin, G. R., Brounikowski, M., Chen, J., Byegard, J., Rai, D. and Yui, M. (1999): Thermodynamic Data for Predicting Concentrations of  $AnO_2^+$  and  $AnO_2^{2+}$  Species in Geologic Environments, JNC Technical Report JNC TN8400 99-012.
- Cross, J. E., Ewart, F. T., and Tweed, C. J. (1987): Thermodynamic Modelling with Application to Nuclear Waste Processing and Disposal, AERE-R 12324.
- Ellison, A. J. G. and Navrotsky, A. (1992): Enthalpy of Formation of Zirconium, Phase Equilibria, *J. Am. Ceram. Soc.* Vol. 75, pp. 1430-1433.
- Eriksen, T. E., Ndalamba, P., Cui, D., Bruno, J., Caceci, M., and Spahiu, K. (1993): Solubility of the Redox-Sensitive Radionuclides  $^{99}Tc$  and  $^{237}Np$  under Reducing Conditions in Neutral to Alkaline Solutions. Effect of Carbonate, SKB TR 98-18.
- Felmy, A. R. and Rai, D. (1992): An Aqueous Thermodynamic Model for a High Valence 4: 2 Electrolyte  $Th^{4+}-SO_4^{2-}$  in the System  $Na^+-K^+-Li^+-NH_4^+-SO_4^{2-}-HSO_4^- -H_2O$  to High Concentration, *J. Sol. Chem.* Vol. 21, pp. 407-423.

- Felmy, A. R., Rai, D. and Fulton, R. W. (1990): The Solubility of  $\text{AmOHCO}_3(\text{c})$  and the Aqueous Thermodynamics of the System  $\text{Na}^+\text{-Am}^{3+}\text{-HCO}_3\text{-CO}_3^{2-}\text{-OH-H}_2\text{O}$ , *Radiochimica Acta* 50, pp. 193-204.
- Felmy, A. R., Rai, D. and Mason, M. J. (1991): The Solubility of Hydrous Thorium(IV) Oxide in Chloride Media: Development of an Aqueous Ion-Interaction Model., *Radiochimica Acta* 55, pp.177-185
- Felmy, A. R., Rai, D. and Mason, M. J. (1993): Solid Phase Precipitates and Anionic Aqueous Thorium Fluoride Complexes in the  $\text{Na-NH}_4\text{-Th-F-H}_2\text{O}$  System to High Concentration, *Radiochimica Acta* 62, pp. 133-139.
- Felmy, A. R., Rai, D., Sterner, S. M., Mason, M. J., Hess, N. J. and Conradson, S. D. (1997): Thermodynamic Models for Highly Charged Aqueous Species: Solubility of Th(IV) Hydrous Oxide in Concentrated  $\text{NaHCO}_3$  and  $\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3$  Solutions., *J. Solution Chemistry* Vol.26, pp. 233-248.
- Fuger, J and Oetting, F. L. (1976): The Chemical Thermodynamics of Actinide Elements and Compounds Part 2, The Actinide Aqueous Ions. International Atomic Energy Agency, Vienna, Austria.
- Fuger, J., Khodakovsky, I. L., Sergeyeva, E. I., Medvedev, V. A., and Navratil, J. D. (1992). The Chemical Thermodynamics of Actinide Elements and Compounds: Part 12. The Actinide Aqueous Inorganic Complexes, International Atomic Energy Agency, Vienna, Austria.
- Grenthe, I., Fuger, J., Konings, R. J. M., Lemire, R. J., Muller, A. B., Nguyen-Trung, C., and Wanner, H. (1992): The Chemical Thermodynamics of Uranium, OECD Nuclear Energy Agency, Amsterdam: North-Holland.
- Hataye, I., Suganuma, H., Sakata, M. and Nagame, Y. (1981a): Solvent Extraction Study on the Hydrolysis of Tracer Concentration of Polonium(IV) in Perchlorate Solutions, *J. Inorg. Nucl. Chem.*, Vol. 43, pp. 2101-2104.
- Hataye, I. Suganuma, and H., Sakata, M. (1981b): Solvent Extraction Study on the Hydrolysis of Tracer Concentration of Polonium(IV) in Nitrate Solutions, *J. Inorg. Nucl. Chem.*, Vol. 43, pp. 2575-2577.
- Kulmala, S. and Hakanen, M. (1993): The Solubility of Zr, Nb, and Ni in Groundwater and Concrete Water and Sorption on Crushed Rock and Cement, Report YJT-93-21.
- Lierse, C. and Kim, J. I. (1986): Chemisches Verhalten von Plutonium in Natürlichen Aquatischen System in: Hydrolyse, Carbonatkomplexierung und Redoxreaktionen, Report RCM-02286, Inst. fuer Radiochemie, Technischen Unversitaet Muenchen, p. 234 (in German).
- Lothenbach, B., Ochs, M., Wanner, H. and Yui, M. (1999): Thermodynamic Data for the Solubility and Speciation of Sn, Sb, Pb, Bi, Nb, and Pd in Aqueous Solution, JNC Technical Report JNC TN8400 99-011.
- Mikheev, Von N. B. (1978): Polonium, *Chemiker Zeitung*, 102.
- Mills, K. C. (1974): Thermodynamic Data for Inorganic Sulphides. Selenides and Tellurides., ISBN 0-408-70537-X, Butterworth & Co (Publishers) Ltd.

- Muller, A. B. (1985): NEA compilation of chemical thermodynamic data for minerals associated with granite, OECD/NEA, RWN-5 NEA Report.
- Neck, V., Kim, J. I. and Kanellakopoulos, B. (1992): Solubility and Hydrolysis Behavior of Neptunium(V), *Radiochimica Acta* 56, pp. 25-30.
- Neck V., Runde W. and Kim J.I. (1995): Solid-Liquid equilibria of Neptunium(V) in carbonate solutions of different ionic strengths: II. Stability of the solid phases. *J. of alloys and compounds* Vol. 225, pp. 295-302.
- OECD/NEA (1989): Chemical Thermodynamics of Technetium, Preliminary draft of January 1989, OECD Nuclear Energy Agency, Data Bank, Gif-sur-Yvette, France.
- Östholts, E., Bruno, J., and Grenthe, I. (1994): On the Influence of Carbonate on Mineral Dissolution: III. The Solubility of Microcrystalline ThO<sub>2</sub> in CO<sub>2</sub>-H<sub>2</sub>O Media, *Geochim Cosmochim. Acta.*, Vol. 58, pp. 613-623.
- Parkhurst, D. L., Thorstenson, D. C. and Plummer, L. N. (1980): PHREEQE - a computer program for geochemical calculations, U.S. Geological Survey Water-Resources Investigations Report 80-96.
- Pashaliddis, I., Czerwinski, K. R., Fanghanel, T. and Kim, J. I. (1997): Solid-Liquid Phase Equilibria of Pu(VI) and U(VI) in Aqueous Carbonate Systems Determination of Stability Constants, *Radiochimica Acta* 76, pp. 55-62.
- Phillips, S. L., Hale, F. V., Silvester, L. F. and Siegel, M. D. (1988): Thermodynamic Tables for Nuclear Waste Isolation Aqueous Solutions Database, NUREG/CR-4864, LBL-22860, SAND87-0323.
- Pitzer, K. S. (1973): Thermodynamics of Electrolytes. I. Theoretical Basis and General Equations, *The Journal of Physical Chemistry*, Vol. 77, No. 2, pp. 268-277.
- Pitzer, K. S. and Mayorga, G. (1973): Thermodynamic of Electrolytes. II. Activity and Osmic Coefficients for Strong Electrolytes with One or Both Ions Univalent, *The Journal of Physical Chemistry*, Vol. 77, pp. 2300-2308.
- PNC (1991): Status of Research and Development on Geological Disposal of High-level Radioactive Waste (H-1 FY), PNC Technical Report PNC TN1410 91-009 (in Japanese).
- PNC (1992). Research and Development on Geological Disposal of High-Level Radioactive Waste, First progress report, PNC Technical Report PNC TN1410 93-059.
- Rai, D. (1984): Solubility Product of Pu(IV) Hydrous Oxide and Equilibrium Constants of Pu(IV)/Pu(V), Pu(IV)/Pu(VI), and Pu(V)/Pu(VI) Couples, *Radiochimica Acta* 35, pp. 97-106.
- Rai, D. and Ryan, J. L. (1985): Neptunium(IV) Hydrous Oxide Solubility Under Reducing and Carbonate Conditions, *Inorg. Chem.*, 24, pp. 247-251.
- Rai, D., Strickert, R. G., Moore, D. A. and Ryan, J. L. (1983): Am(III) Hydrolysis Constants and Solubility of Am(III) Hydroxide, *Radiochimica Acta* 33, pp. 201-206.
- Rai, D., Swanson, J. L. and Ryan, J. L. (1987): Solubility of NpO<sub>2</sub>·xH<sub>2</sub>O(am) in the Presence of Cu(I)/Cu(II) Redox Buffer, *Radiochimica Acta*, 42, pp.35-41.



- Rai, D., Felmy, A. R. and Fulton, R. W. (1990): Uranium(IV) Hydrolysis Constants and Solubility Product of  $\text{UO}_2 \cdot x\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{am})$ , *Inorg. Chem.* 29, pp. 260-264.
- Rai, D., Felmy, A. R. and Fulton, R. W. (1992): Solubility and Ion Activity Product of  $\text{AmPO}_4 \cdot x\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{am})$ , *Radiochim. Acta* 56, pp. 7-14.
- Rai, D., Felmy, A. R., Felmy, and Ryan, J. L. (1997): The Solubility of Th(IV) and U(IV) Hydrated Oxides in Concentrated NaCl and  $\text{MgCl}_2$  Solutions, *Radiochimica Acta* 79, pp. 239-249.
- Rai, D., Felmy, A. R., Hess, N., Moore, D. A. and Yui, M. (1998): A Thermodynamic Model for the Solubility  $\text{UO}_2(\text{am})$  in the Aqueous  $\text{K}^+ \text{-Na}^+ \text{-HCO}_3^- \text{-CO}_3^{2-} \text{-OH}^- \text{-H}_2\text{O}$  System, *Radiochimica Acta*, 82, pp. 17-25.
- Rai, D., Rao, L., Wegner, H. T., Felmy, A. R., Choppin, G. R. and Yui, M. (1999a): Thermodynamic Data for Predicting Concentrations of Pu(III), Am(III), and Cm(III) in Geologic Environments, JNC Technical Report, JNC TN8400 99-009.
- Rai, D., Rao, L., Wegner, H. T., Felmy, A. R., Choppin, G. R. and Yui, M. (1999b): Thermodynamic Data for Predicting Concentrations of Th(IV), U(IV), Np(IV) and Pu(IV) in Geologic Environments, JNC Technical Report, JNC TN8400 99-010.
- Rai, D., Hess, N. J., Felmy, A. R., Moore, D. A. and Yui, M. (1999c): A Thermodynamic Model for the Solubility of  $\text{PuO}_2(\text{am})$  in the Aqueous  $\text{K}^+ \text{-HCO}_3^- \text{-CO}_3^{2-} \text{-OH}^- \text{-H}_2\text{O}$  System, *Radiochimica Acta* (submitted).
- Rai, D., Hess, N. J., Felmy, A. R., Moore, D. A. and Yui, M. (1999d): A Thermodynamic Model for the Solubility of  $\text{NpO}_2(\text{am})$  in the Aqueous  $\text{K}^+ \text{-HCO}_3^- \text{-CO}_3^{2-} \text{-OH}^- \text{-H}_2\text{O}$  System, *Radiochimica Acta* (submitted).
- Rard, J. A. (1983): Critical Review of Chemistry and Thermodynamics of Technetium and Some of its Inorganic Compounds and Solution Species, UCRL-5340 DE84-003909.
- Roberts, K. E., Silber, H. B., Torretto, P. C., Prussin, T., Becraft, K., Hobart, D. E. and Novak, C. F. (1996): The Experimental Determination of the Stability Product for  $\text{NpO}_2\text{OH}$  in NaCl Solutions, *Radiochimica Acta* 74, pp. 27-30.
- Robie, R. A. and Hemingway, B. S. (1995): Thermodynamic Properties of Minerals and Related Substances at 298.15 K and 1 Bar ( $10^5$  Pascals) Pressure and at Higher Temperatures, U.S. Geological Survey Bulletin 2131
- Runde, W., Neu, M. P. and Clark, D. L. (1996): Neptunium(V) Hydrolysis and Carbonate Complexation: Experimental and Predicted Neptunyl Solubility in Concentrated NaCl Using the Pitzer Approach. *Geochim. Cosmochim. Acta.*, Vol. 60, pp. 2065-2073.
- Ryan, J. L. and Rai, D. (1987): Thorium(IV) Hydrated Oxide Solubility, *Inorg. Chem.* Vol. 26, pp. 4140-4142.
- Shibutani, S. (1996a): Solubility Measurement of Trivalent Lanthanide for Performance Assessment, PNC Technical Review No. 97, pp. 67-75 (in Japanese).
- Shibutani, S. (1996b): Developments of Thermodynamic Database of Ni for Performance Assessment of Geological Disposal System of High Level Radioactive Waste, PNC Technical Report PNC TN8410 96-257 (in Japanese)

- Shibutani, S. (1997a): Development of Thermodynamic Database of Am for Performance Assessment of Geological Disposal System of High-level Radioactive Waste, PNC Technical Report PNC TN8410 97-022 (in Japanese).
- Shibutani, S. (1997b): Development of Thermodynamic Database of Actinide elements, *in* The report of information exchange meeting for research work on geological disposal. "INTEGRATE '97", PNC Technical Report PNC TN1100 97-004, pp. A3.2-7-11 (in Japanese).
- Shibutani, S. (1998): private communication.
- Shibutani, S. , Ueta, S. and Yui, M. (1998): Development of Thermodynamic Database of Np for Performance Assessment of Geological Disposal System of High Level Radioactive Waste, PNC Technical Report PNC TN8410 98-035 (in Japanese).
- Shibutani, S. and Yui, M. (1998): Status of PNC-TDB Development for Performance Assessment, PNC Technical Review No. 105, PNC TN1340 98-001, pp. 57-66 (in Japanese).
- Shibutani, T. and Shibutani, S. (1998a): Database Development of Chemical Thermodynamics of Protactinium for Performance Assessment of HLW Geological Disposal System, PNC Technical Report PNC TN8410 98-052.
- Shibutani, T. and Shibutani, S. (1998b): Database Development of Chemical Thermodynamics of Plutonium for Performance Assessment of HLW Geological Disposal System, PNC Technical Report PNC TN8410 98-082 (in Japanese).
- Silva, R. J., Bidoglio, G., Rand, M. H., Robouch, P. B., Wanner, H. and Puigdomenech, I. (1995). Chemical Thermodynamics of Americium, OECD/ Nuclear Energy Agency, Elsevier.
- Suganuma, H. and Hataye, I. (1981): Solvent Extraction Study on the Hydrolysis of Tracer Concentration of Polonium(IV) in Chloride Solutions, *J. Inorg. Nucl. Chem.*, Vol. 43, pp. 2511-2515.
- Wagman, D. D., Evans, W. H., Parker, V. B., Schumm, R. H., Halow, I., Bailey, S. M., Churney, K. L. and Nuttall, R. L. - (1982): The NBS Tables of Chemical Thermodynamic Properties Selected Values for Inorganic and C1 and C2 Organic Substances in SI Units, *Journal of Physical and Chemical Reference Data*, Vol. 11, No. 2.
- Wanner, H. (1986): Modelling Interaction of Deep Groundwaters with Bentonite and Radionuclide Speciation, Report EIR-Bericht Nr. 589, Nagra NTB 86-21, National Cooperative for the Storage of Radioactive Waste (Nagra), Baden, Switzerland, p. 103.
- Xia, Y., Rao, L., Rai, D. and Felmy, A. R. (1999): Solvent Extraction Study of Np(IV) Sulfate Complexation in  $\text{Na}^+\text{-Np}^{4+}\text{-OH-SO}_4^{2-}\text{-HSO}_4^-$   $\text{ClO}_4^-$  and  $\text{Na}^+\text{-Np}^{4+}\text{-OH-SO}_4^{2-}\text{-HSO}_4^-$   $\text{Cl}^-$  Systems, *Radiochimica Acta* (submitted).
- Yajima, T. (1994): Solubility Measurements of Uranium and Niobium, Nuclear Engineering Research Laboratory, Faculty of Engineering, University of Tokyo, Yayoi Kenkyukai Report, UTNL-R 0331, pp. 127-144 (in Japanese).
- Yajima, T., Tobita, S., and Ueta, S. (1992): Solubility Measurements of Niobium in the System Nb-OH under CO<sub>2</sub>-free condition, Abstract 1992 Fall Meeting, Atomic Energy Society Japan, p. 341 (in Japanese).

- Yajima, T., Kawamura, T. and Ueta, S. (1995): Uranium(IV) Solubility and Hydrolysis Constants under Reduced Conditions, Mat. Res. Soc. Symp. Proc. 353, pp. 1137-1142.
- Yamaguchi, T. and Takeda, S. (1999): Consideration on Thermodynamic Data for Predicting Solubility and Chemical Species of Elements in Groundwater Part 1: Tc, U, Am, JAERI-Data/Code 99-001 (in Japanese).
- Yamaguchi, T., Sakamoto, Y., and Ohnuki, T.(1994): Effect of the Complexation on Solubility of Pu(IV) in Aqueous Carbonate System, Radiochimica Acta 66/67, pp. 9-14.
- Yui, M. and Makino, H. (1996): Uranium Database Development of PNC-TDB, PNC Technical Report PNC TN8410 96-260 (in Japanese).
- Yui, M., Makino, H. Ashida, T., Umeki, H. Ishiguro, K. and Neyama, A. (1992). Estimation of Dissolution Behavior of Elements from High-level Vitrified Waste and Solubility in Porewater in Engineered Barrier, PNC Technical Report PNC TN 8410 92-161 (in Japanese).

## Appendixes

### Appendix-1

<b>Guideline for critical review of thermodynamic data .....</b>	<b>57</b>
--	-----------

### Appendix-2

<b>Used data for solubility and speciation calculation for the second progress report on the geological disposal research in Japan (H12) .....</b>	<b>59</b>
--	-----------

<b>A-2.1 Americium (Am) .....</b>	<b>60</b>
<b>A-2.2 Neptunium (Np) .....</b>	<b>61</b>
<b>A-2.3 Plutonium (Pu) .....</b>	<b>63</b>
<b>A-2.4 Uranium (U) .....</b>	<b>65</b>

### Appendix-3

<b>PHREEQE format database used for solubility and speciation calculation for H12. ....</b>	<b>67</b>
---	-----------

## Appendix-1

### Guideline for critical review of thermodynamic data

#### - Experimental -

- Is the experimental procedure adequate?
- What is the accuracy of the measurement?
- Is the change in the measured parameter, compared with the error, sufficient to identify the chemical reaction proposed?
- Were the parameters such as ionic strength and temperature held constant? If not, is it possible to estimate the error caused by such variations?
- Were other experimental variables adequately controlled / measured?
  - Solid / liquid separation techniques (for solubility experiments).
  - Control of redox potentials (in redox-sensitive experiments).
  - Characterization of reactants (e.g., solid phase for solubility experiments).
  - Evidence of equilibrium (e.g., for experiments involving fixed partial pressure of CO<sub>2</sub> gas: Are the soluble carbonate species in equilibrium with CO<sub>2</sub> gas at the given partial pressure?)
  - Characterization of products (e.g., oxidation states for redox-sensitive species, spectroscopic evidence for the species).

#### - Data Interpretation -

- Verify that the chemical conditions of the experiments were chosen such that the species participating in the proposed reactions were all present in measurable quantities at equilibrium.
- How many experimental points are available for each of the proposed reactions?
- Are any secondary reactions (e.g., protonation, complexation with inert salt ions, hydrolysis, redox reactions, etc. ) expected to take place under the experimental conditions chosen, and were they corrected for by the authors? If they were not corrected for, are the reported data sufficient to allow such corrections at this stage?
- Were the data correctly interpreted including the use of appropriate electrolyte theories and other auxiliary data? If not, are the experimental results available and reliable such that the data can be reinterpreted?

- Results -

- Do the resulting constants make sense? For example, would the resulting values have been anticipated based on common knowledge (e.g.,  $K_{n+1} < K_n$ , etc.)?
- Have others judged this paper before (e.g., in later papers on a similar subject, or in reviews like NEA, IAEA and others)? If there are differences in the different expert judgments, an explanation should be given if possible.

## **Appendix-2**

### **Used data for solubility and speciation calculation for the second progress report on the geological disposal research in Japan (H12)**

JNC has used thermodynamic data to estimate solubility and speciation of radioactive elements in the safety assessment of high-level waste disposal system. The JNC-TDB has been developed for this objective. However, unfortunately, the JNC-TDB development and the solubility estimation have been carried out in parallel for the last phase for the second progress report (H12), due to delay of the JNC-TDB development project. Some parts of the selected and frozen datasets were not consequently used for the solubility estimation in the second progress report. In such cases, the datasets for the solubility estimation shown in the following tables were used. The datasets for Am, Np, Pu, and U were used in the following tables.

### A-2.1 Americium (Am)

The dataset for Am compiled by Silva et al. (1995) was used for the solubility estimation. The used data are shown in Tables A-2.1-1 and A-2.1-2. For Sm, Ac, Pu(III), and Cm, the dataset for Am shown in the tables was used for the solubility estimation.

Table A-2.1-1 log K<sub>sp</sub> values of Reactions Involving Solid Compounds of Americium(III)

Reaction	log K <sub>sp</sub>	Reference
$\text{Am(OH)}_3(\text{am}) + 3\text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{Am}^{3+} + 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$	17.0	Silva et al. (1995)
$\text{Am(OH)}_3(\text{cr}) + 3\text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{Am}^{3+} + 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$	15.2	Silva et al. (1995)
$\text{Am}_2(\text{CO}_3)_3(\text{cr}) \rightleftharpoons 2\text{Am}^{3+} + 3\text{CO}_3^{2-}$	-33.4	Silva et al. (1995)
$\text{AmOHCO}_3(\text{cr}) \rightleftharpoons \text{Am}^{3+} + \text{OH}^- + \text{CO}_3^{2-}$	-21.2	Silva et al. (1995)
$\text{AmPO}_4(\text{am}) \rightleftharpoons \text{Am}^{3+} + \text{PO}_4^{3-}$	-24.79	Rai et al. (1992)

Table A-2.1-2 log K values of Reactions Involving Solution Species of Americium (III)

Reaction	log K	Reference
$\text{Am}^{3+} + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{AmOH}^{2+} + \text{H}^+$	-6.4	Silva et al. (1995)
$\text{Am}^{3+} + 2 \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Am(OH)}_2^+ + 2\text{H}^+$	-14.1	Silva et al. (1995)
$\text{Am}^{3+} + 3 \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Am(OH)}_3(\text{aq}) + 3\text{H}^+$	-25.7	Silva et al. (1995)
$\text{Am}^{3+} + \text{F}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{AmF}^{2+}$	3.4	Silva et al. (1995)
$\text{Am}^{3+} + 2\text{F}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{AmF}_2^+$	5.8	Silva et al. (1995)
$\text{Am}^{3+} + \text{CO}_3^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{AmCO}_3^+$	7.8	Silva et al. (1995)
$\text{Am}^{3+} + 2\text{CO}_3^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{Am}(\text{CO}_3)_2^-$	12.3	Silva et al. (1995)
$\text{Am}^{3+} + 3\text{CO}_3^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{Am}(\text{CO}_3)_3^{3-}$	15.2	Silva et al. (1995)
$\text{Am}^{3+} + \text{NO}_3^- \rightleftharpoons \text{AmNO}_3^{2+}$	1.33	Silva et al. (1995)
$\text{Am}^{3+} + \text{Cl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{AmCl}^{2+}$	1.05	Silva et al. (1995)
$\text{Am}^{3+} + \text{SO}_4^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{AmSO}_4^+$	3.85	Silva et al. (1995)
$\text{Am}^{3+} + 2\text{SO}_4^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{Am}(\text{SO}_4)_2^-$	5.40	Silva et al. (1995)
$\text{Am}^{3+} + \text{H}_2\text{PO}_4^- \rightleftharpoons \text{AmH}_2\text{PO}_4^{2+}$	3.00	Silva et al. (1995)



## A-2.2 Neptunium (Np)

The data of reactions including Np(III), Np(V) and Np(VI) compiled by Shibutani et al. (1998) were used for the solubility estimation as shown in Tables A-2.2-1, A-2.2-2, A-2.2-3, A-2.2-5, A-2.2-6 and A-2.2-7. For the solubility estimation, the data for Np(IV) shown in Table A-2.2-4 were used in addition to the frozen data shown in Tables 2.1.5-2 and 2.1.5-3 in section 2.1.5.

Table A-2.2-1 log K values of Redox Reactions of Neptunium

Reaction	log K	Reference
$\text{Np}^{4+} + e^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Np}^{3+}$	3.03	Cross et al. (1987)
$\text{NpO}_2^+ + e^- + 4\text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{Np}^{4+} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	10.89	Fuger and Oetting (1976)
$\text{NpO}_2^{2+} + e^- \rightleftharpoons \text{NpO}_2^+$	21.40	Cross et al. (1987)

Table A-2.2-2 log K values of Reactions Involving Solid Compounds of Neptunium (III)

Reaction	log K	Reference
$\text{Np}(\text{OH})_3(\text{s}) + 3\text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{Np}^{4+} + e^- + 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$	15.93	Cross et al. (1987)

Table A-2.2-3 log K values of Reactions Involving Solution Species of Neptunium (III)

Reaction	log K	Reference
$\text{Np}^{4+} + e^- + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{NpOH}^{2+} + \text{H}^+$	-4.37	Cross et al. (1987)
$\text{Np}^{4+} + e^- + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Np}(\text{OH})_2^+ + 2\text{H}^+$	-13.97	Cross et al. (1987)
$\text{Np}^{4+} + e^- + 3\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Np}(\text{OH})_3(\text{aq}) + 3\text{H}^+$	-23.97	Cross et al. (1987)
$\text{Np}^{4+} + e^- + 4\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Np}(\text{OH})_4^- + 4\text{H}^+$	-34.97	Cross et al. (1987)
$2\text{Np}^{4+} + 2e^- + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Np}_2(\text{OH})_2^{4+} + 2\text{H}^+$	-7.43	Cross et al. (1987)
$\text{Np}^{4+} + e^- + \text{CO}_3^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{NpCO}_3^+$	9.53	Cross et al. (1987)
$\text{Np}^{4+} + e^- + 2\text{CO}_3^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{Np}(\text{CO}_3)_2^-$	14.03	Cross et al. (1987)
$\text{Np}^{4+} + e^- + 3\text{CO}_3^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{Np}(\text{CO}_3)_3^{3-}$	17.53	Cross et al. (1987)
$\text{Np}^{4+} + e^- + \text{Cl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{NpCl}^{2+}$	0.63	Cross et al. (1987)
$\text{Np}^{4+} + e^- + 2\text{Cl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{NpCl}_2^+$	-2.35	Cross et al. (1987)

Table A-2.2-4 log K values of Reactions Involving Solution Species of Neptunium (IV)

Reaction	log K	Reference
$\text{Np}^{4+} + \text{Cl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{NpCl}^{2+}$	1.80	Shibutani et al. (1998)
$\text{Np}^{4+} + 2\text{Cl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{NpCl}_2^{2+}$	2.11	Shibutani et al. (1998)
$\text{Np}^{4+} + \text{F}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{NpF}^{3+}$	8.33	Cross et al. (1987)
$\text{Np}^{4+} + 2\text{F}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{NpF}_2^{2+}$	14.59	Cross et al. (1987)
$\text{Np}^{4+} + 3\text{F}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{NpF}_3^+$	20.3	Cross et al. (1987)
$\text{Np}^{4+} + 4\text{F}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{NpF}_4(\text{aq})$	25.1	Cross et al. (1987)

Table A-2.2-5 log Ksp values of Reactions Involving Solid Compounds of Neptunium (V)

Reaction	log Ksp	Reference
$\text{NpO}_2\text{OH(am)} \rightleftharpoons \text{NpO}_2^+ + \text{OH}^-$	-8.76 *1	Shibutani et al. (1998)
$\text{NaNpO}_2\text{CO}_3\text{(cr)} \rightleftharpoons \text{Na}^+ + \text{NpO}_2^+ + \text{CO}_3^{2-}$	-11.0 *1	Shibutani et al. (1998)
$\text{Na}_3\text{NpO}_2\text{(CO}_3)_2\text{(cr)} \rightleftharpoons 3\text{Na}^+ + \text{NpO}_2^+ + 2\text{CO}_3^{2-}$	-14.3 *1	Shibutani et al. (1998)

\*1 Ion strength in molarity [mol/l] was used in SIT activity correction.

Table A-2.2-6 log K values of Reactions Involving Solution Species of Neptunium (V)

Reaction	log K	Reference
$\text{NpO}_2^+ + \text{OH}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{NpO}_2\text{OH(aq)}$	3.31 *1	Shibutani et al. (1998)
$\text{NpO}_2^+ + 2\text{OH}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{NpO}_2\text{(OH)}_2^-$	5.39 *1	Shibutani et al. (1998)
$\text{NpO}_2^+ + \text{CO}_3^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{NpO}_2\text{CO}_3^-$	4.79 *1	Shibutani et al. (1998)
$\text{NpO}_2^+ + 2\text{CO}_3^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{NpO}_2\text{(CO}_3)_2^{3-}$	6.65 *1	Shibutani et al. (1998)
$\text{NpO}_2^+ + 3\text{CO}_3^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{NpO}_2\text{(CO}_3)_3^{5-}$	5.51 *1	Shibutani et al. (1998)
$\text{NpO}_2^+ + \text{Cl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{NpO}_2\text{Cl(aq)}$	-0.29	Neck et al. (1995)
$\text{Np}^{4+} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} - 4\text{H}^+ - \text{e}^- + \text{F}^- = \text{NpO}_2\text{F(aq)}$	-10.38	Cross et al. (1987)
$\text{NpO}_2^+ + \text{SO}_4^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{NpO}_2\text{SO}_4^-$	0.6 *2	Fuger et al. (1992)

\*1 Ion strength in molarity [mol/l] was used in SIT activity correction.

\*2 The log K value was given at ionic strength I=1 [mol/l].

Note that an equilibrium constant for  $\text{Np(V)O}_2\text{HCO}_3\text{(aq)}$  compiled by Shibutani et al. (1998) was not used for the solubility estimation, because the constant was not experimentally confirmed.

Table A-2.2-7 log K values of Reactions Involving Solution Species of Neptunium (VI)

Reaction	log K	Reference
$\text{Np}^{4+} + 3\text{H}_2\text{O} - 5\text{H}^+ - 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{NpO}_2\text{OH}^+$	- 37.39	Cross et al. (1987)
$\text{Np}^{4+} + 4\text{H}_2\text{O} - 6\text{H}^+ - 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{NpO}_2\text{(OH)}_2\text{(aq)}$	- 43.81	Cross et al. (1987)
$\text{Np}^{4+} + 5\text{H}_2\text{O} - 7\text{H}^+ - 2\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{NpO}_2\text{(OH)}_3^-$	- 53.99	Cross et al. (1987)
$2\text{Np}^{4+} + 6\text{H}_2\text{O} - 10\text{H}^+ - 4\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons (\text{NpO}_2)_2\text{(OH)}_2^{2+}$	- 70.98	Cross et al. (1987)
$3\text{Np}^{4+} + 11\text{H}_2\text{O} - 17\text{H}^+ - 6\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons (\text{NpO}_2)_3\text{(OH)}_5^+$	- 114.37	Cross et al. (1987)
$2\text{Np}^{4+} + 5\text{H}_2\text{O} - 9\text{H}^+ - 4\text{e}^- \rightleftharpoons (\text{NpO}_2)_2\text{OH}^{3+}$	- 68.58	Cross et al. (1987)
$\text{Np}^{4+} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} - 4\text{H}^+ - 2\text{e}^- + \text{Cl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{NpO}_2\text{Cl}^+$	- 32.59	Cross et al. (1987)
$\text{Np}^{4+} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} - 4\text{H}^+ - 2\text{e}^- + 2\text{Cl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{NpO}_2\text{Cl}_2\text{(aq)}$	- 31.29	Cross et al. (1987)
$\text{Np}^{4+} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} - 4\text{H}^+ - 2\text{e}^- + \text{SO}_4^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{NpO}_2\text{SO}_4\text{(aq)}$	- 29.02	Cross et al. (1987)
$\text{Np}^{4+} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} - 4\text{H}^+ - 2\text{e}^- + 2\text{SO}_4^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{NpO}_2\text{(SO}_4)_2^{2-}$	- 28.19	Cross et al. (1987)
$\text{Np}^{4+} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} - 4\text{H}^+ - 2\text{e}^- + 3\text{SO}_4^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{NpO}_2\text{(SO}_4)_3^{4-}$	- 27.29	Cross et al. (1987)

### A-2.3 Plutonium (Pu)

For Pu(III), based on chemical analogy the data for Am shown in Table A-2.1-2 and A-2.1-2 were adopted in the solubility estimation. The data for redox reaction are basically same as the finally frozen data shown in Tables 2.1.6-1. However, there was a mistake in deriving the data of the redox reaction of Pu(IV)/Pu(III). The log K values used in the solubility estimation are shown in Table A-2.3-1. The value in Table 2.1.6-1 was correctly calculated. Log K values for Pu(IV) shown in Table A-2.3-2 were used for the solubility estimation besides the frozen data as shown in Tables 2.1.6-2 and 2.1.6-3. For Pu(IV) fluoride complexes, data of U(IV) selected by Grenthe et al. (1992) were used as analogue data considering the discussion in Shibutani and Shibutani (1998b). For Pu(V), the data compiled by Shibutani and Shibutani (1998b) shown in Tables A-2.3-3, and A-2.3-4 were used instead of Tables 2.1.6-4 and 2.1.6-5. For Pu(VI), the used data were the same as the frozen data in Table 2.1.6-6 besides the data shown in Tables A-2.3-5 and 2.3-6.

Table A-2.3-1 log K values of Redox Reactions of Plutonium

Reaction	log K	Reference
$\text{Pu}^{4+} + e^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Pu}^{3+}$	17.01	Fuger and Oetting (1976)
$\text{PuO}_2^+ + e^- + 4\text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{Pu}^{4+} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	18.60	Rai (1984)
$\text{PuO}_2^{2+} + e^- \rightleftharpoons \text{PuO}_2^+$	16.16	Rai (1984)

Table A-2.3-2 log K values of Reactions Involving Solution Species of Plutonium (IV)

Reaction	log K	Reference
$\text{Pu}^{4+} + \text{Cl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{PuCl}^{3+}$	2.00	Fuger et al.(1992)
$\text{Pu}^{4+} + \text{NO}_3^- \rightleftharpoons \text{PuNO}_3^{3+}$	2.60	Fuger et al.(1992)
$\text{Pu}^{4+} + \text{F}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{PuF}^{3+}$	9.28 *1	Grenthe et al.(1992)
$\text{Pu}^{4+} + 2\text{F}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{PuF}_2^{2+}$	16.23 *1	Grenthe et al.(1992)
$\text{Pu}^{4+} + 3\text{F}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{PuF}_3^+$	21.6 *1	Grenthe et al.(1992)
$\text{Pu}^{4+} + 4\text{F}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{PuF}_4(\text{aq})$	25.6 *1	Grenthe et al.(1992)
$\text{Pu}^{4+} + 5\text{F}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{PuF}_5^-$	27.01 *1	Grenthe et al.(1992)
$\text{Pu}^{4+} + 6\text{F}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{PuF}_6^{2-}$	29.08*1	Grenthe et al.(1992)

\*1 The log K value was given by chemical analogy with U(IV)

Table A-2.3-3 log Ksp values of Reactions Involving Solid Compounds of Plutonium (V)

Reaction	log Ksp	Reference
$\text{PuO}_2\text{OH}(\text{s}) + \text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{PuO}_2^{2+} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	4.83	Shibutani and Shibutani (1998b)

Table A-2.3-4 log K values of Reactions Involving Solution Species of Plutonium (V)

Reaction	log K	Reference
$\text{PuO}_2^+ + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{PuO}_2\text{OH}(\text{aq}) + \text{H}^+$	-9.73	Bennett et al.(1992)
$\text{PuO}_2^+ + \text{CO}_3^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{PuO}_2\text{CO}_3^-$	5.12	Bennett et al.(1992)

Table A-2.3-5 log Ksp values of Reactions Involving Solid Compounds of Plutonium (VI)

Reaction	log Ksp	Reference
$\text{PuO}_2(\text{OH})_2(\text{s}) + 2\text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{PuO}_2^{2+} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	4.4	Lierse and Kim (1986)
$\text{PuO}_2\text{CO}_3(\text{s}) \rightleftharpoons \text{PuO}_2^{2+} + \text{CO}_3^{2-}$	-14.85	Pashalidis et al. (1997)

Table A-2.3-6 log K values of Reactions Involving Solution Species of Plutonium (VI)

Reaction	log K	Reference
$2\text{PuO}_2^{2+} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons (\text{PuO}_2)_2(\text{OH})_2^{2+} + 2\text{H}^+$	-5.620 *1	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$3\text{PuO}_2^{2+} + 5\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons (\text{PuO}_2)_3(\text{OH})_5^+ + 5\text{H}^+$	-15.550 *1	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$2\text{PuO}_2^{2+} + 3\text{OH}^- + \text{CO}_3^{2-} \rightleftharpoons (\text{PuO}_2)_2(\text{OH})_3\text{CO}_3^-$	41	Allard (1983)
$3\text{PuO}_2^{2+} + 3\text{OH}^- + \text{CO}_3^{2-} \rightleftharpoons (\text{PuO}_2)_3(\text{OH})_3\text{CO}_3^+$	43	Allard (1983)

\*1 The log K value was given by chemical analogy with U(VI)

## A-2.4 Uranium (U)

For the solubility estimation, the data for U(IV) shown in Table A-2.5.1 were used in addition to the frozen data shown in Tables 2.1.4-2 and 2.1.4-3 in section 2.1.4. A log K value for  $U(V)O_2(CO_3)_3^{5-}$  compiled by Grenthe et al. (1992) was included in the database used for the solubility estimation (see Table A-2.5.2). The data for U(VI) thiocyanate (SCN<sup>-</sup>) complexes in Table 2.1.4-5 are not included in calculation because thiocyanate is unlikely to exist in the repository conditions.  $(UO_2)_2(NpO_2)(CO_3)_6^{6-}$  is neither included due to lack of the data of  $Np(VI)O_2(CO_3)_3^{4-}$ .

Table A-2.5-1 log K values of Reactions Involving Solution Species of Uranium (IV)

Reaction	log K	Reference
$U^{4+} + Cl^- \rightleftharpoons UCl^{3+}$	1.720	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$U^{4+} + Br^- \rightleftharpoons UBr^{3+}$	1.460	Grenthe et al. (1992)
$U^{4+} + I^- \rightleftharpoons UI^{3+}$	1.250	Grenthe et al. (1992)

Table A-2.5-2 log K values of Reactions Involving Solution Species of Uranium (V)

Reaction	log K	Reference
$UO_2^+ + 3CO_3^{2-} \rightleftharpoons UO_2(CO_3)_3^{5-}$	7.406 <sup>*1</sup>	Grenthe et al. (1992)

\*1 log K value of the reaction based on Gibbs free energy  $\Delta_r G$  in Grenthe et al. (1992)

### **Appendix-3**

#### **PHREEQE format database used for solubility and speciation calculation for H12**

The database prepared for use in a geochemical calculation code (PHREEQE: Parkhurst, 1980) is given in the following pages. This database contains a number of aqueous species, gases and compounds in addition to the radioactive elements discussed in this report. For these auxiliary data, the selected auxiliary data by OECD/NEA Thermodynamic Database Project (i.e. Silva et al., 1995) were primarily adopted. For the species, which were not covered by Silva et al. (1995), the data in PHREEQE original database were used. An additional database of minerals compiled by OECD/NEA (e.g., Muller, 1985), which was adopted in PNC-TDB\_H-3 (Yui et al., 1992), was also included.

The equilibrium constants ( $\log K$ ) at 25°C are stored, however, the other parameter related to the activity coefficient model and temperature dependency are not included. This database is prepared for the use with Davis equation as an activity coefficient model.

Detailed discussion for the solubility and speciation calculation is described in Azuma et al. (1999).

ELEMENTS			
CA	4	40.	CA+2
MG	5	24.	MG+2
NA	6	23.	NA+
K	7	39.	K+
FE	8	56.	FE+2
MN	9	55.	MN+2
AL	10	27.	AL+3
BA	11	137.	BA+2
SR	12	88.	SR+2
SI	13	96.	H4SiO4(AQ)
CL	14	35.	CL-
C	15	60.	CO3-2
S	16	96.	SO4-2
N	17	62.	NO3-
B	18	62.	B(OH)3(A
P	19	95.	PO4-3
F	20	19.	F-
LI	21	7.	LI+
BR	22	80.	BR-
I	23	127.	I-
TC	24	115.	TCO+2
U	25	238.	U+4
CO	27	59.	CO+2
AM	28	243.	AM+3
PU	29	239.	PU+4
CS	30	133.	CS+
NI	31	59.	NI+2
SE	32	143.	SEO4-2
ZR	33	159.	ZR(OH)4
SN	34	119.	SN(OH)4
SM	35	150.	SM+3
PB	36	207.	PB+2
RA	37	226.	RA+2
TH	38	232.	TH+4
PA	39	231.	PA+4
NP	40	237.	NP+4
NB	41	178.	NB(OH)5
PD	42	106.	PD+2
ND	44	144.	ND+3
SB	46	173.	SB(OH)3
BI	47	209.	BI+3
PO	48	209.	PO+4
AC	49	227.	AC+3
CM	50	247.	CM+3

SPECIES							
1							
H+	100	1.000	0.000	9.000	0.000	0.000	0.
0.0	0.0						
1	1.000						
2							
E-	100	-1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
0.0	0.0						
2	1.000						
3							
H2O(L)	100	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
0.0	0.0						
3	1.000						
4							
CA+2	101	2.000	0.000	6.000	5.000	0.165	0.
0.0	0.0						
4	1.000						
5							
MG+2	101	2.000	0.000	8.000	5.500	0.200	0.
0.0	0.0						
5	1.000						
6							
NA+	101	1.000	0.000	4.000	4.000	0.075	0.
0.0	0.0						
6	1.000						
7							
K+	101	1.000	0.000	3.000	3.500	0.015	0.
0.0	0.0						
7	1.000						
8							
FE+2	100	2.000	2.000	6.000	0.000	0.000	0.

0.0	0.0						
8	1.000						
9							
MN+2	100	2.000	2.000	6.000	0.000	0.000	0.
0.0	0.0						
9	1.000						
10							
AL+3	100	3.000	0.000	9.000	0.000	0.000	0.
0.0	0.0						
10	1.000						
11							
BA+2	100	2.000	0.000	5.000	0.000	0.000	0.
0.0	0.0						
11	1.000						
12							
SR+2	101	2.000	0.000	5.000	5.260	0.121	0.
0.0	0.0						
12	1.000						
13							
H4S104(A	100	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
0.0	0.0						
13	1.000						
14							
CL-	101	-1.000	0.000	3.000	3.500	0.015	0.
0.0	0.0						
14	1.000						
15							
CO3-2	101	-2.000	4.000	4.500	5.400	0.000	2.
0.0	0.0						
15	1.000						
16							
SO4-2	101	-2.000	6.000	4.000	5.000	-0.040	0.
0.0	0.0						
16	1.000						
17							
NO3-	100	-1.000	5.000	3.000	0.000	0.000	0.
0.0	0.0						
17	1.000						
18							
B(OH)3(A	100	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
0.0	0.0						
18	1.000						
19							
PO4-3	100	-3.000	0.000	4.000	0.000	0.000	2.
0.0	0.0						
19	1.000						
20							
F-	100	-1.000	0.000	3.500	0.000	0.000	0.
0.0	0.0						
20	1.000						
21							
LI+	100	1.000	0.000	6.000	0.000	0.000	0.
0.0	0.0						
21	1.000						
22							
BR-	100	-1.000	0.000	3.000	0.000	0.000	0.
0.0	0.0						
22	1.000						
23							
I-	100	-1.000	-1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
0.0	0.0						
23	1.000						
24	FOR TCO+2						
TCO+2	100	2.000	4.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
0.0	0.0						
24	1.000						
25	FOR U+4						
U+4	100	4.000	4.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
0.0	0.0						
25	1.000						
27							
CO+2	100	2.000	2.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
0.0	0.0						
27	1.000						
28	FOR AM+3						
AM+3	100	3.000	3.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
0.0	0.0						



28	1.000							
29	FOR PU+4							
PU+4	100	4.000	4.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.	
0.0	0.0							
29	1.000							
30	FOR CS+							
CS+	100	1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.	
0.0	0.0							
30	1.000							
31								
NI+2	100	2.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.	
0.0	0.0							
31	1.000							
32	FOR SE04-2							
SE04-2	100	-2.000	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.	
0.0	0.0							
32	1.000							
33	FOR ZR(OH)4(aq)							
ZR(OH)4	100	0.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.	
0.0	0.0							
33	1.000							
34	FOR SN(OH)4							
SN(OH)4	100	0.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.	
0.0	1.0							
34	1.000							
35								
SM+3	100	3.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.	
0.0	0.0							
35	1.000							
36								
PB+2	100	2.000	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.	
0.0	0.0							
36	1.000							
37	FOR RA+2							
RA+2	100	2.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.	
0.0	0.0							
37	1.000							
38	FOR TH+4							
TH+4	100	4.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.	
0.0	0.0							
38	1.000							
39	FOR PA+4							
PA+4	100	4.000	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.	
0.0	0.0							
39	1.000							
40	FOR NP+4							
NP+4	100	4.000	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.	
0.0	0.0							
40	1.000							
41	FOR NB(OH)5(aq)							
NB(OH)5	100	0.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.	
0.0	0.0							
41	1.000							
42	FOR PD+2							
PD+2	100	2.000	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.	
0.0	0.0							
42	1.000							
44								
ND+3	100	3.000	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.	
0.0	0.0							
44	1.000							
46	FOR SB(OH)3(AQ)							
SB(OH)3	100	0.0	3.0	0.0			0.0	
0.0	0.0							
46	1.000							
47								
BI+3	100	3.0	0.0	0.0			0.0	
0.0	0.0							
47	1.000							
48								
PO+4	100	4.0	4.0	0.0			0.0	
0.0	0.0							
48	1.000							
49	FOR AC+3							
AC+3	100	3.0	0.0	0.0			0.0	
0.0	0.0							
49	1.000							

50								
CM+3	100	3.0	3.0	0.0				0.0
0.0	0.0							
50	1.000							
61	FROM ORIGINAL							
H2 AQ	200	0.000	-2.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
-3.15	0.000							
1	2.000	2	2.000					
62	FOR OH- FROM [NEA95]							
OH-	200	-1.000	0.000	3.500	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.
-14.002	0.000							
3	1.000	1	-1.000					
63	FROM ORIGINAL							
O2 AQ	300	0.000	4.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
-86.08	0.00							
3	2.000	1	-4.000	2	-4.000			
64	FROM ORIGINAL							
CAOH+	300	1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.
-12.598	0.000							
4	1.000	3	1.000	1	-1.000			
65	FROM ORIGINAL							
MGOH+	300	1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.
-11.794	0.000							
5	1.000	3	1.000	1	-1.000			
66	FROM ORIGINAL							
FEOH+	300	1.000	2.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.
-9.500	0.0							
8	1.000	3	1.000	1	-1.000			
67	FROM ORIGINAL							
FEOH2	300	0.000	2.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.
-20.570	0.000							
8	1.000	3	2.000	1	-2.000			
68	FROM ORIGINAL							
FEOH3-	300	-1.000	2.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.
-31.000	0.000							
8	1.000	3	3.000	1	-3.000			
69	FROM ORIGINAL							
FE+3	200	3.000	3.000	9.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
-13.032	0.0							
8	1.000	2	-1.000					
70	FROM ORIGINAL							
FEOH+2	400	2.000	3.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
-15.22	0.0							
8	1.000	3	1.000	2	-1.000	1	-1.000	
71	FROM ORIGINAL							
FEOH2+	400	1.000	3.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
-18.70	0.0							
8	1.000	3	2.000	1	-2.000	2	-1.000	
72	FROM ORIGINAL							
FEOH3	400	0.000	3.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.
-26.63	0.0							
8	1.000	3	3.000	1	-3.000	2	-1.000	
73	FROM ORIGINAL							
FEOH4-	400	-1.000	3.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.
-34.63	0.0							
8	1.000	3	4.000	1	-4.000	2	-1.000	
74	FROM ORIGINAL							
FE2OH2+4	400	4.000	6.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
-29.01	0.0							
8	2.000	3	2.000	1	-2.000	2	-2.000	
75	FROM ORIGINAL							
FE3OH4+5	400	5.000	9.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
-45.4	0.0							
8	3.000	3	4.000	1	-4.000	2	-3.000	
76	FROM ORIGINAL							
MNOH+	300	1.000	2.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.
-10.59	0.00							
9	1.000	3	1.000	1	-1.000			
77	FROM ORIGINAL							
MNOH3-	300	-1.000	2.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.
-34.80	0.0							
9	1.000	3	3.000	1	-3.000			
78	FROM ORIGINAL							
MN+3	200	3.000	3.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
-25.507	0.0							
9	1.000	2	-1.000					
79	FROM ORIGINAL							

MNO4-2	400	-2.000	6.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
-118.440	0.0						
9	1.000	3	4.000	1	-8.000	2	-4.000
80	FROM ORIGINAL						
MNO4-	400	-1.000	7.000	3.500	0.000	0.000	0.
-127.824	0.0						
9	1.000	3	4.000	1	-8.000	2	-5.000
81	FROM ORIGINAL						
ALOH+2	300	2.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
-4.99	0.0						
10	1.000	3	1.000	1	-1.000		
82	FROM ORIGINAL						
ALOH2+	300	1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
-10.1	0.0						
10	1.000	3	2.000	1	-2.000		
83	FROM ORIGINAL						
ALOH3	300	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.
-16.0	0.0						
10	1.000	3	3.000	1	-3.000		
84	FROM ORIGINAL						
ALOH4-	300	-1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.
-23.000	0.0						
10	1.000	3	4.000	1	-4.000		
85	FROM ORIGINAL						
BAOH+	300	1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.
-13.358	0.0						
11	1.000	3	1.000	1	-1.000		
86	FROM ORIGINAL						
SROH+	300	1.000	0.000	5.000	0.000	0.000	1.
-13.178	0.0						
12	1.000	3	1.000	1	-1.000		
87	FOR SR(OH)2 FROM [CROSS87]						
SR(OH)2	300	0.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
-28.5	0.0						
12	1.000	3	2.000	1	-2.000		
88	FOR SIO2(OH)2-2 FROM [NEA95]						
SIO2(OH)	200	-2.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
-23.141	0.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.0
13	1.000	1	-2.000				
89	FOR SIO(OH)3- FROM [NEA95]						
SIO(OH)3	200	-1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
-9.810	0.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.0
13	1.000	1	-1.000				
90	FOR SIO2(OH)4-2 FROM [NEA95]						
SIO2(OH)	300	-2.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
-19.000	0.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.0
13	2.000	3	-1.000	1	-2.000		
91	FOR SIO2(OH)5- FROM [NEA95]						
SIO2(OH)	300	-1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
-8.100	0.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.0
13	2.000	3	-1.000	1	-1.000		
92	FOR SIO3(OH)3-3 FROM [NEA95]						
SIO3(OH)	300	-3.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
-28.601	0.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.0
13	3.000	3	-3.000	1	-3.000		
93	FOR SIO3(OH)5-3 FROM [NEA95]						
SIO3(OH)	300	-3.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
-27.501	0.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.0
13	3.000	3	-2.000	1	-3.000		
94	FOR SIO4(OH)4-4 FROM [NEA95]						
SIO4(OH)	300	-4.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
-36.301	0.000						
13	4.000	3	-4.000	1	-4.000		
95	FOR SIO4(OH)5-3 FROM [NEA95]						
SIO4(OH)	300	-3.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
-25.500	0.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.0
13	4.000	3	-4.000	1	-3.000		
96	FOR SIO3(OH)13-3						
SIO3(OH)	200	-3.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
-34.901	0.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.0
13	4.000	1	-3.000				
97	FOR CLO- FROM [NEA95]						
CLO-	400	-1.000	2.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
-57.935	0.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.0
14	1.000	3	1.000	1	-2.000	2	-2.000
98	FOR CLO2- FROM [NEA95]						
CLO2-	400	-1.000	4.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.

```

-107.877    0.000 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.0
14 1.000 3 2.000 1 -4.000 2 -4.000
99 FOR CLO3- FROM [NEA95]
CLO3-      400 -1.000 6.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.
-146.242    0.0 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.0
14 1.000 3 3.000 1 -6.000 2 -6.000
100 FOR CLO4- FROM [NEA95]
CLO4-      400 -1.000 8.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.
-187.791    0.0 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.0
14 1.000 3 4.000 1 -8.000 2 -8.000
101 FOR HCL0(aq) FROM [NEA95]
HCL0(AQ)   400 0.000 2.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.
-50.515     0.000 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.0
14 1.000 3 1.000 1 -1.000 2 -2.000
102 FOR HCL02(aq) FROM [NEA95]
HCL02(AQ)  400 0.000 4.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.
-105.916    0.000 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.0
14 1.000 3 2.000 1 -3.000 2 -4.000
103 FROM ORIGINAL
FECL+2     300 2.000 3.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.
-11.55      0.0
8 1.000 14 1.000 2 -1.000
104 FROM ORIGINAL
FECL2+     300 1.000 3.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.
-10.90      0.0
8 1.000 14 2.000 2 -1.000
105 FROM ORIGINAL
FECL3      300 0.000 3.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.
-11.90      0.0
8 1.000 14 3.000 2 -1.000
106 FROM ORIGINAL
MNCL+      200 1.000 2.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.
0.807       0.0
9 1.000 14 1.000
107 FROM ORIGINAL
MNCL2      200 0.000 2.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.
0.041       0.0
9 1.000 14 2.000
108 FROM ORIGINAL
MNCL3-     200 -1.000 2.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.
-0.305      0.0
9 1.000 14 3.000
109 FOR SRCL+1 FROM [CROSS87]
SRCL+1     200 1.000 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.
-0.2        0.0
12 1.000 14 1.000
110 FOR SRCL2 FROM [CROSS87]
SRCL2      200 0.000 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.
0.0         0.0
12 1.000 14 2.000
111 FOR HCO3- FROM [NEA95]
HCO3-      211 -1.000 4.000 4.500 5.400 0.000 1.
10.327      0.000 107.8871 0.03252849 -5151.79 -38.92561 563713.9
15 1.000 1 1.000
112 FOR CO2(aq) FROM [NEA95]
CO2(AQ)    300 0.000 4.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.
16.681      0.000 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.0
15 1.000 3 -1.000 1 2.000
113 FROM ORIGINAL
CH4 AQ     400 0.000 -4.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.
41.071      0.000
15 1.000 1 10.000 2 8.000 3 -3.000
114 FROM ORIGINAL
CACO3      210 0.000 4.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 2.
3.225       0.000 -1228.732 -0.299440 35512.75 485.818
4 1.000 15 1.000
115 FROM ORIGINAL
CAHCO3+    311 1.000 4.000 0.000 5.400 0.000 1.
11.435      0.000 1317.0071 0.34546894 -39916.84 -517.70761 563713.9
4 1.000 15 1.000 1 1.000
116 FROM ORIGINAL
MGC03      210 0.000 4.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 2.
2.981       0.000 -32.172 0.0 1093.486 12.72433
5 1.000 15 1.000
117 FROM ORIGINAL
MGHCO3+    310 1.000 4.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 1.
11.397      0.000 48.6721 0.03252849 -2614.335 -18.00263 563713.9

```

5	1.000	1	1.000	15	1.000					
118	FROM ORIGINAL									
NAC03-	200		-1.000		4.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.
1.268	0.000									
6	1.000	15	1.000							
119	FROM ORIGINAL									
NAHCO3	300		0.000		4.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.
10.080	0.000									
6	1.000	1	1.000	15	1.000					
120	FROM ORIGINAL									
MNHCO3+	300		1.000		6.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.
11.60	0.000									
9	1.000	15	1.000	1	1.000					
121	FROM ORIGINAL									
SRHCO3+	310		1.000		4.000	5.400	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.
11.513	0.000		104.6389		0.04739549	-5151.79	-38.92561	563713.9		
12	1.000	15	1.000	1	1.000					
122	FROM ORIGINAL									
SRC03	210		0.000		4.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.
2.805	0.000		-1.019		0.012826					
12	1.000	15	1.000							
123	FOR S-2 FROM [NEA95]									
S-2	400		-2.000		-2.000	5.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.
14.692	0.000									
16	1.000	3	-4.000	1	8.000	2	8.000			
124	FOR S03-2 FROM [NEA95]									
S03-2	400		-2.000		4.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
-3.397	0.000		0.00000E+00		0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.0
16	1.000	3	-1.000	1	2.000	2	2.000			
125	FOR S203-2 FROM [NEA95]									
S203-2	400		-2.000		4.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
38.015	0.000		0.00000E+00		0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.0
16	2.000	3	-5.000	1	10.000	2	8.000			
126	FOR HS- FROM [NEA95]									
HS-	400		-1.000		-2.000	3.500	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.
33.693	0.000									
16	1.000	3	-4.000	1	9.000	2	8.000			
127	FOR H2S(aq) FROM [NEA95]									
H2S(AQ)	400		0.000		-2.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
40.681	0.000		0.00000E+00		0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.0
16	1.000	3	-4.000	1	10.000	2	8.000			
128	FOR HSO3- FROM [NEA95]									
HSO3-	400		-1.000		4.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
3.823	0.000		0.00000E+00		0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.0
16	1.000	3	-1.000	1	3.000	2	2.000			
129	FOR HS203- FROM [NEA95]									
HS203-	400		-1.000		4.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
39.605	0.000		0.00000E+00		0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.0
16	2.000	3	-5.000	1	11.000	2	8.000			
130	FOR H2SO3(aq) FROM [NEA95]									
H2SO3(AQ)	400		0.000		4.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
5.663	0.000		0.00000E+00		0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.0
16	1.000	3	-1.000	1	4.000	2	2.000			
131	FOR HSO4- FROM [NEA95]									
HSO4-	210		-1.000		6.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
1.982	0.000		-5.3505		0.0183412	557.2461				
16	1.000	1	1.000							
132	FROM ORIGINAL									
CAS04	200		0.000		6.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
2.309	0.000									
4	1.000	16	1.000							
133	FROM ORIGINAL									
MGS04	200		0.000		6.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
2.250	0.0									
5	1.000	16	1.000							
134	FROM ORIGINAL									
NAS04-	200		-1.000		6.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
0.700	0.000									
6	1.000	16	1.000							
135	FROM ORIGINAL									
KSO4-	200		-1.000		6.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
0.85	0.00									
7	1.000	16	1.000							
136	FROM ORIGINAL									
FES04	200		0.000		8.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
2.25	0.00									
8	1.000	16	1.000							

137	FROM ORIGINAL							
FE(HS)2	500	0.000	-2.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.	
76.250	0.000							
8	1.000 16	2.000	1 18.000	2 16.000	3 -8.000			
138	FROM ORIGINAL							
FE(HS)3-	500	-1.000	-4.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.	
111.937	0.000							
8	1.000 16	3.000	1 27.000	2 24.000	3-12.000			
139	FROM ORIGINAL							
FES04+	300	1.000	9.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.	
-9.11	0.00							
8	1.000 16	1.000	2 -1.000					
140	FROM ORIGINAL							
FES042-	300	-1.000	15.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.	
-7.61	0.00							
8	1.000 16	2.000	2 -1.000					
141	FROM ORIGINAL							
MNS04	200	0.000	8.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.	
2.26	0.00							
9	1.000 16	1.000						
142	FROM ORIGINAL							
ALSO4+	200	1.000	6.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.	
3.02	0.00							
10	1.000 16	1.000						
143	FROM ORIGINAL							
ALSO42-	200	-1.000	12.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.	
4.92	0.00							
10	1.000 16	2.000						
144	FROM ORIGINAL							
SRS04	200	0.000	6.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.	
2.55	0.0							
12	1.000 16	1.000						
147	FOR NH3(aq) FROM [NEA95]							
NH3(AQ)	400	0.000	-3.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.	
109.901	0.000							
17	1.000 3	-3.000	1 9.000	2 8.000				
148	FOR NH4+ FROM [NEA95]							
NH4+	400	1.000	-3.000	2.500	0.000	0.000	0.	
119.138	0.000							
17	1.000 3	-3.000	1 10.000	2 8.000				
150	FROM ORIGINAL							
NO2-	400	-1.000	3.000	3.000	0.000	0.000	0.	
28.57	0.00							
17	1.000 1	2.000	2 2.000	3 -1.000				
151	FROM ORIGINAL							
N2 AQ	400	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.	
207.08	0.00							
17	2.000 1	12.000	2 10.000	3 -6.000				
152	FROM ORIGINAL							
NH4SO4-	500	-1.000	3.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.	
120.19	0.000							
17	1.000 1	10.000	2 8.000	16 1.000	3 -3.000			
153	FROM ORIGINAL							
MN(NO3)2	200	0.000	12.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.	
0.6	0.000							
9	1.000 17	2.000						
154	FOR SRNO3+ FROM [CROSS87]							
SRNO3+	200	1.000	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.	
0.8	0.0							
12	1.000 17	1.000						
155	FROM ORIGINAL							
H2BO3-	200	-1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.	
-9.240	0.000							
18	1.000 1	-1.000						
156	FOR P207-4 FROM [NEA95]							
P207-4	300	-4.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.	
21.315	0.000							
19	2.000 3	-1.000	1 2.000					
157	FOR HPO4-2 FROM [NEA95]							
HPO4-2	200	-2.000	0.000	4.000	0.000	0.000	1.	
12.350	0.000							
19	1.000 1	1.000						
158	FOR H2PO4- FROM [NEA95]							
H2PO4-	200	-1.000	0.000	4.500	0.000	0.000	0.	
19.563	0.000							
19	1.000 1	2.000						
159	FOR H3PO4(aq) FROM [NEA95]							

H3P04(AQ	200	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
21.703		0.000					
19	1.000	1	3.000				
160	FOR HP207-3 FROM [NEA95]						
HP207-3	300	-3.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
30.715		0.000					
19	2.000	3	-1.000	1	3.000		
161	FOR H2P207-2 FROM [NEA95]						
H2P207-2	300	-2.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
37.365		0.000					
19	2.000	3	-1.000	1	4.000		
162	FOR H3P207- FROM [NEA95]						
H3P207-	300	-1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
39.615		0.000					
19	2.000	3	-1.000	1	5.000		
163	FOR H4P207(aq) FROM [NEA95]						
H4P207(A	300	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
40.615		0.000					
19	2.000	3	-1.000	1	6.000		
164	FROM ORIGINAL						
CAPO4-	200	-1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.
6.459		0.000					
4	1.000	19	1.000				
165	FROM ORIGINAL						
CAHPO4	300	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.
15.085		0.000					
4	1.000	1	1.000	19	1.000		
166	FROM ORIGINAL						
CAH2PO4+	300	1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
20.961		0.000					
4	1.000	1	2.000	19	1.000		
167	FROM ORIGINAL						
MGP04-	200	-1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.
6.589		0.000					
5	1.000	19	1.000				
168	FROM ORIGINAL						
MGHPO4	300	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.
15.216		0.000					
5	1.000	1	1.000	19	1.000		
169	FROM ORIGINAL						
MGH2PO4+	300	1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
21.066		0.000					
5	1.000	1	2.000	19	1.000		
170	FROM ORIGINAL						
NAHPO4-	300	-1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.
12.636		0.000					
6	1.000	1	1.000	19	1.000		
171	FROM ORIGINAL						
KHP04-	300	-1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.
12.636		- 0.00					
7	1.000	1	1.000	19	1.000		
172	FROM ORIGINAL						
FEHPO4	300	0.000	2.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.
15.946		0.000					
8	1.000	1	1.000	19	1.000		
173	FROM ORIGINAL						
FEH2PO4+	300	1.000	2.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
22.253		0.00					
8	1.000	1	2.000	19	1.000		
174	FROM ORIGINAL						
FEHPO4+	400	1.000	3.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.
4.74		0.00					
8	1.000	1	1.000	19	1.000	2	-1.000
175	FROM ORIGINAL						
FEH2P+2	400	2.000	3.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
11.95		0.00					
8	1.000	1	2.000	19	1.000	2	-1.000
176	FOR SRPO4- FROM [CROSS87]						
SRPO4-	200	-1.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
4.2		0.0					
12	1.000	19	1.000				
177	FOR HF(aq) FROM [NEA95]						
HF(AQ)	200	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
3.180		0.000					
20	1.000	1	1.000				
178	FOR HF2- FROM [NEA95]						
HF2-	200	-1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.

	3.620	0.000							
20	2.000	1	1.000						
179	FROM ORIGINAL								
BFOH3-	200	-1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
-0.40	0.00								
18	1.000	20	1.000						
180	FROM ORIGINAL								
BF2OH2-	400	-1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
7.628	0.000								
18	1.000	20	2.000	1	1.000	3	-1.000		
181	FROM ORIGINAL								
BF3OH-	400	-1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
13.666	0.00								
18	1.000	1	2.000	20	3.000	3	-2.000		
182	FROM ORIGINAL								
BF4-	400	-1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
20.274	0.000								
18	1.000	1	3.000	20	4.000	3	-3.000		
183	FROM ORIGINAL								
HF AQ	200	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
3.170	0.00								
1	1.000	20	1.000						
184	FROM ORIGINAL								
HF2-	200	-1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
3.749	0.00								
1	1.000	20	2.000						
185	FROM ORIGINAL								
CAF+	200	1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
0.940	0.000								
4	1.000	20	1.000						
186	FROM ORIGINAL								
MGF+	200	1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
1.820	0.000								
5	1.000	20	1.000						
187	FROM ORIGINAL								
FEF+2	300	2.000	3.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
-6.8	0.0								
8	1.000	20	1.000	2	-1.000				
188	FROM ORIGINAL								
FEF2+	300	1.000	3.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
-2.2	0.0								
8	1.000	20	2.000	2	-1.000				
189	FROM ORIGINAL								
FEF3	300	0.000	3.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
0.97	0.0								
8	1.000	20	3.000	2	-1.000				
190	FROM ORIGINAL								
MNF+	200	1.000	2.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
0.85	0.0								
9	1.000	20	1.000						
191	FROM ORIGINAL								
ALF+2	200	2.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
7.01	0.0								
10	1.000	20	1.000						
192	FROM ORIGINAL								
ALF2+	200	1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
12.75	0.0								
10	1.000	20	2.000						
193	FROM ORIGINAL								
ALF3	200	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
17.02	0.00								
10	1.000	20	3.000						
194	FROM ORIGINAL								
ALF4-	200	-1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
19.72	0.0								
10	1.000	20	4.000						
195	FROM ORIGINAL								
SIF6-2	400	-2.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
30.18	0.0								
13	1.000	1	4.000	20	6.000	3	-4.000		
196	FROM ORIGINAL								
LIS04-	200	-1.000	6.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
0.640	0.0								
21	1.000	16	1.000						
197	FOR BR2(aq) FROM [NEA95]								
BR2(AQ)	200	0.000	2.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
-37.247	0.000								



22	2.000	2	-2.000						
198	FOR BR2(1) FROM [NEA95]								
BR2(L)	200		0.000	2.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
	0.000		0.000						
22	2.000	2	-2.000						
199	FOR BRO- FROM [NEA95]								
BRO-	400		-1.000	2.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
	-54.109		0.000						
22	1.000	3	1.000	1	-2.000	2	-2.000		
200	FOR BRO3- FROM [NEA95]								
BRO3-	400		-1.000	6.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
	-146.173		0.000						
22	1.000	3	3.000	1	-6.000	2	-6.000		
201	FOR HBRO(aq) FROM [NEA95]								
HBRO(AQ)	400		0.000	2.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
	-45.487		0.000						
22	1.000	3	1.000	1	-1.000	2	-2.000		
202	FOR IO3- FROM [NEA95]								
IO3-	400		-1.000	5.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
	-111.566		0.000						
23	1.000	3	3.000	1	-6.000	2	-6.000		
203	FOR HIO3(aq) FROM [NEA95]								
HIO3(AQ)	400		0.000	5.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
	-110.778		0.000						
23	1.000	3	3.000	1	-5.000	2	-6.000		
204	FOR I3- FROM [CROSS87]								
I3-	200		-1.000	-1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	-18.3		0.0						
23	3.000	2	-2.000						
205	FOR HI FROM [CROSS87]								
HI	200		0.000	-1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	-0.051		0.00						
23	1.000	1	1.000						
206	FOR IO- FROM [CROSS87]								
IO-	400		-1.000	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	-44.0		0.0						
23	1.000	3	1.000	1	-2.000	2	-2.000		
207	FOR IO4- FROM [CROSS87]								
IO4-	400		-1.000	7.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	-165.0		0.0						
23	1.000	3	4.000	1	-8.000	2	-8.000		
208	FOR I20-2 FROM [CROSS87]								
I20-2	400		-2.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	-45.30		0.0						
23	2.000	3	1.000	1	-2.000	2	-2.000		
209	FOR HIO FROM [CROSS87]								
HIO	400		0.000	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	-33.3		0.0						
23	1.000	3	1.000	1	-1.000	2	-2.000		
210	FOR H2O1- FROM [CROSS87]								
H2O1-	200		-1.000	-1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	-32.10		0.0						
23	1.000	3	1.000						
211	FOR I20H- FROM [CROSS87]								
I20H-	400		-1.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.
	-19.4		0.0						
23	2.000	3	1.000	1	-1.000	2	-2.000		
212	FOR HIO3 FROM [CROSS87]								
HIO3	400		0.000	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	-111.0		0.0						
23	1.000	3	3.000	1	-5.000	2	-6.000		
213	FOR I2CL- FROM [CROSS87]								
I2CL-	300		-1.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	-20.8		0.0						
23	2.000	14	1.000	2	-2.000				
214	FOR ICL- FROM [CROSS87]								
ICL-	300		-1.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	-29.0		0.0						
23	1.000	14	1.000	2	-1.000				
215	FOR ICL2- FROM [CROSS87]								
ICL2-	300		-1.000	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	-26.9		0.0						
23	1.000	14	2.000	2	-2.000				
216	FOR I2 FROM [CROSS87]								
I2	200		0.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	-18.18		0.0						
23	2.000	2	-2.000						

300 FOR NI(OH)2 FROM [CROSS87]									
NI(OH)2	300	0.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.	
	-19.0	0.0							
31	1.000	3	2.000	1	-2.000				
301 FOR NI(OH)3- FROM [CROSS87]									
NI(OH)3-	300	-1.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.	
	-30.0	0.0							
31	1.000	3	3.000	1	-3.000				
302 FOR NIOH+ FROM [CROSS87]									
NIOH+	300	1.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.	
	-9.9	0.0							
31	1.000	3	1.000	1	-1.000				
303 FOR NI2(OH)+3 FROM [CROSS87]									
NI2(OH)+	300	3.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.	
	-10.7	0.0							
31	2.000	3	1.000	1	-1.000				
304 FOR NI4(OH)4+4 FROM [CROSS87]									
NI4(OH)+	300	4.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.	
	-27.7	0.0							
31	4.000	3	4.000	1	-4.000				
305 FOR NISO4 FROM [CROSS87]									
NISO4(AQ)	200	0.000	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.	
	2.3	0.0							
31	1.000	16	1.000						
306 FOR NICO3 FROM [BERNER98]									
NICO3(AQ)	200	0.000	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.	
	4.0	0.0							
31	1.000	15	1.000						
400 FOR SE-2 FROM [CROSS87]									
SE-2	400	-2.000	-2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.	
	66.3	0.0							
32	1.000	1	8.000	2	8.000	3	-4.000		
401 FOR HSE- FROM [CORSS87]									
HSE-	400	-1.000	-2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.	
	81.2	0.0							
32	1.000	1	9.000	2	8.000	3	-4.000		
402 FOR H2SE FROM [CROSS87]									
H2SE	400	0.000	-2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.	
	85.1	0.0							
32	1.000	1	10.000	2	8.000	3	-4.000		
403 FOR SE03-2 FROM [YU199]									
SE03-2	400	-2.000	4.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.	
	27.578	0.000							
32	1.000	3	-1.000	1	2.000	2	2.000		
404 FOR HSE03- FROM [YU199]									
HSE03-	400	-1.000	4.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.	
	35.978	0.000							
32	1.000	3	-1.000	1	3.000	2	2.000		
405 FOR H2SE03(aq) FROM [YU199]									
H2SE03(A)	400	0.000	4.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.	
	38.783	0.000							
32	1.000	3	-1.000	1	4.000	2	2.000		
406 FOR HSE04- FROM [CROSS87]									
HSE04-	200	-1.000	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.	
	1.9	0.0							
32	1.000	1	1.000						
500 FOR ZR(OH)5- FROM [YU199]									
ZR(OH)5-	300	-1.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.	
	-10.0	0.0							
33	1.000	1	-1.000	3	1.000				
600 FOR NB(OH)6-1 FROM [LOTHE99]									
NB(OH)6-	300	-1.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.	
	-6.60	0.0							
41	1.000	1	-1.000	3	1.000				
700 FOR TC+3 FROM [NEA89]									
TC+3	400	3.000	3.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.	
	5.391	0.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.0	
24	1.000	1	2.000	3	-1.000	2	1.000		
701 FOR (TCO(OH)2)2(AQ) FROM [NEA89]									
(TCO(OH)2)	300	0.000	8.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.	
	-0.133	0.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.0	
24	2.000	1	-4.000	3	4.000				
702 FOR TCO(OH)2(AQ) FROM [NEA89]									
TCO(OH)2	300	0.000	4.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.	
	-3.325	0.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.0	
24	1.000	1	-2.000	3	2.000				
703 FOR TCOOH+ FROM [NEA89]									

TC00H+	300	1.000	4.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
-1.137		0.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
24	1.000	3	1.000	1	-1.000				
704 FOR TCO4-3 FROM [NEA89]									
TCO4-3	400	-3.000	5.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
-53.287		0.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
24	1.000	1	-6.000	3	3.000	2	-1.000		
705 FOR H2TCO4(AQ) FROM [NEA89]									
H2TCO4(A	400	0.000	6.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
-34.310		0.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
24	1.000	1	-4.000	3	3.000	2	-2.000		
706 FOR HTCO4- FROM [NEA89]									
HTCO4-	400	-1.000	6.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
-34.608		0.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
24	1.000	1	-5.000	3	3.000	2	-2.000		
707 FOR TCO4-2 FROM [NEA89]									
TCO4-2	400	-2.000	6.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
-43.315		0.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
24	1.000	1	-6.000	3	3.000	2	-2.000		
708 FOR TCO4- FROM [NEA89]									
TCO4-	400	-1.000	7.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
-32.993		0.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00
24	1.000	1	-6.000	3	3.000	2	-3.000		
800 FOR PDCL+1 FROM [LOTHE99]									
PDCL+1	200	1.000	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5.1		0.0							
42	1.000	14	1.000						
801 FOR PDCL2(AQ) FROM [LOTHE99]									
PDCL2(AQ	200	0.000	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
8.3		0.0							
42	1.000	14	2.000						
802 FOR PDCL3-1 FROM [LOTHE99]									
PDCL3-1	200	-1.000	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
10.9		0.0							
42	1.000	14	3.000						
803 FOR PDCL4-2 FROM [LOTHE99]									
PDCL4-2	200	-2.000	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
11.7		0.0							
42	1.000	14	4.000						
804 FOR PDCL3OH-2 FROM [LOTHE99]									
PDCL3OH-	400	-2.000	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.5		0.0							
42	1.000	14	3.000	3	1.000	1	-1.000		
805 FOR PDCL2(OH)2-2 FROM [LOTHE99]									
PDCL2OH2	400	-2.000	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-7.0		0.0							
42	1.000	14	2.000	3	2.000	1	-2.000		
806 FOR PD(NH3)+2 FROM [LOTHE99]									
PDNH3+2	500	2.000	-1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
119.501		0.0							
42	1.000	17	1.000	3	-3.000	1	9.000	2	8.000
807 FOR PD(NH3)2+2 FROM [LOTHE99]									
PDNH32+2	500	2.000	-4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
238.302		0.0							
42	1.000	17	2.000	3	-6.000	1	18.000	2	16.000
808 FOR PD(NH3)3+2 FROM [LOTHE99]									
PDNH33+2	500	2.000	-7.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
355.703		0.0							
42	1.000	17	3.000	3	-9.000	1	27.000	2	24.000
809 FOR PD(NH3)4+2 FROM [LOTHE99]									
PDNH34+2	500	2.000	-10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
472.404		0.0							
42	1.000	17	4.000	3	-12.000	1	36.000	2	32.000
901 FOR SNOH+ FROM [LOTHE99]									
SNOH+	400	1.000	-2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.65		0.0							
34	1.000	1	3.000	3	-3.000	2	2.000		
902 FOR SN(OH)2(AQ) FROM [LOTHE99]									
SN(OH)2	400	0.000	-2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-2.31		0.0							
34	1.000	1	2.000	3	-2.000	2	2.000		
903 FOR SN(OH)3-1 FROM [LOTHE99]									
SN(OH)3-	400	-1.000	-2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-12.14		0.0							
34	1.000	1	1.000	3	-1.000	2	2.000		
904 FOR SN3(OH)4+2 FROM [LOTHE99]									
SN3OH4+2	400	2.000	-6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

	9.69	0.0							
34	3.000	1	8.000	3	-8.000	2	6.000		
905 FOR SNCL+ FROM [LOTHE99]									
SNCL+	500		1.000		-2.0		0.0	0.0	0.0
	7.05	0.0							
34	1.000	1	4.000	3	-4.000	14	1.000	2	2.000
906 FOR SNCL2(AQ) FROM [LOTHE99]									
SNCL2(AQ)	500		0.000		-2.0		0.0	0.0	0.0
	7.71	0.0							
34	1.000	1	4.000	3	-4.000	14	2.000	2	2.000
907 FOR SNCL3- FROM [LOTHE99]									
SNCL3-	500		-1.000		-2.0		0.0	0.0	0.0
	7.49	0.0							
34	1.000	1	4.000	3	-4.000	14	3.000	2	2.000
908 FOR SNOHCL(AQ) FROM [LOTHE99]									
SNOHCLAQ	500		0.000		-2.0		0.0	0.0	0.0
	3.13	0.0							
34	1.000	1	3.000	3	-3.000	14	1.000	2	2.000
909 FOR SNF+ FROM [LOTHE99]									
SNF+	500		1.000		-2.0		0.0	0.0	0.0
	9.86	0.0							
34	1.000	1	4.000	3	-4.000	20	1.000	2	2.000
910 FOR SNF2(AQ) FROM [LOTHE99]									
SNF2	500		0.000		-2.0		0.0	0.0	0.0
	13.14	0.0							
34	1.000	1	4.000	3	-4.000	20	2.000	2	2.000
911 FOR SNF3-1 FROM [LOTHE99]									
SNF3-1	500		-1.000		-2.0		0.0	0.0	0.0
	15.01	0.0							
34	1.000	1	4.000	3	-4.000	20	3.000	2	2.000
912 FOR SNN03+1 FROM [LOTHE99]									
SNN03+1	500		1.000		3.0		0.0	0.0	0.0
	6.65	0.0							
34	1.000	1	4.000	3	-4.000	17	1.000	2	2.000
913 FOR SN(NO3)2(AQ) FROM [LOTHE99]									
SNN032AQ	500		0.000		8.0		0.0	0.0	0.0
	7.14	0.0							
34	1.000	1	4.000	3	-4.000	17	2.000	2	2.000
914 FOR SN(NO3)3- FROM [LOTHE99]									
SNN033-1	500		-1.000		13.0		0.0	0.0	0.0
	6.77	0.0							
34	1.000	1	4.000	3	-4.000	17	3.000	2	2.000
915 FOR SN(NO3)4-2 FROM [LOTHE99]									
SNN034-2	500		-2.000		18.0		0.0	0.0	0.0
	5.70	0.0							
34	1.000	1	4.000	3	-4.000	17	4.000	2	2.000
916 FOR SN(SO4)(AQ) FROM [LOTHE99]									
SNS04(AQ)	500		0.000		4.0		0.0	0.0	0.0
	8.31	0.0							
34	1.000	1	4.000	3	-4.000	16	1.000	2	2.000
917 FOR SN(SO4)2-2 FROM [LOTHE99]									
SNS042-2	500		-2.000		10.0		0.0	0.0	0.0
	8.23	0.0							
34	1.000	1	4.000	3	-4.000	16	2.000	2	2.000
918 FOR SN+2 FROM [LOTHE99]									
SN+2	400		2.000		-2.0		0.0	0.0	0.0
	5.40	0.0							
34	1.000	1	4.000	3	-4.000	2	2.000		
950 FOR SN(OH)5-1 FROM [LOTHE99]									
SN(OH)5-	300		-1.000		0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0
	-7.97	0.0							
34	1.000	3	1.000	1	-1.000				
951 FOR SN(OH)6-2 FROM [LOTHE99]									
SN(OH)6-	300		-2.000		0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0
	-18.40	0.0							
34	1.000	3	2.000	1	-2.000				
952 FOR SN+4 FROM [LOTHE99]									
SN+4	300		4.000		0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0
	0.40	0.0							
34	1.000	1	4.000	3	-4.000				
1000 FOR SB+3 FROM [LOTHE99]									
SB+3	300		3.000		3.0		0.0	0.0	0.0
	-0.73	0.0							
46	1.000	3	-3.000	1	3.000				
1001 FOR SBOH+2 FROM [LOTHE99]									
SBOH+2	300		2.000		3.0		0.0	0.0	0.0
	0.83	0.0							

46	1.000	3	-2.000	1	2.000							
1002 FOR SB(OH)2+ FROM [LOTHE99]												
SB(OH)2+	300		1.000	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	1.30		0.0									
46	1.000	3	-1.000	1	1.000							
1003 FOR SB(OH)4- FROM [LOTHE99]												
SB(OH)4-	300		-1.000	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	-11.93		0.0									
46	1.000	3	1.000	1	-1.000							
1004 FOR SB2S4-2 FROM [LOTHE99]												
SB2S4-2	500		-2.000	-2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	177.302		0.0									
46	2.000	3	-22.000	1	38.000	2	32.000	16	4.000			
1005 FOR HSB2S4- FROM [LOTHE99]												
HSB2S4-	500		-1.000	-2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	186.952		0.0									
46	2.000	3	-22.000	1	39.000	2	32.000	16	4.000			
1006 FOR H2SB2S4(AQ) FROM [LOTHE99]												
H2SB2S4A	500		0.000	-2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	191.772		0.0									
46	2.000	3	-22.000	1	40.000	2	32.000	16	4.000			
1007 FOR SB2(OH)6(AQ) FROM [LOTHE99]												
SB2(OH)6	100		0.000	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	0.08		0.0									
46	2.000											
1008 FOR SBCL+2 FROM [LOTHE99]												
SBCL+2	400		2.000	3.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	2.78		0.0									
46	1.000	1	3.000	3	-3.000	14	1.000					
1009 FOR SBCL2+ FROM [LOTHE99]												
SBCL2+	400		1.000	3.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	3.27		0.0									
46	1.000	1	3.000	3	-3.000	14	2.000					
1010 FOR SBF+2 FROM [LOTHE99]												
SBF+2	400		2.000	3.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	6.48		0.0									
46	1.000	1	3.000	3	-3.000	20	1.000					
1011 FOR SBF2+ FROM [LOTHE99]												
SBF2+	400		1.000	3.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	12.65		0.0									
46	1.000	1	3.000	3	-3.000	20	2.000					
1012 FOR SBF3 FROM [LOTHE99]												
SBF3	400		0.000	3.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	18.36		0.0									
46	1.000	1	3.000	3	-3.000	20	3.000					
1050 FOR SB(OH)5(AQ) FROM [LOTHE99]												
SB(OH)5	400		0.000	5.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	-21.84		0.0									
46	1.000	3	2.000	1	-2.000	2	-2.000					
1051 FOR SB(OH)6- FROM [LOTHE99]												
SB(OH)6-	400		-1.000	5.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	-24.56		0.0									
46	1.000	3	3.000	1	-3.000	2	-2.000					
1052 FOR SB12(OH)64-4 FROM [LOTHE99]												
SB12OH64	400		-4.000	60.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	-241.74		0.0									
46	12.000	3	28.000	1	-28.000	2	-24.000					
1053 FOR SB12(OH)65-5 FROM [LOTHE99]												
SB12OH65	400		-5.000	60.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	-245.36		0.0									
46	12.000	3	29.000	1	-29.000	2	-24.000					
1054 FOR SB12(OH)66-6 FROM [LOTHE99]												
SB12OH66	400		-6.000	60.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	-250.19		0.0									
46	12.000	3	30.000	1	-30.000	2	-24.000					
1055 FOR SB12(OH)67-7 FROM [LOTHE99]												
SB12OH67	400		-7.000	60.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	-256.01		0.0									
46	12.000	3	31.000	1	-31.000	2	-24.000					
1300 FOR SMOH+2 FROM [YU199]												
SMOH+2	300		2.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	-6.4		0.0									
35	1.000	3	1.000	1	-1.000							
1301 FOR SM(OH)2+ FROM [YU199]												
SM(OH)2+	300		1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	-14.1		0.0									
35	1.000	3	2.000	1	-2.000							

1302 FOR SM(OH)3 FROM [YU199]								
SM(OH)3	300	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
	-25.7	0.0						
35	1.000	3	3.000	1	-3.000			
1303 FOR SMC03+ FROM [YU199]								
SMC03+	200	1.000	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	7.80	0.0						
35	1.000	15	1.000					
1304 FOR SM(CO3)2- FROM [YU199]								
SMC032-	200	-1.000	8.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	12.30	0.0						
35	1.000	15	2.000					
1305 FOR SM(CO3)3-3 FROM [YU199]								
SMC033-3	200	-3.000	12.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	15.2	0.0						
35	1.000	15	3.000					
1306 FOR SMF+2 FROM [YU199]								
SMF+2	200	2.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
	3.4	0.0						
35	1.000	20	1.000					
1307 FOR SMF2+ FROM [YU199]								
SMF2+	200	1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
	5.800	0.0						
35	1.000	20	2.000					
1308 FOR SMNO3+2 FROM [YU199]								
SMNO3+2	200	2.000	5.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
	1.330	0.0						
35	1.000	17	1.000					
1400 FOR PBOH+ FROM [LOTHE99]								
PBOH+	300	1.000	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.
	-7.51	0.0						
36	1.000	3	1.000	1	-1.000			
1401 FOR PB(OH)2 FROM [LOTHE99]								
PB(OH)2	300	0.000	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.
	-16.95	0.0						
36	1.000	3	2.000	1	-2.000			
1402 FOR PB(OH)3- FROM [LOTHE99]								
PB(OH)3-	300	-1.000	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.
	-28.02	0.0						
36	1.000	3	3.000	1	-3.000			
1403 FOR PB2(OH)+3 FROM [LOTHE99]								
PB2(OH)+	300	3.000	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.
	-7.18	0.0						
36	2.000	3	1.000	1	-1.000			
1404 FOR PB4(OH)4+4 FROM [LOTHE99]								
PB4OH4+4	300	4.000	8.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.
	-20.63	0.0						
36	4.000	3	4.000	1	-4.000			
1405 FOR PB3(OH)4+2 FROM [LOTHE99]								
PB3OH4+2	300	2.000	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.
	-22.48	0.0						
36	3.000	3	4.000	1	-4.000			
1406 FOR PB3(OH)5+ FROM [LOTHE99]								
PB3OH5+1	300	1.000	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.
	-30.72	0.0						
36	3.000	3	5.000	1	-5.000			
1407 FOR PB6(OH)8+4 FROM [LOTHE99]								
PB6OH8+4	300	4.000	12.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.
	-42.68	0.0						
36	6.000	3	8.000	1	-8.000			
1408 FOR PBC03 FROM [LOTHE99]								
PBC03	200	0.000	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.
	7.30	0.0						
36	1.000	15	1.000					
1409 FOR PB(CO3)2-2 FROM [LOTHE99]								
PBC032-2	200	-2.000	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.
	10.13	0.0						
36	1.000	15	2.000					
1410 FOR PBN03+ FROM [LOTHE99]								
PBN03+	200	1.000	7.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.
	1.06	0.0						
36	1.000	17	1.000					
1411 FOR PB(NO3)2(AQ) FROM [LOTHE99]								
PB(NO3)2	200	0.000	12.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.
	1.48	0.0						
36	1.000	17	2.000					
1412 FOR PB(NO3)3- FROM [LOTHE99]								

PBN033-	200	-1.000	17.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.
	0.76	0.0					
36	1.000	17	3.000				
1413 FOR PBHP04(AQ) FROM [LOTHE99]							
PBHP04(A)	300	0.000	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.
	15.45	0.0					
36	1.000	19	1.000	1	1.000		
1414 FOR PBH2P04+ FROM [LOTHE99]							
PBH2P04+	300	1.000	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.
	21.05	0.0					
36	1.000	19	1.000	1	2.000		
1415 FOR PBS04(AQ) FROM [LOTHE99]							
PBS04	200	0.000	8.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	2.82	0.0					
36	1.000	16	1.000				
1416 FOR PB(S04)2-2 FROM [LOTHE99]							
PBS042-2	200	-2.000	14.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	2.37	0.0					
36	1.000	16	2.000				
1417 FOR PB(HS)2(AQ) FROM [LOTHE99]							
PB(HS)2	500	0.000	-2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	79.726	0.0					
36	1.000	16	2.000	3	-8.000	1	18.000
1418 FOR PB(HS)3- FROM [LOTHE99]							
PB(HS)3-	500	-1.000	-4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	114.669	0.0					
36	1.000	16	3.000	3-12.000	1	27.000	2
1419 FOR PBCL+ FROM [LOTHE99]							
PBCL+	200	1.000	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	1.55	0.0					
36	1.000	14	1.000				
1420 FOR PBCL2 FROM [LOTHE99]							
PBCL2	200	0.000	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	2.00	0.0					
36	1.000	14	2.000				
1421 FOR PBCL3- FROM [LOTHE99]							
PBCL3-	200	-1.000	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	2.01	0.0					
36	1.000	14	3.000				
1422 FOR PBCL4-2 FROM [LOTHE99]							
PBCL4-2	200	-2.000	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	1.35	0.0					
36	1.000	14	4.000				
1423 FOR PBF+ FROM [LOTHE99]							
PBF+	200	1.000	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	2.27	0.0					
36	1.000	20	1.000				
1424 FOR PBF2(AQ) FROM [LOTHE99]							
PBF2(A)	200	0.000	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	3.01	0.0					
36	1.000	20	2.000				
1425 FOR PBFCL(AQ) FROM [LOTHE99]							
PBFCL(AQ)	300	0.000	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	3.55	0.0					
36	1.000	20	1.000	14	1.000		
1500 FOR B1OH+2 FROM [LOTHE99]							
B1OH+2	300	2.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	-0.92	0.0					
47	1.000	3	1.000	1	-1.000		
1501 FOR B1(OH)2+ FROM [LOTHE99]							
B1(OH)2+	300	1.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	-2.56	0.0					
47	1.000	3	2.000	1	-2.000		
1502 FOR B1(OH)3(AQ) FROM [LOTHE99]							
B1(OH)3(AQ)	300	0.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	-5.31	0.0					
47	1.000	3	3.000	1	-3.000		
1503 FOR B1(OH)4- FROM [LOTHE99]							
B1(OH)4-	300	-1.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	-18.71	0.0					
47	1.000	3	4.000	1	-4.000		
1504 FOR B16(OH)12+6 FROM [LOTHE99]							
B16OH12+	300	6.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	1.34	0.0					
47	6.000	3	12.000	1-12.000			
1505 FOR B19(OH)20+7 FROM [LOTHE99]							
B19OH20+	300	7.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.

-1.36	0.0							
47	9.000	3	20.000	1-20.000				
1506 FOR BI9(OH)21+6 FROM [LOTHE99]								
BI9OH21+	300		6.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-3.25	0.0							
47	9.000	3	21.000	1-21.000				
1507 FOR BI9(OH)22+5 FROM [LOTHE99]								
BI9OH22+	300		5.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-4.86	0.0							
47	9.000	3	22.000	1-22.000				
1508 FOR BI3(OH)4+5 FROM [LOTHE99]								
BI3OH4+5	300		5.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-0.80	0.0							
47	3.000	3	4.000	1-4.000				
1509 FOR BICL+2 FROM [LOTHE99]								
BICL+2	200		2.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3.65	0.0							
47	1.000	14	1.000					
1510 FOR BICL2+ FROM [LOTHE99]								
BICL2+	200		1.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5.85	0.0							
47	1.000	14	2.000					
1511 FOR BICL3(AQ) FROM [LOTHE99]								
BICL3(A)	200		0.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
7.62	0.0							
47	1.000	14	3.000					
1512 FOR BICL4- FROM [LOTHE99]								
BICL4-	200		-1.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
9.06	0.0							
47	1.000	14	4.000					
1513 FOR BICL5-2 FROM [LOTHE99]								
BICL5-2	200		-2.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
8.33	0.0							
47	1.000	14	5.000					
1514 FOR BICL6-3 FROM [LOTHE99]								
BICL6-3	200		-3.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
7.64	0.0							
47	1.000	14	6.000					
1515 FOR BIN03+2 FROM [LOTHE99]								
BIN03+2	200		2.000	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.97	0.0							
47	1.000	17	1.000					
1516 FOR BI(N03)2+ FROM [LOTHE99]								
BI(N03)2+	200		1.000	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.95	0.0							
47	1.000	17	2.000					
1517 FOR BI(N03)3(AQ) FROM [LOTHE99]								
BI(N03)3	200		0.000	15.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3.62	0.0							
47	1.000	17	3.000					
1518 FOR BI(N03)4- FROM [LOTHE99]								
BI(N03)4-	200		-1.000	20.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3.09	0.0							
47	1.000	17	4.000					
1519 FOR BICLN03+ FROM [LOTHE99]								
BICLN03+	300		1.000	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5.16	0.0							
47	1.000	14	1.000	17 1.000				
1520 FOR BICL(N03)2(AQ) FROM [LOTHE99]								
BICLN032	300		0.000	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5.28	0.0							
47	1.000	14	1.000	17 2.000				
1521 FOR BICL2N03(AQ) FROM [LOTHE99]								
BICL2N03	300		0.000	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
6.86	0.0							
47	1.000	14	2.000	17 1.000				
1522 FOR BICL2(N03)2- FROM [LOTHE99]								
BIN032CL	300		-1.000	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5.75	0.0							
47	1.000	14	2.000	17 2.000				
1523 FOR BICL3N03- FROM [LOTHE99]								
BICL3N03	300		-1.000	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
8.09	0.0							
47	1.000	14	3.000	17 1.000				
1700 FOR RAOH+ FROM [CROSS87]								
RAOH+	300		1.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0
-13.6	0.0							



37	1.000	3	1.000	1	-1.000					
1701 FOR RAS04 FROM [CROSS87]										
RAS04	200		0.000	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	0.022		0.0							
37	1.000	16	1.000							
1800 FOR ACOH+2 FROM [YU199]										
ACOH+2	300		2.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0
	-6.4		0.0							
49	1.000	3	1.000	1	-1.000					
1801 FOR AC(OH)2+ FROM [YU199]										
AC(OH)2+	300		1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0
	-14.1		0.0							
49	1.000	3	2.000	1	-2.000					
1802 FOR AC(OH)3 FROM [YU199]										
AC(OH)3	300		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0
	-25.7		0.0							
49	1.000	3	3.000	1	-3.000					
1803 FOR ACC03+ FROM [YU199]										
ACC03+	200		1.000	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	7.80		0.0							
49	1.000	15	1.000							
1804 FOR AC(C03)2- FROM [YU199]										
ACC032-	200		-1.000	8.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	12.30		0.0							
49	1.000	15	2.000							
1805 FOR AC(C03)3-3 FROM [YU199]										
ACC033-3	200		-3.000	12.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	15.2		0.0							
49	1.000	15	3.000							
1806 FOR ACF+2 FROM [YU199]										
ACF+2	200		2.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0
	3.4		0.0							
49	1.000	20	1.000							
1807 FOR ACF2+ FROM [YU199]										
ACF2+	200		1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0
	5.800		0.0							
49	1.000	20	2.000							
1808 FOR ACN03+2 FROM [YU199]										
ACN03+2	200		2.000	5.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0
	1.330		0.0							
49	1.000	17	1.000							
1900 FOR TH(OH)3C03- FROM [OSTH94]										
THOH3C03	400		-1.000	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	-3.72		0.0							
38	1.000	15	1.000	3	3.000	1	-3.000			
1901 FOR TH(C03)5-6 FROM [FELM97]										
THC035-6	200		-6.000	20.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	27.1		0.0							
38	1.000	15	5.000							
1902 FOR TH(OH)4 FROM [RYAN87]										
TH(OH)4	300		0.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.0
	-19.7		0.00							
38	1.000	3	4.000	1	-4.000					
1903 FOR TH(S04)3-2 FROM [FELM92]										
THS043-2	200		-2.000	18.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.0
	12.42		0.0							
38	1.000	16	3.000							
1904 FOR THF3+ FROM [FELM93]										
THF3+	200		1.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	18.89		0.0							
38	1.000	20	3.000							
1905 FOR THF4 FROM [FELM93]										
THF4	200		0.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	22.33		0.0							
38	1.000	20	4.000							
1906 FOR THF5- FROM [FELM93]										
THF5-	200		-1.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	24.76		0.0							
38	1.000	20	5.000							
1907 FOR THF6-2 FROM [FELM93]										
THF6-2	200		-2.000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	25.56		0.0							
38	1.000	20	6.000							
1908 FOR TH(N03)+3 FROM [RA199B]										
THN03+3	200		3.000	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	2.5		0.0							
38	1.000	17	1.000							

2001 FOR PAOH+3 FROM [BAES 76]								
PA(OH)+3	300	3.000	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.	
	0.84	0.0						
39	1.000	3	1.000	1	-1.000			
2002 FOR PA(OH)2+2 FROM [BAES 76]								
PA(OH)2+	300	2.000	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.	
	-0.02	0.0						
39	1.000	3	2.000	1	-2.000			
2003 FOR PA(OH)3+ FROM [BAES 76]								
PA(OH)3+	300	1.000	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.	
	-1.5	0.0						
39	1.000	3	3.000	1	-3.000			
2004 FOR PAO(OH)3(aq) FROM [SHIB98A]								
PAO(OH)3	400	0.000	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.	
	-3.60	0.0						
39	1.000	2	-1.000	3	4.000	1	-5.000	
2005 FOR PAO(OH)2+ FROM [SHIB98A]								
PAO(OH)2	400	1.000	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.	
	0.85	0.0						
39	1.000	3	3.000	1	-4.000	2	-1.000	
2006 FOR PAOOH+2 FROM [FUGER76]								
PAO(OH)+	400	2.000	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.	
	1.86	0.0						
39	1.000	3	2.000	2	-1.000	1	-3.000	
2100 FOR U+3 FROM [NEA92]								
U+3	200	3.000	3.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.	
	-9.353	0.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.0	
25	1.000	2	1.000					
2130 FOR UOH+3 FROM [RAI 90]								
UOH+3	300	3.000	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.	
	-0.5							
25	1.000	3	1.000	1	-1.000			
2131 FOR U(OH)4 FROM [YAJ195]								
U(OH)4	300	0.000	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.	
	-11.300							
25	1.000	3	4.000	1	-4.000			
2132 FOR USO4+2 FROM [RAI99B]								
USO4+2	200	2.000	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.	
	9.00	0.0						
25	1.000	16	1.000					
2133 FOR U(SO4)2(AQ) FROM [RAI99B]								
USO42AQ	200	0.000	16.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.	
	11.70	0.0						
25	1.000	16	2.000					
2134 FOR UF+3 FROM [NEA 92]								
UF+3	200	3.000	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.	
	9.28	0.0						
25	1.000	20	1.000					
2135 FOR UF2+2 FROM [NEA 92]								
UF2+2	200	2.000	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.	
	16.23	0.0						
25	1.000	20	2.000					
2136 FOR UF3+ FROM [NEA 92]								
UF3+	200	1.000	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.	
	21.60	0.0						
25	1.000	20	3.000					
2137 FOR UF4 FROM [NEA 92]								
UF4	200	0.000	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.	
	25.60	0.0						
25	1.000	20	4.000					
2138 FOR UF5- FROM [NEA 92]								
UF5-	200	-1.000	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.	
	27.01	0.0						
25	1.000	20	5.000					
2139 FOR UF6-2 FROM [NEA 92]								
UF6-2	200	-2.000	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.	
	29.08	0.0						
25	1.000	20	6.000					
2140 FOR U(NO3)+3 FROM [NEA 92]								
UNO3+3	200	3.000	9.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.	
	1.47	0.0						
25	1.000	17	1.000					
2141 FOR U(NO3)2+2 FROM [NEA 92]								
UNO32+2	200	2.000	14.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.	
	2.30	0.0						
25	1.000	17	2.000					
2142 FOR U(OH)2(CO3)2-2 FROM [RAI 98]								

UOH2CO32	400	-2.000	12.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
13.33		0.0					
25	1.000	15	2.000	3	2.000	1	-2.000
2143 FOR U(CO3)5-6 FROM [RAI 98]							
UCO35-6	200	-6.000	24.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
31.290		0.0					
25	1.000	15	5.000				
2144 FOR UC1+3 FROM [NEA92]							
UCL+3	200	3.000	4.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0
1.720		-19.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.0
14	1.000	25	1.000				
2145 FOR UBr+3 FROM [NEA92]							
UBR+3	200	3.000	4.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0
1.460		0.000					
22	1.000	25	1.000				
2146 FOR UI+3 FROM [NEA92]							
UI+3	200	3.000	3.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0
1.250		0.000					
23	1.000	25	1.000				
2160 FOR UO2+ FROM [NEA92]							
UO2+	400	1.000	5.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0
-7.554		0.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.0
25	1.000	3	2.000	1	-4.000	2	-1.000
2161 FOR UO2(CO3)3-5 FROM [NEA92]							
UO2CO335	500	-5.000	17.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0
-0.148		0.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.0
15	3.000	25	1.000	3	2.000	1	-4.000
2							-1.000
2190 FOR UO2+2 FROM [NEA92]							
UO2+2	400	2.000	6.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0
-9.038		0.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.0
25	1.000	3	2.000	1	-4.000	2	-2.000
2191 FOR UO2(OH)3- FROM [NEA92]							
UO2(OH)3	400	-1.000	6.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0
-28.239		0.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.0
25	1.000	3	5.000	1	-7.000	2	-2.000
2192 FOR UO2(OH)4-2 FROM [NEA92]							
UO2(OH)4	400	-2.000	6.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0
-42.039		0.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.0
25	1.000	3	6.000	1	-8.000	2	-2.000
2193 FOR (UO2)2OH+3 FROM [NEA92]							
(UO2)2OH	400	3.000	12.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0
-20.777		0.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.0
25	2.000	3	5.000	1	-9.000	2	-4.000
2194 FOR (UO2)2(OH)2+2 FROM [NEA92]							
(UO2)2(O	400	2.000	12.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0
-23.697		0.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.0
25	2.000	3	6.000	1	-10.000	2	-4.000
2195 FOR (UO2)3(OH)4+2 FROM [NEA92]							
(UO2)3(O	400	2.000	18.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0
-39.015		0.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.0
25	3.000	3	10.000	1	-16.000	2	-6.000
2196 FOR (UO2)3(OH)5+ FROM [NEA92]							
(UO2)3(O	400	1.000	18.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0
-42.665		0.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.0
25	3.000	3	11.000	1	-17.000	2	-6.000
2197 FOR (UO2)3(OH)7- FROM [NEA92]							
(UO2)3(O	400	-1.000	18.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0
-58.115		0.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.0
25	3.000	3	13.000	1	-19.000	2	-6.000
2198 FOR (UO2)4(OH)7+ FROM [NEA92]							
(UO2)4(O	400	1.000	24.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0
-58.053		0.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.0
25	4.000	3	15.000	1	-23.000	2	-8.000
2199 FOR UO2F+ FROM [NEA92]							
UO2F+	500	1.000	6.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0
-3.948		0.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.0
20	1.000	25	1.000	3	2.000	1	-4.000
2							-2.000
2200 FOR UO2F2(aq) FROM [NEA92]							
UO2F2(AQ	500	0.000	6.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0
-0.418		0.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.0
20	2.000	25	1.000	3	2.000	1	-4.000
2							-2.000
2201 FOR UO2F3- FROM [NEA92]							
UO2F3-	500	-1.000	6.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0
1.862		0.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.0
20	3.000	25	1.000	3	2.000	1	-4.000
2							-2.000
2202 FOR UO2F4-2 FROM [NEA92]							
UO2F4-2	500	-2.000	6.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0

```

2.662 0.000 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.0
20 4.000 25 1.000 3 2.000 1 -4.000 2 -2.000
2203 FOR UO2Cl+ FROM [NEA92]
UO2CL+ 500 1.000 6.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0
-8.868 0.000 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.0
14 1.000 25 1.000 3 2.000 1 -4.000 2 -2.000
2204 FOR UO2Cl2(aq) FROM [NEA92]
UO2CL2(A) 500 0.000 6.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0
-10.138 0.000 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.0
14 2.000 25 1.000 3 2.000 1 -4.000 2 -2.000
2205 FOR UO2ClO3+ FROM [NEA92]
UO2CLO3+ 500 1.000 12.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0
-154.781 0.000 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.0
14 1.000 25 1.000 3 5.000 1 -10.000 2 -8.000
2206 FOR UO2Br+ FROM [NEA92]
UO2BR+ 500 1.000 6.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0
-8.818 0.000
22 1.000 25 1.000 3 2.000 1 -4.000 2 -2.000
2207 FOR UO2BrO3+ FROM [NEA92]
UO2BRO3+ 500 1.000 12.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0
-154.582 0.000
22 1.000 25 1.000 3 5.000 1 -10.000 2 -8.000
2208 FOR UO2IO3+ FROM [NEA92]
UO2IO3+ 500 1.000 11.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0
-118.604 0.000
23 1.000 25 1.000 3 5.000 1 -10.000 2 -8.000
2209 FOR UO2(I03)2(aq) FROM [NEA92]
UO2(I03) 500 0.000 16.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0
-228.581 0.000
23 2.000 25 1.000 3 8.000 1 -16.000 2 -14.000
2210 FOR UO2SO3(aq) FROM [NEA92]
UO2SO3(A) 400 0.000 10.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0
-5.835 0.000 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.0
16 1.000 25 1.000 3 1.000 1 -2.000
2211 FOR UO2S2O3(aq) FROM [NEA92]
UO2S2O3( 500 0.000 10.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0
31.776 0.000 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.0
16 2.000 25 1.000 3 -3.000 1 6.000 2 6.000
2212 FOR UO2SO4(aq) FROM [NEA92]
UO2SO4(A) 500 0.000 12.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0
-5.888 0.000 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.0
16 1.000 25 1.000 3 2.000 1 -4.000 2 -2.000
2213 FOR UO2(SO4)2-2 FROM [NEA92]
UO2(SO4) 500 -2.000 18.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0
-4.898 0.000 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.0
16 2.000 25 1.000 3 2.000 1 -4.000 2 -2.000
2214 FOR UO2NO3+ FROM [NEA92]
UO2NO3+ 500 1.000 11.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0
-8.738 0.000
17 1.000 25 1.000 3 2.000 1 -4.000 2 -2.000
2215 FOR UO2PO4- FROM [NEA92]
UO2PO4- 500 -1.000 6.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0
4.192 0.000
19 1.000 25 1.000 3 2.000 1 -4.000 2 -2.000
2216 FOR UO2HPO4(aq) FROM [NEA92]
UO2HPO4( 500 0.000 6.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0
10.552 0.000
19 1.000 25 1.000 3 2.000 1 -3.000 2 -2.000
2217 FOR UO2H2PO4+ FROM [NEA92]
UO2H2PO4 500 1.000 6.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0
13.784 0.000
19 1.000 25 1.000 3 2.000 1 -2.000 2 -2.000
2218 FOR UO2H3PO4+2 FROM [NEA92]
UO2H3PO4 500 2.000 6.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0
13.424 0.000
19 1.000 25 1.000 3 2.000 1 -1.000 2 -2.000
2219 FOR UO2(H2PO4)2(aq) FROM [NEA92]
UO2(H2PO 400 0.000 6.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0
35.007 0.000
19 2.000 25 1.000 3 2.000 2 -2.000
2220 FOR UO2(H2PO4)(H3PO FROM [NEA92]
UO2(H2PO 500 1.000 6.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0
36.017 0.000
19 2.000 25 1.000 3 2.000 1 1.000 2 -2.000
2221 FOR UO2CO3(aq) FROM [NEA95]
UO2CO3(A) 500 0.000 10.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0
0.632 0.000 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.0

```

15 1.000 25 1.000 3 2.000 1 -4.000 2 -2.000  
 2222 FOR UO2(CO3)2-2 FROM [NEA92]  
 UO2CO32- 500 -2.000 14.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000  
 7.902 0.000 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00  
 15 2.000 25 1.000 3 2.000 1 -4.000 2 -2.000  
 2223 FOR UO2(CO3)3-4 FROM [NEA92]  
 UO2CO33- 500 -4.000 18.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000  
 12.563 0.000 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00  
 15 3.000 25 1.000 3 2.000 1 -4.000 2 -2.000  
 2224 FOR (UO2)3(CO3)6-6 FROM [NEA92]  
 (UO2)3(C 500 -6.000 42.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000  
 26.888 0.000 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00  
 15 6.000 25 3.000 3 6.000 1 -12.000 2 -6.000  
 2225 FOR (UO2)2CO3(OH)3- FROM [NEA92]  
 (UO2)2CO 500 -1.000 16.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000  
 -18.934 0.000  
 15 1.000 25 2.000 3 7.000 1 -11.000 2 -4.000  
 2226 FOR (UO2)3O(OH)2(HC FROM [NEA92]  
 (UO2)3O( 500 1.000 22.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000  
 -26.462 0.000  
 15 1.000 25 3.000 3 9.000 1 -15.000 2 -6.000  
 2227 FOR (UO2)11(CO3)6(OH)12-2 FROM [NEA92]  
 (UO2)11( 500 -2.000 90.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000  
 -62.991 0.000  
 15 6.000 25 11.000 3 34.000 1 -56.000 2 -22.000  
 2228 FOR UO2OH+ FROM [NEA92]  
 UO2OH+ 400 1.000 6.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000  
 -14.238 187.033 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00  
 25 1.000 3 3.000 1 -5.000 2 -2.000  
 2229 FOR UO2(OH)2(aq) FROM [NEA92]  
 UO2(OH)2 400 0.000 6.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000  
 -19.339 0.000 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00  
 25 1.000 3 4.000 1 -6.000 2 -2.000  
 2240 FOR UO2N3+ FROM [NEA92]  
 UO2N3+ 500 1.000 5.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000  
 248.221 0.000  
 17 3.000 25 1.000 3 -7.000 1 14.000 2 14.000  
 2241 FOR UO2(N3)2(aq) FROM [NEA92]  
 UO2(N3)2 500 0.000 4.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000  
 504.650 0.000  
 17 6.000 25 1.000 3 -16.000 1 32.000 2 30.000  
 2242 FOR UO2(N3)3- FROM [NEA92]  
 UO2(N3)3 500 -1.000 3.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000  
 760.740 0.000  
 17 9.000 25 1.000 3 -25.000 1 50.000 2 46.000  
 2243 FOR UO2(N3)4-2 FROM [NEA92]  
 UO2(N3)4 500 -2.000 2.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000  
 1014.599 0.000  
 17 12.000 25 1.000 3 -34.000 1 68.000 2 62.000  
 2244 FOR (UO2)2(PO2)(CO3)6-6 FROM [NEA95]  
 U-PO2(C 600 -6.000 30.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000  
 -0.304 0.000  
 29 1.000 25 2.000 15 6.000 3 6.000 2 -6.000 1 -12.00  
 2300 FOR NP+3 FROM [CROSS87]  
 NP+3 200 3.000 3.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0  
 3.03 0.0  
 40 1.000 2 1.000  
 2301FOR NPOH+2 FROM [CROSS87]  
 NPOH+2 400 2.000 3.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0  
 -4.37 0.0  
 40 1.000 3 1.000 1 -1.000 2 1.000  
 2302FOR NP(OH)2+ FROM [CROSS87]  
 NP(OH)2+ 400 1.000 3.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0  
 -13.97 0.0  
 40 1.000 1 -2.000 2 1.000 3 2.000  
 2303FOR NP(OH)3 FROM [CROSS87]  
 NP(OH)3 400 0.000 3.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0  
 -23.97 0.0  
 40 1.000 1 -3.000 2 1.000 3 3.000  
 2304FOR NP(OH)4- FROM [CROSS87]  
 NP(OH)4- 400 -1.000 3.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0  
 -34.97 0.0  
 40 1.000 1 -4.000 2 1.000 3 4.000  
 2305FOR NP2(OH)2+4 FROM [CROSS87]  
 NP2(OH)2 400 4.000 6.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0  
 -7.43 0.0  
 40 2.000 1 -2.000 2 2.000 3 2.000

2306FOR NPCO3+ FROM [CROSS87]								
NPCO3+	300	1.000	7.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	9.53	0.0						
40	1.000	2	1.000	15	1.000			
2307FOR NP(CO3)2- FROM [CROSS87]								
NP(CO3)2	300	-1.000	11.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	14.03	0.0						
40	1.000	2	1.000	15	2.000			
2308FOR NP(CO3)3-3 FROM [CROSS87]								
NP(CO3)3	300	-3.000	15.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	17.53	0.0						
40	1.000	2	1.000	15	3.000			
2309FOR NPCL+2 FROM [CROSS87]								
NPCL+2	300	2.000	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	0.63	0.0						
40	1.000	2	1.000	14	1.000			
2310FOR NPCL2+ FROM [CROSS87]								
NPCL2+	300	1.000	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	-2.35	0.0						
40	1.000	2	1.000	14	2.000			
2330 FOR NP(OH)4 FROM [RAI 85]								
NP(OH)4	300	0.000	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.0
	-10.01							
40	1.000	3	4.000	1	-4.000			
2331 FOR NPOH+3 FROM [RAI99B]								
NPOH+3	300	3.000	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.0
	-0.50							
40	1.000	3	1.000	1	-1.000			
2332 FOR NPSO4+2 FROM [XIA 99]								
NPSO4+2	200	2.000	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.0
	9.00	0.0						
40	1.000	16	1.000					
2333 FOR NP(SO4)2(AQ) FROM [XIA 99]								
NPSO42AQ	200	0.000	16.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.0
	11.70	0.0						
40	1.000	16	2.000					
2334 FOR NP(OH)2(CO3)2-2 FROM [RAI 99D]								
NPOH2CO3	400	-2.000	12.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	14.75	0.0						
40	1.000	15	2.000	3	2.000	1	-2.000	
2335 FOR NP(CO3)5-6 FROM [RAI 99D]								
NPCO35-6	200	-6.000	24.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	33.370	0.0						
40	1.000	15	5.000					
2336FOR NPCL+3 FROM [SHIB98B]								
NPCL+3	200	3.000	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	1.80	0.0						
40	1.000	14	1.000					
2337FOR NPCL2+2 FROM [SHIB98B]								
NPCL2+2	200	2.000	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	2.11	0.0						
40	1.000	14	2.000					
2338FOR NPF+3 FROM [CROSS87]								
NPF+3	200	3.000	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	8.33	0.0						
40	1.000	20	1.000					
2339FOR NPF2+2 FROM [CROSS87]								
NPF2+2	200	2.000	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	14.59	0.0						
40	1.000	20	2.000					
2340FOR NPF3+1 FROM [CROSS87]								
NPF3+	200	1.000	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	20.3	0.0						
40	1.000	20	3.000					
2341FOR NPF4(AQ) FROM [CROSS87]								
NPF4(AQ)	200	0.000	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	25.1	0.0						
40	1.000	20	4.000					
2360 FOR NPO2+ FROM [FUGER76]								
NPO2+	400	1.000	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	-10.89	0.00						
40	1.000	3	2.000	1	-4.000	2	-1.000	
2361FOR NPO2OH FROM [SHIB98B]								
NPO2OH	400	0.000	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0
	-21.58	0.0						
40	1.000	1	-5.000	2	-1.000	3	3.000	
2362FOR NPO2(OH)2- FROM [SHIB98B]								

NPO2OH2-	400	-1.000	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.
-33.50	0.0						
40	1.000	1 -6.000	2 -1.000	3 4.000			
2363FOR NPO2CL(AQ) FROM [NECK95]							
NPO2CL	500	0.000	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
-11.18	0.0						
40	1.000	1 -4.000	2 -1.000	3 2.000	14 1.000		
2364FOR NPO2S04- FROM [FUGER92]							
NPO2S04-	500	-1.000	11.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
-10.29	0.0						
40	1.000	1 -4.000	2 -1.000	3 2.000	16 1.000		
2365FOR NPO2F(AQ) FROM [CROSS87]							
NPO2F(A	500	0.000	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
-10.38	0.0						
40	1.000	3 2.000	1 -4.000	2 -1.000	20 1.000		
2366FOR NPO2C03- FROM [SHIB98B]							
NPO2C03-	500	-1.000	9.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
-6.10	0.0						
40	1.000	1 -4.000	2 -1.000	3 2.000	15 1.000		
2367FOR NPO2(C03)2-3 FROM [SHIB98B]							
NPO2C032	500	-3.000	13.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
-4.24	0.0						
40	1.000	1 -4.000	2 -1.000	3 2.000	15 2.000		
2368FOR NPO2(C03)3-5 FROM [SHIB98B]							
NPO2C033	500	-5.000	17.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
-5.38	0.0						
40	1.000	1 -4.000	2 -1.000	3 2.000	15 3.000		
2390 FOR NPO2+2 FROM [CROSS87]							
NPO2+2	400	2.000	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
-32.29	0.0						
40	1.000	1 -4.000	2 -2.000	3 2.000			
2391FOR NPO2OH+ FROM [CROSS87]							
NPO2OH	400	1.000	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
-37.39	0.0						
40	1.000	1 -5.000	2 -2.000	3 3.000			
2392FOR NPO2(OH)2(AQ) FROM [CROSS87]							
NPO2OH2	400	0.000	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
-43.81	0.0						
40	1.000	1 -6.000	2 -2.000	3 4.000			
2393FOR NPO2(OH)3- FROM [CROSS87]							
NPO2OH3-	400	-1.000	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
-53.99	0.0						
40	1.000	1 -7.000	2 -2.000	3 5.000			
2394FOR (NPO)2(OH)2+2 FROM [CROSS87]							
NPO2OH2	400	2.000	12.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
-70.98	0.0						
40	2.000	1-10.000	2 -4.000	3 6.000			
2395FOR (NPO2)3(OH)5+ FROM [CROSS87]							
NPO23OH5	400	1.000	18.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
-114.37	0.0						
40	3.000	1-17.000	2 -6.000	3 11.000			
2396FOR (NPO2)2OH+3 FROM [CROSS87]							
NPO22OH+	400	3.000	12.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
-68.58	0.0						
40	2.000	1 -9.000	2 -4.000	3 5.000			
2397FOR NPO2S04 FROM [CROSS87]							
NPO2S04	500	0.000	12.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
-29.02	0.0						
40	1.000	1 -4.000	2 -2.000	3 2.000	16 1.000		
2398FOR NPO2(S04)2-2 FROM [CROSS87]							
NPO2S042	500	-2.000	18.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
-28.19	0.0						
40	1.000	1 -4.000	2 -2.000	3 2.000	16 2.000		
2399FOR NPO2(S04)3-4 FROM [CROSS87]							
NPO2S043	500	-4.000	24.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
-27.29	0.0						
40	1.000	1 -4.000	2 -2.000	3 2.000	16 3.000		
2400FOR NPO2CL+ FROM [CROSS87]							
NPO2CL+	500	1.000	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
-32.59	0.0						
40	1.000	1 -4.000	2 -2.000	3 2.000	14 1.000		
2401FOR NPO2CL2 FROM [CROSS87]							
NPO2CL2	500	0.000	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
-31.29	0.0						
40	1.000	1 -4.000	2 -2.000	3 2.000	14 2.000		
2500 FOR PU+3 FROM [FUGER76]							
PU+3	200	3.000	3.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.

17.01	0.000	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.00000E+00	0.0
29 1.000 2 1.000							
2501 FOR PUOH+2 FROM [YU199]							
PUOH+2 400	2.000	3.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
10.61	0.0						
29 1.000 1 -1.000 2 1.000 3 1.000							
2502 FOR PUOH2+ FROM [YU199]							
PUOH2+ 400	1.000	3.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
2.910	0.0						
29 1.000 1 -2.000 2 1.000 3 2.000							
2503 FOR PU(OH)3 FROM [YU199]							
PU(OH)3 400	0.000	3.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
-8.69	0.0						
29 1.000 1 -3.000 2 1.000 3 3.000							
2504 FOR PUCO3+ FROM [YU199]							
PUCO3+ 300	1.000	7.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
24.81	0.0						
29 1.000 2 1.000 15 1.000							
2505 FOR PU(CO3)2- FROM [YU199]							
PUCO32- 300	-1.000	11.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
29.31	0.0						
29 1.000 2 1.000 15 2.000							
2506 FOR PU(CO3)3-3 FROM [YU199]							
PUCO33-3 300	-3.000	15.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
32.21	0.0						
29 1.000 2 1.000 15 3.000							
2507 FOR PUF+2 FROM [YU199]							
PUF+2 300	2.000	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
20.41	0.0						
29 1.000 20 1.000 2 1.000							
2508 FOR PUF2+ FROM [YU199]							
PUF2+ 300	1.000	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
22.81	0.0						
29 1.000 20 2.000 2 1.000							
2509 FOR PUCL+2 FROM [YU199]							
PUCL+2 300	2.000	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
18.06	0.0						
29 1.000 2 1.000 14 1.000							
2510 FOR PUSO4+ FROM [YU199]							
PUSO4+ 300	1.000	9.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
20.86	0.0						
29 1.000 2 1.000 16 1.000							
2511 FOR PU(SO4)2- FROM [YU199]							
PUSO42- 300	-1.000	15.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
22.41	0.0						
29 1.000 2 1.000 16 2.000							
2512 FOR PUF3(AQ) FROM [YU199]							
PUF3 300	0.000	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
28.21	0.0						
29 1.000 20 3.000 2 1.000							
2530 FOR PU(OH)4 FROM [YAMA94]							
PU(OH)4 300	0.000	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.
-9.16	0.00						
29 1.000 3 4.000 1 -4.000							
2531 FOR PUOH+3 FROM [RA199B]							
PUOH+3 300	3.000	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.
-0.500							
29 1.000 3 1.000 1 -1.000							
2532 FOR PUSO4+2 FROM [RA199B]							
PUSO4+2 200	2.000	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.
9.00	0.0						
29 1.000 16 1.000							
2533 FOR PU(SO4)2(AQ) FROM [RA199B]							
PUSO42AQ 200	0.000	16.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.
11.70	0.0						
29 1.000 16 2.000							
2534 FOR PU(OH)2(CO3)2-2 FROM [RA199C]							
PUOH2CO3 400	-2.000	12.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
16.76	0.0						
29 1.000 15 2.000 3 2.000 1 -2.000							
2535 FOR PU(CO3)5-6 FROM [RA199C]							
PUCO35-6 200	-6.000	24.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
34.18	0.0						
29 1.000 15 5.000							
2536 FOR PUCL+3 FROM [FUJGER92]							
PUCL+3 200	3.000	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
2.00	0.0						



29 1.000 14 1.000  
 2537FOR PUN03+3 FROM [FUGER92]  
 PUN03+3 200 3.000 9.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0  
 2.60 0.0  
 29 1.000 17 1.000  
 2538FOR PUF+3 FROM [NEA 92]  
 PUF+3 200 3.000 4.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0  
 9.28 0.0  
 29 1.000 20 1.000  
 2539FOR PUF2+2 FROM [NEA 92]  
 PUF2+2 200 2.000 4.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0  
 16.23 0.0  
 29 1.000 20 2.000  
 2540FOR PUF3+ FROM [NEA 92]  
 PUF3+ 200 1.000 4.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0  
 21.6 0.0  
 29 1.000 20 3.000  
 2541FOR PUF4 FROM [NEA 92]  
 PUF4 200 0.000 4.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0  
 25.60 0.0  
 29 1.000 20 4.000  
 2542FOR PUF5- FROM [NEA 92]  
 PUF5- 200 -1.000 4.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0  
 27.01 0.0  
 29 1.000 20 5.000  
 2543FOR PUF6-2 FROM [NEA 92]  
 PUF6-2 200 -2.000 4.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0  
 29.08 0.0  
 29 1.000 20 6.000  
 2560FOR PU02+ FROM [RAI 84]  
 PU02+ 400 1.000 5.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0  
 -18.600 0.000 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.0  
 29 1.000 3 2.000 1 -4.000 2 -1.000  
 2561FOR PU02OH(AQ) FROM [BENNE92]  
 PU02OH 400 0.000 5.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0  
 -28.33 0.0  
 29 1.000 1 -5.000 2 -1.000 3 3.000  
 2562FOR PU02C03- FROM [BENNE92]  
 PU02C03- 500 -1.000 9.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0  
 -13.48 0.0  
 29 1.000 1 -4.000 2 -1.000 3 2.000 15 1.000  
 2590FOR PU02+2 FROM [RAI 84]  
 PU02+2 400 2.000 6.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0  
 -34.760 0.000 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.00000E+00 0.0  
 29 1.000 3 2.000 1 -4.000 2 -2.000  
 2591FOR PU02OH+ FROM [SHIB98C]  
 PU02OH+ 400 1.000 6.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0  
 -40.03 0.0  
 29 1.000 1 -5.000 2 -2.000 3 3.000  
 2592FOR PU02OH2 FROM [SHIB98C]  
 PU02OH2 400 0.000 6.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0  
 -47.22 0.0  
 29 1.000 1 -6.000 2 -2.000 3 4.000  
 2593FOR PU02OH3- FROM [SHIB98C]  
 PU02OH3- 400 -1.000 6.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0  
 -59.22 0.0  
 29 1.000 1 -7.000 2 -2.000 3 5.000  
 2594FOR (PU02)2(OH)2+2 FROM [NEA 92]  
 PU022OH2 400 2.000 12.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0  
 -75.14 0.0  
 29 2.000 1 -10.000 2 -4.000 3 6.000  
 2595FOR PU02C03 FROM FROM [PASHA97]  
 PU02C03 500 0.000 10.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0  
 -25.2 0.0  
 29 1.000 1 -4.000 2 -2.000 3 2.000 15 1.000  
 2596FOR PU02(C03)2-2 FROM [PASHA97]  
 PU02C032 500 -2.000 14.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0  
 -19.76 0.0  
 29 1.000 1 -4.000 2 -2.000 3 2.000 15 2.000  
 2597FOR PU02(C03)3-4 FROM [PASHA97]  
 PU02C033 500 -4.000 18.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0  
 -17.23 0.0  
 29 1.000 1 -4.000 2 -2.000 3 2.000 15 3.000  
 2598FOR (PU02)2(OH)3C03- FROM [ALLAR83]  
 PU022OH3 500 -1.000 16.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0  
 -70.52 0.0  
 29 2.000 1 -11.000 2 -4.000 3 7.000 15 1.000

2599FOR (PUO2)3(OH)3CO3+ FROM [ALLAR83]									
PUO23OH3	500	1.000	22.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	-103.28	0.0							
29	3.000	1-15.000	2 -6.000	3	9.000	15	1.000		
2600FOR PUO2SO4(AQ) FROM [SHIB98C]									
PUO2SO4A	500	0.000	12.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	-31.61	0.0							
29	1.000	2 -2.000	16	1.000	3	2.000	1 -4.000		
2601FOR PUO2(SO4)2-2 FROM [SHIB98C]									
PUO2SO42	500	-2.000	18.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	-30.62	0.0							
29	1.000	2 -2.000	16	2.000	3	2.000	1 -4.000		
2602FOR PUO2HPO4(AQ) FROM [SHIB98C]									
PUO2HPO4	500	0.000	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	-15.17	0.0							
29	1.000	1 -3.000	19	1.000	2	-2.000	3	2.000	
2603FOR PUO2H2PO4+1 FROM [SHIB98C]									
PUO2H2PO	500	1.000	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	-11.94	0.0							
29	1.000	1 -2.000	19	1.000	2	-2.000	3	2.000	
2604FOR PUO2NO3+ FROM [SHIB98C][CHOP199]									
PUO2NO3+	500	1.000	11.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	-34.46	0.0							
29	1.000	17	1.000	2	-2.000	1	-4.000	3	2.000
2605FOR PUO2F+ FROM [FUGER92]									
PUO2F+	500	1.000	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	-30.19	0.0							
29	1.000	3	2.000	2	-2.000	1	-4.000	20	1.000
2606FOR PUO2F2(AQ) FROM [FUGER92]									
PUO2F2AQ	500	0.000	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	-26.52	0.0							
29	1.000	3	2.000	2	-2.000	1	-4.000	20	2.000
2607FOR PUO2F3- FROM [FUGER92]									
PUO2F3-	500	-1.000	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	-24.96	0.0							
29	1.000	3	2.000	2	-2.000	1	-4.000	20	3.000
2608 FOR (PUO2)3(OH)5+ FROM [NEA 92]									
PUO23OH5	400	1.000	18.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	-119.83	0.0							
29	3.000	1-17.000	2 -6.000	3	11.000				
2609 FOR PUO2CL+ FROM [FUGER92]									
PUO2CL+	500	1.000	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	-34.66	0.0							
29	1.000	3	2.000	2	-2.000	1	-4.000	14	1.000
2700 FOR AMOH+2 FROM [NEA95]									
AMOH+2	300	2.000	3.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000		
	-6.4	0.0							
28	1.000	3	1.000	1	-1.000				
2701 FOR AM(OH)2+ FROM [NEA95]									
AM(OH)2+	300	1.000	3.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000		
	-14.1	0.0							
28	1.000	3	2.000	1	-2.000				
2702 FOR AM(OH)3 FROM [NEA95]									
AM(OH)3	300	0.000	3.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000		
	-25.7	0.0							
28	1.000	3	3.000	1	-3.000				
2703 FOR AMCO3+ FROM [NEA95]									
AMCO3+	200	1.000	7.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	7.80	0.0							
28	1.000	15	1.000						
2704 FOR AM(CO3)2- FROM [NEA95]									
AMCO32-	200	-1.000	11.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	12.30	0.0							
28	1.000	15	2.000						
2705 FOR AM(CO3)3-3 FROM [NEA95]									
AMCO33-3	200	-3.000	15.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	15.2	0.0							
28	1.000	15	3.000						
2706 FOR AMF+2 FROM [NEA95]									
AMF+2	200	2.000	3.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000		
	3.4	0.0							
28	1.000	20	1.000						
2707 FOR AMF2+ FROM [NEA95]									
AMF2+	200	1.000	3.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000		
	5.800	0.0							
28	1.000	20	2.000						
2708 FOR AMNO3+2 FROM [NEA95]									

AMN03+2	200	2.000	8.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
1.330	0.0						
28	1.000	17	1.000				
2709FOR AMCL+2	FROM [NEA95]						
AMCL+2	200	2.000	3.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
1.050	0.0						
28	1.000	14	1.000				
2710FOR AMS04+	FROM [NEA95]						
AMS04+	200	1.000	9.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
3.850	0.0						
28	1.000	16	1.000				
2711FOR AM(S04)2-	FROM [NEA95]						
AM(S04)2	200	-1.000	15.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
5.400	0.0						
28	1.000	16	2.000				
2712FOR AMH2PO4+2	FROM [NEA95]						
AMH2PO4+	300	2.000	3.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
22.562	0.0						
28	1.000	19	1.000	1	2.000		
2900 FOR CMOH+2	FROM [YU199]						
CMOH+2	300	2.000	3.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
-6.4	0.0						
50	1.000	3	1.000	1	-1.000		
2901 FOR CM(OH)2+	FROM [YU199]						
CM(OH)2+	300	1.000	3.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
-14.1	0.0						
50	1.000	3	2.000	1	-2.000		
2902 FOR CM(OH)3	FROM [YU199]						
CM(OH)3	300	0.000	3.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
-25.7	0.0						
50	1.000	3	3.000	1	-3.000		
2903 FOR CMC03+	FROM [YU199]						
CMC03+	200	1.000	7.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
7.80	0.0						
50	1.000	15	1.000				
2904 FOR CM(C03)2-	FROM [YU199]						
CMC032-	200	-1.000	11.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
12.30	0.0						
50	1.000	15	2.000				
2905 FOR CM(C03)3-3	FROM [YU199]						
CMC033-3	200	-3.000	15.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
15.2	0.0						
50	1.000	15	3.000				
2906 FOR CMF+2	FROM [YU199]						
CMF+2	200	2.000	3.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
3.4	0.0						
50	1.000	20	1.000				
2907 FOR CMF2+	FROM [YU199]						
CMF2+	200	1.000	3.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
5.800	0.0						
50	1.000	20	2.000				
2908 FOR CMN03+2	FROM [YU199]						
CMN03+2	200	2.000	8.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.
1.330	0.0						
50	1.000	17	1.000				

LOOK MIN

CALCITE	2	4.00	-8.48	0.00	1	0.0000	ORIGINAL
15	1.000	4	1.000				
-0.17191E+03-0.77993E-01	0.28393E+04	0.71595E+02	0.00000E+00				
ARAGONIT	2	4.00	-8.34	0.00	1	0.0000	ORIGINAL
15	1.000	4	1.000				
-0.17198E+03-0.77993E-01	0.29033E+04	0.71595E+02	0.00000E+00				
DOLOMITE	3	8.00	-17.09	0.00	0	0.0000	ORIGINAL
4	1.000	5	1.000	15	2.000		
SIDERITE	2	6.00	-10.57	0.00	0	0.0000	ORIGINAL
8	1.000	15	1.000				
STRONTIT	2	4.00	-9.27	0.00	1	0.0000	ORIGINAL
12	1.000	15	1.000				
0.15503E+03	0.00000E+00-0.72396E+04-0.56586E+02	0.00000E+00					
GYPSUM	3	6.00	-4.60	0.00	1	0.0000	ORIGINAL
4	1.000	16	1.000	3	2.000		
0.82090E+02	0.00000E+00-0.38539E+04-0.29812E+02	0.00000E+00					
ANHDRIT	2	6.00	-4.38	0.00	0	0.0000	ORIGINAL
4	1.000	16	1.000				
CELESTIT	2	6.00	-6.58	0.00	0	0.0000	ORIGINAL
12	1.000	16	1.000				

BARITE	2	6.00	-9.98	0.00	0			0.0000	ORIGINAL
11	1.000	16	1.000						
HYDROXAP	4	0.00	-40.47	0.00	0			0.0000	ORIGINAL
3	1.000	19	3.000	4	5.000	1	-1.000		
VIVIANIT	3	6.00	-36.00	0.00	0			0.0000	ORIGINAL
8	3.000	19	2.000	3	8.000				
FLUORITE	2	0.00	-10.96	0.00	0			0.0000	ORIGINAL
4	1.000	20	2.000						
FEOH3A	3	3.00	4.89	0.00	0			0.0000	ORIGINAL
69	1.000	3	3.000	1	-3.000				
GIBBSITE	3	0.00	8.77	0.00	0			0.0000	ORIGINAL
10	1.000	3	3.000	1	-3.000				
KAOLINIT	4	0.00	-36.92	0.00	0			0.0000	ORIGINAL
3	-7.000	1	2.000	13	2.000	84	2.000		
FES PPT	5	0.00	-37.603	0.00	0			0.0000	ORIGINAL
8	1.000	16	1.000	3	-4.000	1	8.000	2	8.000
BIRNESIT	4	4.00	18.09	0.00	0			0.000	[NEA85]
78	1.000	3	2.000	2	-1.000	1	-4.000		
MANGANIT	3	3.00	-0.24	0.00	0			0.000	[NEA85]
78	1.000	3	2.000	1	-3.000				
SIL GEL	2	0.00	-2.70	0.00	0			0.000	[NEA85]
13	1.000	3	-2.000						
SIL GLAS	2	0.00	-3.02	0.00	0			0.000	[NEA85]
13	1.000	3	-1.000						
SEP PPT	4	0.00	-37.21	0.00	0			0.000	[NEA85]
5	2.000	13	3.000	62	4.000	3	-4.500		
MACKINIT	5	0.00	-38.323	0.00	0			0.000	[NEA85]
8	1.000	16	1.000	1	8.000	3	-4.000	2	8.000
MUSCOVIT	4	0.00	14.60	0.00	0			0.000	[NEA85]
10	3.000	13	3.000	7	1.000	1	-10.000		
CLINOZOI	5	0.00	43.61	0.00	0			0.000	[NEA85]
10	3.000	13	3.000	4	2.000	3	1.000	1	-13.
EPIDOTE,	7	3.00	45.43	0.00	0			0.000	[NEA85]
10	2.000	13	3.000	4	2.000	8	1.000	3	1.
1	-13.000	2	-1.000						
TREMOLIT	5	0.00	57.70	0.00	0			0.000	[NEA85]
5	5.000	13	8.000	4	2.000	3	-8.000	1	-14.
ANDRADIT	5	6.00	55.10	0.00	0			0.000	[NEA85]
13	3.000	4	3.000	8	2.000	1	-12.000	2	-2.
MONTMOCA	5	0.00	41.88	0.00	0			0.000	[NEA85]
10	14.000	13	22.000	4	1.000	3	-16.000	1	-44.
ANORTHHE	4	0.00	26.70	0.00	0			0.000	[NEA85]
10	2.000	13	2.000	4	1.000	1	-8.000		
ANORTHTR	4	0.00	26.37	0.00	0			0.000	[NEA85]
10	2.000	13	2.000	4	1.000	1	-8.000		
LIME, QU	3	0.00	32.70	0.00	0			0.000	[NEA85]
4	1.000	3	1.000	1	-2.000				
ILLITEK3	6	0.00	67.15	0.00	0			0.000	[NEA85]
5	1.000	10	9.000	13	14.000	7	3.000	3	-8.
1	-32.000								
PHLOGOPI	5	0.00	36.33	0.00	0			0.000	[NEA85]
5	3.000	10	1.000	13	3.000	7	1.000	1	-10.
CLINOC26	6	16.00	447.61	0.00	0			0.000	[NEA85]
5	26.000	10	20.000	13	24.000	8	8.000	3	48.
1	-128.000								
MG2S1206	4	0.00	23.26	0.00	0			0.000	[NEA85]
5	2.000	13	2.000	3	-2.000	1	-4.000		
TALC	4	0.00	20.60	0.00	0			0.000	[NEA85]
5	3.000	13	4.000	3	-4.000	1	-6.000		
CLINOC40	5	0.00	546.83	0.00	0			0.000	[NEA85]
5	40.000	10	16.000	13	24.000	3	48.000	1	-128.
SEPIOLIT	4	0.00	32.83	0.00	0			0.000	[NEA85]
5	4.000	13	6.000	3	-1.000	1	-8.000		
CLINOCH8	7	53.00	178.37	0.00	0			0.000	[NEA85]
5	8.000	10	25.000	13	20.000	8	26.000	3	64.
1	-144.000	2	-1.000						
MONTMOMG	5	0.00	57.04	0.00	0			0.000	[NEA85]
5	1.000	10	14.000	13	22.000	3	-16.000	1	-44.
MAGNESIO	5	6.00	42.82	0.00	0			0.000	[NEA85]
5	1.000	8	2.000	3	4.000	1	-8.000	2	-2.
PERICLAS	3	0.00	21.58	0.00	0			0.000	[NEA85]
5	1.000	3	1.000	1	-2.000				
MONTMONA	5	0.00	58.54	0.00	0			0.000	[NEA85]
6	2.000	10	14.000	13	22.000	3	-16.000	1	-44.
PARAGONI	4	0.00	18.87	0.00	0			0.000	[NEA85]
6	1.000	10	3.000	13	3.000	1	-10.000		
ALBITE	5	0.00	3.54	0.00	0			0.000	[NEA85]

6	1.000	10	1.000	13	3.000	3	-4.000	1	-4.
ILLITEK2	5		0.00	28.54	0.00	0			0.000[NEA85]
10	10.000	13	14.000	7	2.000	3	-8.000	1	-32.
MONTMOK	5		0.00	57.51	0.00	0			0.000[NEA85]
10	14.000	13	22.000	7	2.000	3	-16.000	1	-44.
ALUNITE	5		12.00	1.61	0.00	0			0.000[NEA85]
10	3.000	16	2.000	7	1.000	3	6.000	1	-6.
MICROCLI	5		0.00	1.78	0.00	0			0.000[NEA85]
10	1.000	13	3.000	7	1.000	3	-4.000	1	-4.
ORTHOCLA	5		0.00	0.86	0.00	0			0.000[NEA85]
10	1.000	13	3.000	7	1.000	3	-4.000	1	-4.
ANNITE	5		6.00	22.33	0.00	0			0.000[NEA85]
10	1.000	13	3.000	7	1.000	8	3.000	1	-10.
HEMATITE	4		6.00	22.40	0.00	0			0.000[NEA85]
8	2.000	3	3.000	1	-6.000	2	-2.000		
FE2S1206	4		4.00	10.60	0.00	0			0.000[NEA85]
13	2.000	8	2.000	3	-2.000	1	-4.000		
ALMANDIN	4		6.00	33.41	0.00	0			0.000[NEA85]
10	2.000	13	3.000	8	3.000	1	-12.000		
MAGNETIT	4		8.00	30.65	0.00	0			0.000[NEA85]
8	3.000	3	4.000	1	-8.000	2	-2.000		
PYRRHOTI	5		0.00	-321.28	0.00	0			0.000[NEA85]
16	8.000	8	7.000	3	-32.000	1	64.000	2	62.
LAWRENCI	2		2.00	6.82	0.00	0			0.000[NEA85]
14	2.000	8	1.000						
MOLYSITE	3		3.00	24.56	0.00	0			0.000[NEA85]
14	3.000	8	1.000	2	-1.000				
GOETHITE	4		3.00	11.29	0.00	0			0.000[NEA85]
8	1.000	3	2.000	1	-3.000	2	-1.000		
PYRRHOTI	5		0.00	-39.78	0.00	0			0.000[NEA85]
16	1.000	8	1.000	3	-4.000	1	8.000	2	8.
PYRITE	5		0.00	-85.95	0.00	0			0.000[NEA85]
16	2.000	8	1.000	3	-8.000	1	16.000	2	14.
RHODOCHR	2		6.00	-10.54	0.00	0			0.000[NEA85]
15	1.000	9	1.000						
PYROLUSI	4		4.00	41.55	0.00	0			0.000[NEA85]
9	1.000	3	2.000	1	-4.000	2	-2.000		
ALABANDI	5		0.00	-34.11	0.00	0			0.000[NEA85]
16	1.000	9	1.000	3	-4.000	1	8.000	2	8.
TOPAZ, O	4		0.00	12.81	0.00	0			0.000[NEA85]
10	2.000	13	1.000	3	2.000	1	-6.000		
CHALCEDO	2		0.00	-3.49	0.00	0			0.000[NEA85]
13	1.000	3	-2.000						
QUARTZ	2		0.00	-3.78	0.00	0			0.000[NEA85]
13	1.000	3	-2.000						
SILICA H	4		-1.00	-2.47	0.00	0			0.000[NEA85]
13	1.000	3	-2.000	1	1.000	2	1.000		
COBALTOU	2		2.00	8.79	0.00	0			0.000[NEA85]
14	2.000	27	1.000						
COBALTOU	3		2.00	13.44	0.00	0			0.000[NEA85]
27	1.000	3	1.000	1	-2.000				
H2 GAS	1		-2.00	-3.15	0.00	0			0.000ORIGINAL
61	1.000								
CH4 GAS	4		-4.00	-43.931	0.00	0			0.000
15	1.000	1	10.00	2	8.000	3	-3.000		
FERROSIL	4		2.00	7.42	0.000	0			0.000
8	1.000	13	1.000	3	-1.000	1	-2.000		
GREENALI	4		6.00	22.59	0.000	0			0.000
8	3.000	13	2.000	3	1.000	1	-6.000		
FAYALITE	3		4.00	19.05	0.000	0			0.000
8	2.000	13	1.000	1	-4.000				
SR3PO42	2		0.00	-27.8	0.000	0			0.000[CROSS87]
12	3.000	19	2.000						
SRHPO4	3		0.00	-19.31	0.000	0			0.000[CROSS87]
12	1.000	19	1.000	1	1.000				
SRNO32	2		10.00	0.59	0.000	0			0.000[CROSS87]
12	1.000	17	2.000						
SROH2	3		0.00	24.98	0.000	0			0.000[CROSS87]
12	1.000	3	2.000	1	-2.000				
SRSO4	2		6.00	-6.42	0.000	0			0.000[CROSS87]
12	1.000	16	1.000						
SRCO3	2		4.00	-9.25	0.000	0			0.000[CROSS87]
12	1.000	15	1.000						
12	2		0.00	18.18	0.000	0			0.000[CROSS87]
23	2.000	2	-2.000						
K-FELDSP	5		0.00	0.0832	0.00	0			[LLNL83]
13	3.000	3	-4.000	1	-4.000	7	1.000	10	1.0

SILI (AM)	2	0.00	-2.71	0.00	0	0.000[LLNL83]
13	1.000	3	-2.000			
H(G)	2	-1.00	35.61	0.00	0	0.000[NEA95]
1	1.000	2	1.000			
H2(G)	2	-2.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.000[NEA95]
1	2.000	2	2.000			
O(G)	3	2.00	82.15	0.00	0	0.000[NEA95]
3	1.000	1	-2.000	2	-2.000	
O2(G)	3	4.00	83.09	0.00	0	0.000[NEA95]
3	2.000	1	-4.000	2	-4.000	
H2O(G)	1	0.00	1.50	0.00	0	0.000[NEA95]
3	1.000					
CA(CR)	2	-2.00	96.85	0.00	0	0.000[NEA95]
4	1.000	2	2.000			
CA(G)	2	-2.00	122.08	0.00	0	0.000[NEA95]
4	1.000	2	2.000			
CAO(CR)	3	0.00	32.70	0.00	0	0.000[NEA95]
4	1.000	3	1.000	1	-2.000	
NA(CR)	2	-1.00	45.89	0.00	0	0.000[NEA95]
6	1.000	2	1.000			
NA(G)	2	-1.00	59.38	0.00	0	0.000[NEA95]
6	1.000	2	1.000			
K(CR)	2	-1.00	49.49	0.00	0	0.000[NEA95]
7	1.000	2	1.000			
K(G)	2	-1.00	60.09	0.00	0	0.000[NEA95]
7	1.000	2	1.000			
BA(CR)	2	-2.00	97.70	0.00	0	0.000[NEA95]
11	1.000	2	2.000			
BAO(CR)	3	0.00	48.07	0.00	0	0.000[NEA95]
11	1.000	3	1.000	1	-2.000	
SR(CR)	2	-2.00	98.79	0.00	0	0.000[NEA95]
12	1.000	2	2.000			
SRO(CR)	3	0.00	42.23	0.00	0	0.000[NEA95]
12	1.000	3	1.000	1	-2.000	
SI(CR)	4	-4.00	62.93	0.00	0	0.000[NEA95]
13	1.000	3	-4.000	1	4.000	2 4.000
SI(G)	4	-4.00	133.97	0.00	0	0.000[NEA95]
13	1.000	3	-4.000	1	4.000	2 4.000
SI02(QUA)	2	0.00	-4.00	0.00	0	0.000[NEA95]
13	1.000	3	-2.000			
CL(G)	2	1.00	41.44	0.00	0	0.000[NEA95]
14	1.000	2	-1.000			
CL2(G)	2	2.00	45.98	0.00	0	0.000[NEA95]
14	2.000	2	-2.000			
HCL(G)	2	0.00	6.29	0.00	0	0.000[NEA95]
14	1.000	1	1.000			
SRCL2(CR)	2	0.00	7.24	0.00	0	0.000[NEA95]
12	1.000	14	2.000			
BACL2(CR)	2	0.00	2.30	0.00	0	0.000[NEA95]
11	1.000	14	2.000			
C(CR)	4	0.00	-32.15	0.00	0	0.000[NEA95]
15	1.000	3	-3.000	1	6.000	2 4.000
C(G)	4	0.00	85.45	0.00	0	0.000[NEA95]
15	1.000	3	-3.000	1	6.000	2 4.000
CO(G)	4	2.00	-14.64	0.00	0	0.000[NEA95]
15	1.000	3	-2.000	1	4.000	2 2.000
CO2(G)	3	4.00	-18.15	0.00	0	0.000[NEA95]
15	1.000	3	-1.000	1	2.000	
S(CR)	4	0.00	-35.84	0.00	0	0.000[NEA95]
16	1.000	3	-4.000	1	8.000	2 6.000
S(G)	4	0.00	5.63	0.00	0	0.000[NEA95]
16	1.000	3	-4.000	1	8.000	2 6.000
S2(G)	4	0.00	-57.71	0.00	0	0.000[NEA95]
16	2.000	3	-8.000	1	16.000	2 12.000
SO2(G)	4	4.00	-478.35	0.00	0	0.000[NEA95]
16	1.000	3	-2.000	1	4.000	2 2.000
H2S(G)	4	-2.00	-41.70	0.00	0	0.000[NEA95]
16	1.000	3	-4.000	1	10.000	2 8.000
N(G)	4	0.00	-25.42	0.00	0	0.000[NEA95]
17	1.000	3	-3.000	1	6.000	2 5.000
N2(G)	4	0.00	-210.46	0.00	0	0.000[NEA95]
17	2.000	3	-6.000	1	12.000	2 10.000
NH3(G)	4	-3.00	-108.10	0.00	0	0.000[NEA95]
17	1.000	3	-3.000	1	9.000	2 8.000
SR(NO3)2	2	10.00	0.40	0.00	0	0.000[NEA95]
12	1.000	17	2.000			
B(CR)	4	-3.00	45.17	0.00	0	0.000[NEA95]

18	1.000	3	-3.000	1	3.000	2	3.000	
B(G)	4		-3.00	136.45	0.00	0		0.000[NEA95]
18	1.000	3	-3.000	1	3.000	2	3.000	
B203(CR)	2		0.00	5.75	0.00	0		0.000[NEA95]
18	2.000	3	-3.000					
B(OH)3(C	1		0.00	-0.07	0.00	0		0.000[NEA95]
18	1.000							
P(AM)	4		-5.00	13.48	0.00	0		0.000[NEA95]
19	1.000	3	-4.000	1	8.000	2	5.000	
P(CR)	4		-5.00	13.48	0.00	0		0.000[NEA95]
19	1.000	3	-4.000	1	8.000	2	5.000	
P(G)	4		-5.00	62.55	0.00	0		0.000[NEA95]
19	1.000	3	-4.000	1	8.000	2	5.000	
P2(G)	4		-10.00	45.08	0.00	0		0.000[NEA95]
19	2.000	3	-8.000	1	16.000	2	10.000	
P4(G)	4		-20.00	58.19	0.00	0		0.000[NEA95]
19	4.000	3	-16.000	1	32.000	2	20.000	
F(G)	2		1.00	60.23	0.00	0		0.000[NEA95]
20	1.000	2	-1.000					
F2(G)	2		2.00	98.64	0.00	0		0.000[NEA95]
20	2.000	2	-2.000					
HF(G)	2		0.00	1.07	0.000	0		0.000[NEA95]
20	1.000	1	1.000					
SIF4(G)	4		0.00	-15.33	0.00	0		0.000[NEA95]
13	1.000	20	4.000	3	-4.000	1	4.000	
BF3(G)	4		0.00	-2.98	0.00	0		0.000[NEA95]
18	1.000	20	3.000	3	-3.000	1	3.000	
BR(G)	2		1.00	32.63	0.00	0		0.000[NEA95]
22	1.000	2	-1.000					
BR2(G)	2		2.00	36.93	0.00	0		0.000[NEA95]
22	2.000	2	-2.000					
HBR(G)	2		0.00	8.85	0.00	0		0.000[NEA95]
22	1.000	1	1.000					
I(G)	2		0.00	21.36	0.00	0		0.000[NEA95]
23	1.000	2	-1.000					
I2(CR)	2		0.00	18.12	0.00	0		0.000[NEA95]
23	2.000	2	-2.000					
I2(G)	2		0.00	21.51	0.000	0		0.000[NEA95]
23	2.000	2	-2.000					
HI(G)	2		-1.00	9.36	0.000	0		0.000[NEA95]
23	1.000	1	1.000					
NI(OH)2	3		0.00	12.73	0.000	0		0.000[BAEYE89]
31	1.000	3	2.000	1	-2.000			
NIC03(s)	2		4.00	-6.97	0.000	0		0.000[BAEYE89]
31	1.000	15	1.000					
NIO(cr)	3		0.00	12.44	0.000	0		0.000[BAEYE89]
31	1.000	3	1.000	1	-2.000			
NIS	5		-2.00	-42.83	0.000	0		0.000[BAEYE89]
31	1.000	3	-4.000	1	8.000	16	1.000	2 8.000
NI3(P04)2	2		0.00	-29.59	0.000	0		0.000[BAEYE89]
31	3.000	19	2.000					
NI2P207	4		0.00	-33.57	0.000	0		0.000[BAEYE89]
31	2.000	19	2.000	1	2.000	3	-1.000	
OLIVINE	3		0.00	18.84	0.000	0		0.000[BAEYE89]
31	2.000	13	1.000	1	-4.000			
SPINEL	3		0.00	20.24	0.000	0		0.000[BAEYE89]
31	2.000	13	1.000	1	-4.000			
NIS103	4		0.00	-2.28	0.000	0		0.000[BAEYE89]
31	1.000	13	1.000	1	-2.000	3	-1.000	
NI3S2	5		-6.00	-82.00	0.530	0		0.000[BAEYE89]
31	3.000	16	2.000	3	-8.000	1	16.000	2 18.000
SE	4		0.00	-88.92	0.000	0		0.000[CROSS87]
32	1.000	3	-4.000	2	6.000	1	8.000	
SE02	4		4.00	-35.82	0.000	0		0.000[CROSS87]
32	1.000	3	-2.000	2	2.000	1	4.000	
SE205	4		10.00	-19.6	0.000	0		0.000[CROSS87]
32	2.000	3	-3.000	2	2.000	1	6.000	
SE03	3		6.00	19.2	0.000	0		0.000[CROSS87]
32	1.000	3	-1.000	1	2.000			
FESE2	5		0.00	-181.10	0.00	0		0.000[CROSS87]
32	2.000	8	1.000	3	-8.000	1	16.000	2 14.
FESE	5		0.00	-84.78	0.00	0		0.000[YU199]
32	1.000	8	1.000	3	-4.000	1	8.000	2 8.
ZRO2(am)	2		0.00	-8.00	0.000	0		0.000[YU199]
33	1.000	3	-2.000					
NB205	2		0.00	-16.00	0.00	0		[LOTHE99]
41	2.000	3	-5.000					

TC(CR)	4		0.00	-23.94	0.00	0			0.000[PHIL88]
24	1.000	3		-1.000	1	2.000	2	4.000	
TC(OH)2	3		2.00	-21.63	0.00	0			0.000[PHIL88]
24	1.000	3		1.000	2	2.000			
TC(OH)3(C)	4		3.00	-14.63	0.00	0			0.000[NEA89]
24	1.000	3		2.000	1	-1.000	2	1.000	
TCO2.2H2	3		4.00	-4.23	0.00	0			0.000[NEA89]
24	1.000	3		3.000	1	-2.000			
TCO2(C)	3		4.00	-19.76	0.00	0			0.000[PHIL88]
24	1.000	3		1.000	1	-2.000			
TCO3(C)	4		6.00	19.96	0.00	0			0.000[NEA89]
24	1.000	3		2.000	1	-4.000	2	-2.000	
NATCO4(C)	5		7.00	35.54	0.00	0			0.000[NEA89]
6	1.000	24		1.000	3	3.000	1	-6.000	2
TC207(C)	4		14.00	13.11	0.00	0			0.000[NEA89]
24	2.000	3		5.000	1	-10.000	2	-6.00	
PERTECHN	4		7.00	38.97	0.00	0			0.000[NEA89]
24	1.000	3		3.000	1	-5.000	2	-3.000	
TC304(S)	4		8.00	-56.89	0.00	0			0.000[NEA89]
24	3.000	3		1.000	1	-2.000	2	4.000	
TC407(S)	4		14.00	-36.79	0.00	0			0.000[NEA89]
24	4.000	3		3.000	1	-6.000	2	2.000	
PD(CR)	2		0.00	-32.90	0.00	0			0.000[LOTHE99]
42	1.000	2		2.000					
SN(CR)	4		-4.00	-0.77	0.000	0			0.000[LOTHE99]
34	1.000	1		4.000	3	-4.000	2	4.000	
SNOH2(S)	4		-2.00	-2.58	0.000	0			0.000[LOTHE99]
34	1.000	1		2.000	3	-2.000	2	2.000	
SNO(CR)	4		-2.00	-2.99	0.000	0			0.000[LOTHE99]
34	1.000	1		2.000	3	-3.000	2	2.000	
SNOHCL(S)	5		-2.00	-7.82	0.000	0			0.000[LOTHE99]
34	1.000	1		3.000	3	-3.000	14	1.000	2
SNO2(AM)	2		0.00	-7.46	0.000	0			0.000[LOTHE99]
34	1.000	3		-2.000					
SNO2(CAS)	2		0.00	-8	0.000	0			0.000[LOTHE99]
34	1.000	3		-2.000					
SM(OH)3A	3		0.00	17.006	0.000	0			0.000[YU199]
35	1.000	3		3.000	1	-3.000			
SM(OH)3C	3		0.00	15.206	0.000	0			0.000[YU199]
35	1.000	3		3.000	1	-3.000			
SMOHC03	4		4.00	-7.200	0.000	0			0.000[YU199]
35	1.000	3		1.000	1	-1.000	15	1.000	
SMP04(A)	2		0.00	-24.79	0.000	0			0.000[YU199]
35	1.000	19		1.000					
SM2(CO3)	2		12.00	-33.40	0.000	0			0.000[YU199]
35	2.000	15		3.000					
SB(CR)	4		0.00	-11.99	0.00	0			[LOTHE99]
46	1.000	3		-3.000	1	3.000	2	3.000	
VALENTIN	2		6.00	-8.72	0.00	0			[LOTHE99]
46	2.000	3		-3.000					
STIBNITE	5		0.00	-156.219	0.00	0			[LOTHE99]
46	2.000	16		3.000	3	-18.000	1	30.000	2
SB205	4		2.00	36.28					24.000
46	2.000	3		-1.000	1	4.000	2	4.000	[LOTHE99]
CS(CR)	2		-1.00	51.06	0.00	0			0.000[NEA95]
30	1.000	2		1.000					
CS(G)	2		-1.00	59.74	0.00	0			0.000[NEA95]
30	1.000	2		1.000					
CSN03	2		5.00	-0.41	0.000	0			0.000[CROSS87]
30	1.000	17		1.000					
CS20	3		0.00	89.89	0.00	0			[PHIL88]
30	2.000	3		1.000	1	-2.000			
CSOH	3		0.00	27.42	0.00	0			[PHIL88]
30	1.000	3		1.000	1	-1.000			
CS2S04	2		6.00	0.87	0.00	0			[PHIL88]
30	2.000	16		1.000					
CS2CO3	2		4.00	10.07	0.00	0			[PHIL88]
30	2.000	15		1.000					
CS2U04(C)	5		6.00	44.84	0.00	0			0.000[NEA95]
25	1.000	30		2.000	3	4.000	1	-8.000	2
CS2U207(C)	5		12.00	49.01	0.00	0			0.000[NEA95]
25	2.000	30		2.000	3	7.000	1	-14.000	2
CS2U4012	5		22.00	52.03	0.00	0			0.000[NEA95]
25	4.000	30		2.000	3	12.000	1	-24.000	2
PB(CR)	2		0.00	4.25	0.000	0			0.000[LOTHE99]
36	1.000	2		2.000					
PB0(RED)	3		2.00	12.68	0.000	0			0.000[LOTHE99]



36	1.000	3	1.000	1	-2.000			
PBO(YELL	3		2.00	12.96	0.000	0		0.000[LOTHE99]
36	1.000	3	1.000	1	-2.000			
PB(OH)2	3		2.00	13.05	0.000	0		0.000[LOTHE99]
36	1.000	3	2.000	1	-2.000			
PBS04(S)	2		8.00	-7.81	0.000	0		0.000[LOTHE99]
36	1.000	16	1.000					
PBCL2(S)	2		2.00	-4.81	0.000	0		0.000[LOTHE99]
36	1.000	14	2.000					
PBOHCL(S)	4		2.00	0.62	0.000	0		0.000[LOTHE99]
36	1.000	14	1.000	3	1.000	1	-1.000	
PBF2(S)	2		2.00	-7.52	0.000	0		0.000[LOTHE99]
36	1.000	20	2.000					
PBFCL(S)	3		2.00	-8.82	0.000	0		0.000[LOTHE99]
36	1.000	20	1.000	14	1.000			
PBC03(S)	2		6.00	-13.23	0.000	0		0.000[LOTHE99]
36	1.000	15	1.000					
PB3(C03	4		14.00	-17.64	0.000	0		0.000[LOTHE99]
36	3.000	15	2.000	3	2.000	1	-2.000	
PB10(CO	4		44.00	-41.21	0.000	0		0.000[LOTHE99]
36	10.000	15	6.000	3	7.000	1	-8.000	
PBOHN03	4		7.00	2.94	0.000	0		0.000[LOTHE99]
36	1.000	17	1.000	3	1.000	1	-1.000	
PBHPO4(S)	3		2.00	-23.78	0.000	0		0.000[LOTHE99]
36	1.000	19	1.000	1	1.000			
PB(H2PO4	3		2.00	-48.94	0.000	0		0.000[LOTHE99]
36	1.000	19	2.000	1	4.000			
PB3PO42	2		6.00	-44.40	0.000	0		0.000[LOTHE99]
36	3.000	19	2.000					
PB4PO420	4		8.00	-37.09	0.000	0		0.000[LOTHE99]
36	4.000	19	2.000	1	-2.000	3	1.000	
PB5PO430	4		10.00	-62.80	0.000	0		0.000[LOTHE99]
36	5.000	19	3.000	1	-1.000	3	1.000	
PB5PO43C	3		10.00	-84.40	0.000	0		0.000[LOTHE99]
36	5.000	19	3.000	14	1.000			
PB5PO43F	3		10.00	-71.60	0.000	0		0.000[LOTHE99]
36	5.000	19	3.000	20	1.000			
PBS(S)	5		0.00	-45.863	0.000	0		0.000[LOTHE99]
36	1.000	16	1.000	1	8.000	2	8.000	3
PB02(S)	4		4.00	48.98	0.000	0		0.000[LOTHE99]
36	1.000	3	2.000	1	-4.000	2	-2.000	
PB304(S)	4		8.00	70.98	0.000	0		0.000[LOTHE99]
36	3.000	3	4.000	1	-8.000	2	-2.000	
BI(CR	2		-3.00	-16.74	0.00	0		[LOTHE99]
47	1.000	2	3.000					
BI203	3		0.00	0.76	0.00	0		[LOTHE99]
47	2.000	3	3.000	1	-6.000			
BI0GL(S)	4		0.00	-8.47	0.00	0		[LOTHE99]
47	1.000	3	1.000	1	-2.000	14	1.000	
(B10)2CO	4		4.00	-14.27	0.00	0		[LOTHE99]
47	2.000	3	2.000	1	-4.000	15	1.000	
(B10)40H	4		4.00	-8.68	0.00	0		[LOTHE99]
47	4.000	3	6.000	1	-10.000	15	1.000	
BION03(S)	4		5.00	-2.75	0.00	0		[LOTHE99]
47	1.000	3	1.000	1	-2.000	17	1.000	
PO(OH)4	3		4.00	19.52	0.00	0		[NBS82]
48	1.000	3	4.000	1	-4.000			
RAS04	2		6.00	-10.40	0.000	0		0.000[CROSS87]
37	1.000	16	1.000					
RAC03	2		4.00	-7.00	0.000	0		0.000[CROSS87]
37	1.000	15	1.000					
AC(OH)3A	3		0.00	17.006	0.000	0		0.000[YU199]
49	1.000	3	3.000	1	-3.000			
AC(OH)3C	3		0.00	15.206	0.000	0		0.000[YU199]
49	1.000	3	3.000	1	-3.000			
AC0HC03	4		4.00	-7.200	0.000	0		0.000[YU199]
49	1.000	3	1.000	1	-1.000	15	1.000	
ACPO4(A)	2		0.00	-24.79	0.000	0		0.000[YU199]
49	1.000	19	1.000					
AC2(C03)	2		12.00	-33.40	0.000	0		0.000[YU199]
49	2.000	15	3.000					
THO2(AM)	3		0.00	10.500	0.000	0		0.000[FELM91]
38	1.000	3	2.000	1	-4.000			
THO2(CR)	3		0.00	1.800	0.000	0		0.000[RAI 87]
38	1.000	3	2.000	1	-4.000			
THF4NAFH	4		0.00	-34.13	0.000	0		0.000[FELM93]
38	1.000	3	1.000	6	1.000	20	5.000	

THF4.H2O	3		0.00	-29.01	0.000	0		0.000[FELM93]
38	1.000	3	1.000	20	4.000			
THF4NH4F	3		-3.00	-33.990	0.000	0		0.000[FELM93]
38	1.000	148	1.000	20	5.000			
PAO2	3		4.00	0.60	0.000	0		0.000[BAES 76]
39	1.000	3	2.000	1	-4.000			
PACL4	2		4.00	24.01	0.000	0		0.000[SHIB98A]
39	1.000	14	4.000					
PA205	4		10.00	-8.72	0.000	0		0.000[SHIB98A]
39	2.000	3	5.000	2	-2.000	1	-10.000	
PACL5	3		5.00	32.85	0.000	0		0.000[SHIB98A]
39	1.000	14	5.000	2	-1.000			
UO2(AM)	3		4.00	2.56	0.00	0		0.000[RAI 97]
1	-4.000	3	2.000	25	1.000			
UO3(ALPH)	4		6.00	17.67	0.00	0		0.000[NEA92]
25	1.000	3	3.000	1	-6.000	2	-2.000	
UO3(BETA)	4		6.00	17.34	0.00	0		0.000[NEA92]
25	1.000	3	3.000	1	-6.000	2	-2.000	
UO3(GAMM)	4		6.00	16.74	0.00	0		0.000[NEA92]
25	1.000	3	3.000	1	-6.000	2	-2.000	
UO3.O.9H	4		6.00	14.04	0.00	0		0.000[NEA92]
25	1.000	3	3.900	1	-6.000	2	-2.000	
UO3.2H2O	4		6.00	13.85	0.00	0		0.000[NEA92]
25	1.000	3	5.000	1	-6.000	2	-2.000	
UF6(CR)	3		6.00	26.24	0.00	0		0.000[NEA92]
20	6.000	25	1.000	2	-2.000			
UO2(103)	5		16.00	224.29	0.00	0		0.000[NEA92]
23	2.000	25	1.000	3	8.000	1	-16.000	2 -14.000
UO2SO4.2	5		12.00	7.449	0.00	0		0.000[NEA92]
16	1.000	25	1.000	3	4.500	1	-4.000	2 -2.000
UO2SO4.3	5		12.00	7.453	0.0	0		0.000[NEA92]
16	1.000	25	1.000	3	5.500	1	-4.000	2 -2.000
NA4UO2(C	6		18.00	-17.90	0.00	0		0.000[NEA92]
6	4.000	15	3.000	25	1.000	3	2.000	1 -4.000
2	-2.000							
UO2(OH)2	4		6.00	13.97	0.00	0		0.000[NEA92]
25	1.000	3	4.000	1	-6.000	2	-2.000	
UO2CO3(C	5		10.00	-5.43	-148.44	0		0.000[92GRE/FU
15	1.000	25	1.000	3	2.000	1	-4.000	2 -2.000
NP(OH)3	4		3.00	15.93	0.000	0		0.000[CROSS87]
40	1.000	3	3.000	1	-3.000	2	1.000	
NPO2(AM)	3		4.00	1.51	0.000	0		0.000[RAI 87]
40	1.000	1	-4.000	3	2.000			
NPO2OH(A	4		5.00	16.13	0.000	0		0.000[SHIB98B]
40	1.000	3	3.000	1	-5.000	2	-1.000	
NANPO2C	6		9.00	-0.11	0.000	0		0.000[SHIB98B]
40	1.000	3	2.000	1	-4.000	2	-1.000	15 1.000
6	1.000							
NA3NPO2	6		13.00	-3.41	0.000	0		0.000[SHIB98B]
40	1.000	3	2.000	1	-4.000	2	-1.000	15 2.000
6	3.000							
PU(OH)3A	4		3.00	-0.004	0.000	0		0.000[YU199]
29	1.000	3	3.000	1	-3.000	2	1.000	
PUOHC03	5		7.00	-24.21	0.000	0		0.000[YU199]
29	1.000	3	1.000	1	-1.000	15	1.000	2 1.000
PU(OH)3C	4		3.00	-1.804	0.000	0		0.000[YU199]
29	1.000	3	3.000	1	-3.000	2	1.000	
PU2(CO3)	3		18.00	-67.42	0.000	0		0.000[YU199]
29	2.000	15	3.000	2	2.000			
PUP04(A)	3		3.00	-41.80	0.000	0		0.000[YU199]
29	1.000	19	1.000	2	1.000			
PUO2(AM)	3		4.00	-0.85	0.00	0		0.000[RAI 84]
29	1.000	3	2.000	1	-4.000			
PUO2OH	4		5.00	23.43	0.00	0		0.000[SHIB98C]
29	1.000	3	3.000	2	-1.000	1	-5.000	
PUO2OH2	4		6.00	39.16	0.00	0		0.000[L IERS86]
29	1.000	3	4.000	2	-2.000	1	-6.000	
PUO2CO3	5		10.00	19.91	0.00	0		0.000[PASHA97]
29	1.000	3	2.000	15	1.000	1	-4.000	2 -2.000
AM(OH)3A	3		3.00	17.00	0.000	0		0.000[NEA95]
28	1.000	3	3.000	1	-3.000			
AM(OH)3C	3		3.00	15.206	0.000	0		0.000[NEA95]
28	1.000	3	3.000	1	-3.000			
AM2(CO3)	2		18.00	-33.40	0.000	0		0.000[NEA95]
28	2.000	15	3.000					
AMOHCO3	4		7.00	-7.20	0.000	0		0.000[NEA95]
28	1.000	3	1.000	1	-1.000	15	1.000	

AMPO4(A)	2		3.00	-24.79	0.000	0		0.000[NEA95]
28	1.000	19	1.000					
CM(OH)3A	3		3.00	17.006	0.000	0		0.000[YU199]
50	1.000	3	3.000	1	-3.000			
CM(OH)3C	3		3.00	15.206	0.000	0		0.000[YU199]
50	1.000	3	3.000	1	-3.000			
CMOHC03	4		7.00	-7.200	0.000	0		0.000[YU199]
50	1.000	3	1.000	1	-1.000	15	1.000	
CMP04(A)	2		3.00	-24.79	0.000	0		0.000[YU199]
50	1.000	19	1.000					
CM2(C03)	2		18.00	-33.40	0.000	0		0.000[YU199]
50	2.000	15	3.000					

END

1: Ni	→	300						
2: Se	→	400						
3: Zr	→	500						
4: Nb	→	600						
5: Tc	→	700						
6: Pd	→	800						
7: Sn	→	900	(Sn(II)→900, SN(IV)→950)					
8: Sb	→	1000	(Sb(III)→1000, Sb(V)→1050)					
9: Cs	→	1100						
10: Nd	→	1200						
11: Sm	→	1300						
12: Pb	→	1400						
13: Bi	→	1500						
14: Po	→	1600						
15: Ra	→	1700						
16: Ac	→	1800						
17: Th	→	1900						
18: Pa	→	2000						
19: U	→	2100	(U(III)→2100, U(IV)→2130, U(V)→2160, U(VI)→2190, U(?)→2240)					
20: Np	→	2300	(NP(III)→2300, NP(IV)→2330, NP(V)→2360, NP(VI)→2390)					
21: Pu	→	2500	(Pu(III)→2500, Pu(IV)→2530, Pu(V)→2560, Pu(VI)→2590)					
22: Am	→	2700	(Am(III)→2700, Am(IV)→2730, Am(V)→2760, Am(VI)→2790)					
23: Cm	→	2900						

## (REFERENCE LIST)

[ALLAR83]

Allard, B. (1983): Actinide Solution Equilibria and Solubilities in Geologic Systems, Report TR-83-35, SKBF/KBS, Stockholm, Sweden, 48.

[BAES 76]

Baes, C. F. and Mesmer, R. E. (1976): The Hydrolysis of Cation, Wiley and Sons, New York.

[BAEYE89]

Baeyens, B., and McKinley, I. G. (1998): A PHREEQE Database for Pd, Ni, and Se, Nagra Technical Report 88-28.

[BENNE92]

Bennett, D. A., Hoffman, D., Nitsche, H., Russo, R. E., Torres, R. A., Baisdan, P. A., Andrews, J. E., Palmer, C. E. A., and Silva, R. J. (1992): Hydrolysis and Carbonate Complexation of Dioxoplutonium(V), Radiochimica Acta 56, 15-19.

[BERNER98]

Berner, U. (1998): private communication.

[CHOP199]

Choppin, G. R., Brounikowski, M., Chen, J., Byegard, J., Rai, D. and Yui, M. (1999): Thermodynamic Data for Predicting Concentrations of AnO<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup> and AnO<sub>2</sub><sup>+2</sup> Species in Geologic Environments, JNC Technical Report JNC TN8400 99-012.

[CROSS87]

Gross, J. E., Ewart, F. T., and Tweed, C. J. (1987): Thermodynamic Modelling with Application to Nuclear Waste Processing and Disposal, AERE-R 12324.

[FELM91]

Felmy, A. R., Rai, D., and Mason, M. J. (1991): The solubility of Hydrous Thorium(IV) Oxide in chloride Media: Development of an Aqueous Ion-Interaction Model., Radiochim. Acta 55, 177-185.

[FELM92]

Felmy, A. R., and Rai, D. (1992): An Aqueous Thermodynamic Model for a High Valence 4: 2 Electrolyte Th<sup>+4</sup> - SO<sub>4</sub><sup>-2</sup> in the System Na<sup>+1</sup> - K<sup>+1</sup> - Li<sup>+1</sup> - NH<sub>4</sub><sup>+1</sup> - SO<sub>4</sub><sup>-2</sup> - HS<sub>04</sub><sup>-1</sup> - H<sub>2</sub>O to High Concentration, J. Sol. Chem. Vol.21, 407-423

[FELM93]

Felmy, A. R., Rai, D., and Mason, M. J. (1993): Solid Phase Precipitates and Anionic Aqueous Thorium Fluoride Complexes in the Na-NH<sub>4</sub>-Th-F-H<sub>2</sub>O System to High Concentration, Radiochim. Acta Vol.62, 133-139.

[FELM97]

- Felmy, A. R., Rai, D., Stemer, S. M., Mason, M. J., Hess, N. J., and Conradson, S. D. (1997): Thermodynamic Models for Highly Charged Aqueous Species: Solubility of Th(IV) Hydrated Oxide in Concentrated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> and Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> Solutions., *J. Solution Chemistry*, Vol.26, 233-248.  
[FUGER76]
- Fuger, J., and Oetting, F. L. (1976): The Chemical Thermodynamics of Actinide Elements and Compounds Part 2, The Actinide Aqueous Ions. International Atomic Energy Agency, Vienna, Austria.  
[FUGER92]
- Fuger, J., Khodakovskiy, I. L., Sergeyeva, E. I., Medvedev, V. A., and Navratil, J. D. (1992): The Chemical Thermodynamics of Actinide Elements and Compounds: Part 12. The Actinide Aqueous Inorganic Complexes., International Atomic Energy Agency, Vienna, Austria.  
[LIERS86]
- Lierse, C., and Kim, J. I. (1986): Chemisches Verhalten von Plutonium in Natürlichen Aquatischen System in: Hydrolyse, Carbonatkomplexierung und Redoxreaktionen, Report RCM-02286, Inst. fuer Radiochemie, Technischen Universitaet Muenchen, 234 (in German).  
[LLNL83]
- Wolery, T.J. (1983): EQ3NR A Computer Program for Geochemical Aqueous Speciation-Solubility Calculations : User's Guide and Documentation. Livermore, CA, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, UCRL 53414, 191p.  
[LOTHE99]
- Lothenbach, B., Ochs, M., Wanner, H. and Yui, M. (1999): Thermodynamic Data for the Solubility and Speciation of Sn, Sb, Bi, Nb, and Pd in Aqueous Solution, JNC Technical Report (in preparation).  
[NBS82]
- Wagman, D.D., Evans, W.H., Parker, V.B., Schumm, R.H., Halow, I., Bailey, S.M., Churney, K.L. and Nuttall, R.L. (1982); The NBS Tables of Chemical Thermodynamic Properties : Selected Values for Inorganic and C1 and C2 Organic Substances in SI Units. *Journal of Physical and Chemical Reference Data*, Vol.11, Supplement No.2, 392p.  
[NEA85]
- Muller, A.B. (1985); NEA Compilation of Chemical Thermodynamic Data for Minerals Associated with Granite, OECD/NEA, RWN-5 NEA Report.  
[NEA89]
- OECD/NEA (1989): Chemical Thermodynamics of Technetium, Preliminary draft of January 1989, OECD Nuclear Energy Agency, Data Bank, Gif-sur-Yvette, France.  
[NEA92]
- Grenthe, I., Fuger, J., Konings, R. J. M., Lemire, R. J., Muller, A. B., Nguyen-Trung, C., and Wanner, H. 1992. The Chemical Thermodynamics of Uranium, OECD Nuclear Energy Agency, Amsterdam: North-Holland.  
[NEA95]
- Silva, R. J., Bidoglio, G., Rand, M. H., Robouch, P. B., Wanner, H. and Puigdomenech, I. (1995). *Chemical Thermodynamics of Americium*, OECD/NEA, Elsevier.  
[NECK95]
- Neck, V., Runde, W., and Kim, J. I. (1995): Solid-Liquid equilibria of Neptunium(V) in carbonate solutions of different ionic strengths: II. Stability of the solid phases., *J. of alloys and compounds* 225:295-302.  
ORIGINAL
- PHREEQE original database
- Parkhurst, D.L., Thorstensen, D.C. and Plummer, L.H. (1980); PHREEQE -A Computer Program for Geochemical Calculations, U.S. Geological Survey, Water-Resources Investigations 80-96  
[OSTH94]
- Osthois, E., Bruno, J., and Grenthe, I. (1994): On the Influence of Carbonate on Mineral Dissolution: III. The Solubility of Microcrystalline ThO<sub>2</sub> in CO<sub>2</sub>-H<sub>2</sub>O Media, *Geochim Cosmochim. Acta* Vol.58, 613-623.  
[PASHA97]
- Pashaliddis, I., Czerwinski, K. R., Fanghanel, T. and Kim, J. I. (1997): Solid-Liquid Phase Equilibria of Pu(VI) and U(VI) in Aqueous Carbonate Systems Determination of Stability Constants, *Radiochim. Acta* 76, 55-62.  
[PHIL88]
- Phillips, S.L., Hale, F.V., Silvester, L.F. and Siegel, M.D. (1988); Thermodynamic Tables for Nuclear Waste Isolation Aqueous Solutions Database, NUREG/CR-4864, LBL-22860, SAND87-0323  
[RAI 84]
- Rai, D. (1984): Solubility Product of Pu(IV) Hydrated Oxide and Equilibrium Constants of Pu(IV)/Pu(V), Pu(IV)/Pu(VI), and Pu(V)/Pu(VI) Couples., *Radiochim. Acta* 35, 97-106.  
[RAI 85]
- Rai, D., and Ryan, J. L. (1985): Neptunium(IV) Hydrated Oxide Solubility Under Reducing and Carbonate Conditions, *Inorg. Chem.*, 24, 247-251.  
[RAI 87]
- Rai, D., Swanson, J. L., and Ryan, J. L. (1987): Solubility of NpO<sub>2</sub>.xH<sub>2</sub>O(am) in the Presence of Cu(I)/Cu(II) Redox Buffer, *Radiochimica Acta*, 42, 35-41.

- [RAI 90]  
Rai, D., Felmy, A. R., and Fluton, R. W. (1990): Uranium(IV) Hydrolysis Constants and Solubility Product of  $UO_2 \cdot H_2O(am)$ , *Inorg. Chem.* 29, 260-264.
- [RAI 97]  
Rai, D., Felmy, A. R., and Ryan, J. L. (1997): The Solubility of Th(IV) and U(IV) Hydrated Oxide in Concentrated NaCl and MgCl<sub>2</sub> Solutions, *Radiochim. Acta* Vol.79, 239-249.
- [RAI 98]  
Rai, D., Felmy, A. R., Hess, N., Moore, D. A. and Yui, M. (1998): A Thermodynamic Model for the Solubility  $UO_2(am)$  in the Aqueous  $K^+ - Na^+ - HCO_3^- - CO_3^{2-} - OH^- - H_2O$  System, *Radiochim. Acta*, Vol.82, 17-25.
- [RAI99A]  
Rai, D., Rao, L. Wegner, H. T. Felmy, A. R., Choppin, G. R. and Yui, M. (1999a): Thermodynamic Data for Predicting Concentrations of Pu(III), Am(III), and Cm(III) in Geologic Environments, JNC Technical Report, JNC TN8400 99-009.
- [RAI99B]  
Rai, D., Rao, L. Wegner, H. T. Felmy, A. R., Choppin, G. R. and Yui, M. (1999b): Thermodynamic Data for Predicting Concentrations of Th(IV), U(IV), Np(IV) and Pu(IV) in Geologic Environments, JNC Technical Report JNC TN8400 99-010.
- [RAI 99C]  
Rai, D., Hess, N. J., Felmy, A. R., Moore, D. A., and Yui, M. (1999c): A Thermodynamic Model for the Solubility of  $PuO_2(am)$  in the Aqueous  $K^+ - HCO_3^- - CO_3^{2-} - OH^- - H_2O$  System, *Radiochimica Acta* (submitted).
- [RAI 99D]  
Rai, D., Hess, N. J., Felmy, A. R., Moore, D. A., and Yui, M. (1999): A Thermodynamic Model for the Solubility of  $NpO_2(am)$  in the Aqueous  $K^+ - HCO_3^- - CO_3^{2-} - OH^- - H_2O$  System, *Radiochimica Acta* (submitted).
- [RYAN87]  
Ryan, J. L., and Rai, D. (1987): Thorium(IV) Hydrated Oxide Solubility, *Inorg. Chem.* Vol.26, 4140-4142.
- [SHIB96A]  
Shibutani, S. (1996a): Solubility Measurement of Trivalent Lanthanide for Performance Assessment, PNC Technical Review No.97, p.67-75 (in Japanese)
- [SHIB96B]  
Shibutani, S. (1996b): Developments of Thermodynamic Database of Ni for Performance Assessment of Geological Disposal System of High Level Radioactive Waste, PNC Technical Report PNC TN8410 96-257 (in Japanese)
- [SHIB98A]  
Shibutani, T. and Shibutani, S. (1998): Database Development of Chemical Thermodynamics of Protactinium for Performance Assessment of HLW Geological Disposal System, PNC Technical Report PNC TN8410 98-052.
- [SHIB98B]  
Shibutani, S., Ueta, S. and Yui, M. (1998): Development of Thermodynamic Database of Np for Performance Assessment of Geological Disposal System of High Level Radioactive Waste, PNC Technical Report PNC TN8410 98-035 (in Japanese).
- [SHIB98C]  
Shibutani, T. and Shibutani, S. (1998): Database Development of Chemical Thermodynamics of Plutonium for Performance Assessment of HLW Geological Disposal System, PNC Technical Report PNC TN8410 98-082 (in Japanese).
- [Xia 99]  
Xia, Y., Rao, L., Rai, D. and Felmy, A. R. (1999): Solvent Extraction Study of Np(IV) Sulfate Complexation in  $Na^+ - Np^{4+} - OH^- - SO_4^{2-} - HSO_4^- - ClO_4^-$  and  $Na^+ - Np^{4+} - OH^- - SO_4^{2-} - HSO_4^- - Cl^-$  Systems, *Radiochimica Acta* (submitted).
- [YAJ195]  
Yajima, T., Kawamura, T., and Ueta, S. (1995): Uranium(IV) Solubility and Hydrolysis Constants under Reduced Conditions, *Mat. Res. Soc. Symp. Proc.* 353, 1137-1142.
- [YAMA94]  
Yamaguchi, T., Sakamoto, Y., and Ohnuki, T. (1994): Effect of the Complexation on Solubility of Pu(IV) in Aqueous Carbonate System, *Radiochimica Acta* 66/67, 4-14
- [YUI99]  
Yui, M., Azuma, J. and Shibata, M. (1999): JNC Thermodynamic Database for Performance Assessment of High-level Radioactive Wastes Disposal System, JNC Technical Report (in preparation).